Face to Face With Death in a Lake Storm

Thrilling tales of two surviving ship's captains in tomorrow's

Big Sunday Post-Dispatch

Real thrillers and where to see them in the Moving Picture Column on the First Want Page Sunday.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With Associated Press News Service

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NIGHT EDITION

FINANCIAL—MARKETS—SPORTS

MUNICIPAL VOTERS LEAGUE'S LIST OF INDORSEMENTS OUT

Seebert G. Jones Included in Its Recommendations of Candidates to Be Defeated.

HAWES NOT RECOMMENDED

Others Are Judge Clark, F. B. Warner, V. W. Garesche and F. M. Slater.

The Municipal Voters' League, following its custom at each election, today made public its list of recommendations for local and legislative offices to be filled by St. Louis voters at Tuesday's election. No recommendation is made as to candidates for Governor and other State offices or for Congress, but the St. Louis candidates for the State Senate and House of Representatives are discussed.

The league particularly recommends the defeat of Seebert G. Jones, Republican nominee for Circuit Attorney; Judge Benjamin F. Clark, Democratic candidate for re-election to the Court of Criminal Correction; Frank B. Warner, Republican nominee for the Senate in the Twenty-ninth District; Vital W. Garesche, one of the Republican nominees for Circuit Judge, and Frank M. Slater, Republican nominee for Public Administrator.

Reason for Opposition.

The record and affiliations of each of these candidates is given as a reason for opposing him, and the election of his principal opponent is recommended.

The league is declared to be an "organization, the sole purpose of which is to aid in the nomination and election of competent and honest officials, regardless of their religious views or political affiliations." The recommendations are made by the Executive Committee, consisting of Frank P. Crunden, Ernest W. Stix, J. M. Wulfing, Flint Garrison, Joseph Hartnett, Charles J. Fox, Edward A. Gessler, Leslie Lieber, F. E. Nulsen and Benjamin A. Wood.

This organization is not to be confused with the so-called Independent Voters' League, which undertakes to prevent the election of members of the Roman Catholic Church to public office.

The league withholds its indorsement from Harry B. Hawes, Democratic nominee for the lower house of the Legislature from the Third District. It states that, while Hawes was president of the Police Board, under the Stephens and Dockery administrations, "the police failed to interfere with or prevent gross election frauds, violence and acts of interference with reputable citizens attempting to cast their votes peacefully." Although three members are to be elected in this district, only one candidate, Louis A. Lange, a Republican, is recommended by the league.

Hawes' work as an advocate of good roads, and his active support of the St. Louis County $3,000,000 bridge and road bond issue, are mentioned in the report, together with the statement that he is the personal attorney of August A. Busch.

The recommendations of the Bar Association as to Circuit Judges are followed. In the recommendation of Garesche's defeat, it is stated that he is "thoroughly unqualified by temperament for Circuit Judge," and that on his record he should be defeated. The legal record of a transaction in which he acted as an attorney, in resisting bankruptcy proceedings for the Ohio Cigar Co., is mentioned. It is stated that Garesche caused $1551.85 of the company's funds to be paid to himself and an associate for services, costs and expenses, and that $851.85 of this was recovered by a legal proceeding by the trustee in bankruptcy.

Among the other candidates for Circuit Judge, who are not specifically recommended, no objection is indicated, except that the words "Not recommended" follow the paragraph relating to Victor H. Falkenhainer, Republican.

Men Not Recommended.

Candidates for the State House of Representatives of whom the words "Not recommended" are used, are Louis A. Trieselier, R., in the Second District; Samuel A. Bender, R., John P. Conno, D., and John Moroney, D., in the Third; Dr. Heine Marks, R., in the Fourth; George W. Horner, R., in the Fifth; and R. C. Marpole and Charles S. Thompson, Democrats, in the Sixth. Of Moroney, who has served three terms in the House, it is stated that "he should be defeated on his general reputation and his record."

The recommendation for Judge Clark's defeat is as follows:

"During the calendar year of 1915, 240 disorderly women appealed from convictions in the city courts to the Court of Criminal correction (Division No. 2, presided over by Judge Clark). Of this number only 16 were punished, 35 were dismissed without trial, 134 were discharged after trial and 55 had their fines stayed during good behavior, upon parole, or payment of costs.

"Judge Clark has been a frequenter of saloons during his term of office. In the case of State vs. August H. Kuhs, a member of the Board of Education, charged with securing a secret profit of $11,000 in the sale of a school site to the Board of Education, Judge Clark discharged Kuhs at the close of all the testimony on the ground of insufficient evidence. Kuhs was later ousted from his office in civil proceedings before Judge Shields and decreed to pay over to the School Board $11,000 profit (the amount which the board

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

Recommendations Made by Municipal Voters League

CIRCUIT ATTORNEY.
Lawrence McDaniel, D.
(Scratch Seebert G. Jones, R.)

JUDGE COURT CRIMINAL CORRECTION.
Chauncey J. Krueger, R.
(Scratch Judge B. F. Clark, D.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.
James P. Newell, D.
(Scratch Frank M. Slater, R.)

SHERIFF.
(Both recommended).
Joseph Dickmann, D., or George P. Weinbrenner, R.

COLLECTOR.
(Both recommended).
H. C. Menne D., or Edmond Koeln, R.

CIRCUIT CLERK.
James Hagerman Jr., D.

CORONER.
Dr. Rudolph S. Vitt, R.

PRESIDENT BOARD OF ALDERMEN
No recommendation.

JUDGES CIRCUIT COURT.
Leo S. Rassieur, R.
Manton Davis, D.
Joseph S. McIntyre, D.
Hickman P. Rodgers, D.
Wilson A. Taylor, R.
Walter N. Davis, D.
Franklin Miller, D.

STATE SENATOR—TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.
George Korte, D.
(Scratch Frank B. Warner, R.)

STATE SENATOR — THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.
No recommendation.

STATE SENATOR—THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.
Frank O. Bittner, R.

STATE REPRESENTATIVES—FIRST DISTRICT.
(Three to elect.)
A. J. Laux, R.
John L. Schroeer, D.
Thomas J. Schueddig, R.

STATE REPRESENTATIVES — SECOND DISTRICT.
(Three to elect.)
Aug. M. Brinkman, R.
Emil J. Dieny, D.
O. C. Backof, D.

STATE REPRESENTATIVES—THIRD DISTRICT.
(Three to elect.)
Louis A. Lange, R.

STATE REPRESENTATIVES—FOURTH DISTRICT.
(Three to elect.)
Henry Koch, R. George F. Oseik, D.

STATE REPRESENTATIVES—FIFTH DISTRICT.
(Two to elect.)
Edw. F. O'Neil, R. J. L. Powers, D.

STATE REPRESENTATIVES—SIXTH DISTRICT.
(Two to elect.)
W. J. Blease, R. J. E. Lawton, D.

SAYS SHIP FLYING FLAG OF U. S. SANK U-BOAT BY TRICK

German Admiralty Charges British Patrol Open Hidden Ports and Fired on Foe.

BERLIN, by wireless to the Associated Press via Sayville, Nov. 4.—The German Admiralty has furnished to the Associated Press correspondent the details of what is characterized as a second Baralong case. A British patrol ship, flying American colors, it is declared, after destroying submarine U-41, deliberately ran down a rowboat with the only two survivors of the undersea boat, in an endeavor to remove the only witnesses. It is alleged that England has since prevented the intended victims, who were almost miraculously saved, from communicating the news to their own Government.

The incident, according to the Admiralty, occurred Sept. 24, 1915, and has only just been learned of through an invalided prisoner transferred to Switzerland. The submarine, according to the Admiralty account, had halted in the neighborhood of the Scilly Isles for examination of a steamer under the American flag, apparently an innocent merchantman.

The steamer ostensibly prepared to lower a boat, but when the submarine had approached to within 300 yards, the supposed merchantman suddenly opened concealed ports and began firing from two cannon and also with rifles, the American flag flying the whole time, the account continues.

The submarine, irreparably damaged, went under but was able to come to the surface later, for an instant. Lieut. Crompton, severely wounded, and Petty Officer Godau, managed to crawl out through an open hatch before the submarine sank forever. The survivors ultimately managed to swim to an empty boat. The steamer observing this, according to the Admiralty details, headed full speed for the boat, not to save but to ram it, placing a lookout in the steamer's bow to facilitate accurate steering. The Germans at the last moment sprang from the boat and clung to the wreckage of it for a half hour when the steamer finally picked them up.

Lieut. Crompton, wounded, and his comrade were left without the slightest medical attention, in a small cage on the steamer's deck until her arrival at Falmouth the following day. It is declared, although the Lieutenant had a double fracture of the jawbone, a broad wound across the nose and cheek, wounds in the left temple and on the finger and an eye shot out.

It was not until Sept. 29 that the Lieutenant was transferred to a shore hospital, clad at the time only in his underclothing, being transferred on Nov. 6 to the military prison in York Castle, whence the wounded officer, whose wounds were still open and who was threatened with loss of the other eye, was sent in mid-December to Dyffryn, Wales, the account states.

Transfer to Switzerland Refused.

A British surgeon later proposed to transfer the wounded officer as totally invalided, to Switzerland, and a Swiss commission of surgeons twice voted that he be thus sent, but the British Surgeon-General, it is declared, vetoed the plan and the officer was retained in England.

An Admiralty officer, recalling the newspaper reports of some time ago that the British Government, having been forced by German retaliatory measures to abandon drastic treatment of captives from submarines, had given orders to take no submarine prisoners, but to send them to the bottom with their vessels, declared to the correspondent this case, with that of the Baralong, should be considered as furnishing all necessary proof that the undenied story regarding the Government order was true.

The submarine U-41 was commanded by Lieut. Commander Hansen.

FAIR AND COOLER TONIGHT, CLEAR SKIES TOMORROW

THE TEMPERATURES.

1 a. m.	70	10 a. m.	67
3 a. m.	69	11 a. m.	71
5 a. m.	68	12 (noon)	73
7 a. m.	68	1 p. m.	75
9 a. m.	68		

Humidity at 7 a. m. today, 66 per cent.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Generally fair weather for nearly all parts of the country on election day is predicted by the Weather Bureau. Today this special forecast was issued:

"The indications at this time are that on Tuesday, election day, moderate temperatures and generally fair weather will prevail over nearly all parts of the country. There is, however, a possibility of unsettled weather and rains in North Pacific states, the Northern Rocky Mountain region, in the extreme upper Mississippi Valley and in the region of the Great Lakes."

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Fair tonight and tomorrow; cooler tonight.

Missouri—Generally fair tonight and tomorrow; cooler tonight in north portion.

Illinois—Generally fair tonight and tomorrow; cooler tonight, except in extreme south portion.

Stage of the river: 3.9 feet; no change.

FRENCH LINER BEATS OFF U-BOAT THAT SHELLED HER

Reports That Fight Lasted Three-Quarters of an Hour at 6000-Yard Range.

TOULON, France, Nov. 4.—The French liner Doukkala reports an attack upon her by a submarine, which she beat off after a fight lasting three-quarters of an hour, conducted at a range of 6000 yards. The submarine is said to have fired seven shells.

MRS. DREXEL ENJOINS HUSBAND

He Is Attempting to Recover Money Under Separation Agreement.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel yesterday obtained an interum injunction for a fortnight in the British courts on her application to prevent her husband from serving her with papers in an action in the French courts to obtain money which the British courts recently decided belonged to her. It was stated in court that Drexel had started an action in France to fight Mrs. Drexel's claim.

Last June a London court awarded Mrs. Drexel a yearly allowance of £10,000. In 1913 the Drexels executed a separation agreement and in 1915 Mrs. Drexel sued her husband to recover money under the separation deed.

GUARANTORS FOR THE OPERA MUST MEET $12,000 LOSS

There Are 32 St. Louisans Who Will Be Assessed About $400 Each.

HIGH PAY FOR THE STARS

Attendance at Carmen and Il Trovatore Not Nearly What Management Expected.

The 32 St. Louis guarantors of the Ellis Opera Co.'s productions of Carmen and Il Trovatore at the Coliseum this week face a deficit of about $12,000 which they will be forced to meet. It is estimated that the average amount each guarantor will be out will be $400.

The Ellis company, which was composed of singers from the Metropolitan and Chicago grand opera companies, including Geraldine Farrar, Marrie Rappold, Louise Homer, Morgan Kingston, and others, demanded, it is said, a guarantee of $10,000 for each of the two performances. For the first time a special guarantee was given to cover local expenses, making a total guarantee of about $27,000, or $13,500 a performance.

The paid attendance Wednesday evening when "Carmen" was presented, was about 3700, and Thursday night, when "Il Trovatore" was sung, about 2700, a Post-Dispatch reporter learned today. The management had figured that an average attendance of 5000 each night would be necessary to meet the expenses.

Figures Kept Secret.

The exact figures on attendance and amount taken in is known only to Miss Elizabeth Cueny, secretary of the Grand Opera Committee, and one or two others. They did not care to divulge any figures, owing to the absence of B. F. Bush, the chairman, now in New York, to whom they must present their report before it is made public.

Tom Randolph, chairman of the National Bank of Commerce Board, who served as treasurer for the committee, was asked by a reporter the exact deficit. Randolph looked at the reporter a moment, then threw up his hands with a "spare me" attitude and turned to other business waiting him on his desk.

But in the absence of the correct amount it is known that this is the heaviest loss which a group of opera guarantors in St. Louis have ever had to face. The guarantee to the company for each performance was from $2900 to $3200 higher than ever before, excluding engagements of the Metropolitan of New York at the Coliseum and Robison Field, when there was no guarantee.

Guarantee Was High.

The total guarantee, including local expenses, was from $6300 to $6700 higher a performance than ever before. The total guarantee to the Ellis troupe for two performances was only $200 less than the guarantee for four performances of the Chicago Grand Opera Co., at the Coliseum in 1911; and only $1800 less than the guarantee for each of three seasons of four performances of the Chicago Grand Opera Co. at the Odeon.

The San Carlo Grand Opera Co. gave 15 performances at the Odeon in November, 1914, with Constantino and Gerville-Reache as guest artists. The total receipts were about $24,000, covering all expenses. The Boston-Pavlowa aggregation gave four performances in the Odeon in October, 1915, with a guarantee of $5000 a performance. The receipts covered all expenses.

$50,000,000 LOAN TO RUSSIA

Money to Be Used for Paying for War Munitions in U. S.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Negotiations were completed yesterday by which a syndicate headed by the National City Co., which is controlled by the National City Bank interests, for a loan of $50,000,000 to the Russian Government, the proceeds of which will be used principally for paying for war munitions. The loan will bear interest at 5½ per cent.

Associated with the National City Co. in the negotiations were J. P. Morgan & Co., the Guaranty Trust Co., Kidder, Peabody and Co. and Lee, Higginson & Co.

Your Want Ad. in the Post-Dispatch will find a tenant for that furnished room who will appreciate it.

In Tomorrow's Sunday Post-Dispatch

An Exclusive Interview With President Wilson

The President, in bold and striking phrases, gives his views on the things nearest to the heart of the American people; he discusses sharply the "great issue to be decided on Nov. 7;" he criticises the drawing of distinctions between groups and classes and indicates his great trust in the American people. These are but a few of the points in the exclusive interview with the President, which should be read by every voter.

H. G. Wells in the French War Zone

Famous novelist graphically depicts the trampling of pretty towns and fertile fields under the cruel heel of war.

What Germany Is Thinking About Peace

She is not talking about it at all, but a Post-Dispatch staff correspondent has made a digest of views expressed to him by Government officials.

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PRESIDENT MAKES FINAL SPEECH OF CAMPAIGN TODAY

Executive, Confident of Outcome, Will Address Fellow Citizens of New Jersey.

RE-ELECTION PREDICTED

Party Leaders From Various Points Telegraph That Success Grows More Certain.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Nov. 4.—President Wilson at an "old home day" celebration here today planned to close his campaign for re-election with an address to his fellow citizens of New Jersey.

Special trains were engaged to bring to Shadow Lawn residents of Jersey City, Newark, Trenton and other sections of New Jersey and the Wilson managers said many more Democrats would come by automobile. The President is to begin his speech at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

To his friends here early today the President expressed confidence over the outcome of the election Tuesday.

The attack made on the President last night by Col. Roosevelt went without official notice here today. Thus far he has mentioned neither Col. Roosevelt nor Mr. Hughes by name in any of his speeches.

John M. Parker, Progressive candidate for Vice President, telegraphed from Michigan to Mr. Wilson the following:

"Permit me to extend congratulations in advance on your re-election, which appears to be assured. The Progressives throughout the Middle and Western States are coming [illegible] to your support and the electorial landslide are approaching [illegible] ments of last concluded a three-day We have just [illegible]an, in part on a special tour of Michigan, has enabled to forecast [illegible] train and are th[illegible]avy vote here from a tremendously he[illegible] tribute to your Progressives as a [illegible] indeed, it is our splendid leadership. I base this old-candid judgment that even probably time Republican State will [illegible] favor. return its electoral vote in your [illegible] It is not too much to say it looks [illegible] way."

C. W. Watson, Democratic National Committeeman from Virginia, telegraphed to the President saying a canvass of his State showed it would go Democratic. Senator Walsh of Montana, in charge of Western Democratic headquarters at Chicago, sent a message that North and South Dakota and Illinois were sure for the President. Messages predicting victory were also received at the executive office here from Nebraska, Ohio and Wisconsin.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BETTING MOSTLY 10 TO 9 ON HUGHES

Few Small Bets Made Among St. Louis Grain Men at Even Money on Wilson.

Betting odds on the presidential election tightened in Wilson's favor on the Merchants' Exchange today. Some small wagers were made at even money, but the odds on Hughes against Wilson were mostly 10 to 9.

William T. Hill, president of the J. H. Teasdale Commission Co., bet $1100 at 10 to 9, taking the Hughes end with several grain men, the largest single bet being $100.

Carl L. Wright of the Aide Bros.-Wright Grain Co., wired commission houses in New York and Chicago offering to bet $1000 even that Wilson would poll more popular votes than Hughes. The bet was not taken.

A customer of the Wagner Grain Co. at Akron, O., wired Wilber Christian, the firm's St. Louis representative, to bet $500 against $1000 on Wilson. Christian was unable to place the wager here, in Chicago or in New York.

SAILOR WAITS 18 YEARS TO CLAIM INHERITANCE

Says He Did Not Stay in Any One Place Long Enough to Ask for Legacy.

George Weise of 417 South Second street, a former sailor and of an admitted roving disposition, today received $390.35 from the local Free Legal Aid Bureau, representing his share of the estate of an uncle who died in Adrian, Mich., 18 years ago.

Weise applied to the bureau several days ago and asked Mathew Conckling, assistant superintendent, to assist him in getting his inheritance. He explained that he had never applied for it because since the death of his uncle he had not been long enough in one place to take the time to apply for his share.

Conckling wrote to Ardian and in reply to his letter received one from E. A. Cole, present owner of the property of Weise's uncle, Edward Bauer, containing the money due Weise and a quitclaim deed to the property for the latter's signature.

MERIDIAN ROAD RACE ENDS

1600 Miles Covered by Auto Relays in 73 Hours.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 4.—The automobile relay race across the continent from Winnipeg, Man., to Galveston, approximately 1400 miles, along the Meridian highway, ended here today at 12:32 p. m. The race was started at 11 a. m. Wednesday, making a total running time of 73 hours 32 minutes.

President and Mrs. Wilson Landing in New York From the Mayflower

Copyright, 1916, by International Film Service.

The picture was made Nov. 2 as the President and Mrs. Wilson were on their way to the luncheon given by the Business Men's Wilson League. In the evening he spoke at a mass meeting in Madison Square Garden.

27 MEN ENTOMBED IN MINE BELIEVED TO HAVE PERISHED

Bodies Have Been Recovered at Two Bodies of Alabama Coal Explosion.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 4.—Eighteen white men and nine negroes of the Slosstombed in the Bessie mine [illegible] 20 miles Sheffield Steel and Iron [illegible] have lost west of here, are believed to [illegible]plosion their lives early today [illegible] an explosion said to have been caused by gas. Two bodies of unidentified negroes have been brought to the surface.

Rescue crews from Government and State mine bureaus are at work trying to reach the men. Two white men and three negroes escaped by working their way through the debris which the blast caused in the opening.

The explosion occurred below the eighth level of the mine and was of such force that the mouth was considerably damaged and a number of cars were wrecked on the mine tipple.

AVIATORS FLY ALONG ROUTE OF BOELKE FUNERAL CORTEGE

First Detailed Account of Airman's Death Given Out by Semi-Official Agency.

BERLIN, by wireless to Sayville, Nov. 4.—In its account of the funeral of Capt. Boelke the Lokal Anzeiger says that at the grave Lieutenant-Colonel Thomsen chief of the German aerial fleet, made the solemn promise in the name of his comrades and the disciples of the dead aviator, "I shall become a Boelke."

The streets of Dessau, Capt. Boelke's home town, were thronged. A squadron of aviators flew along the route of the funeral procession to the cemetery.

An eyewitness account of the death of Capt. Boelke was given out today by the Overseas News Agency, as follows:

"Capt. Boelke met with the accident in which he was killed at 5 o'clock on the afternoon of Oct. 31. He had just disabled a hostile machine in a fierce aerial combat. At the conclusion of the battle another German airplane touched Boelke's machine and part of a plane of the latter was torn off.

"Capt. Boelke descended swiftly in a narrow spiral for some distance, but when at a height of about 300 yards his machine suddenly fell. The body of the aviator was not touched by projectiles. After having defeated adversaries an accident terminated his life. He died unvanquished."

ELEVATOR GOES THROUGH ROOF

Two Men Injured in Hess & Culbertson Building.

An elevator in the Hess & Culbertson Building at Seventh and St. Charles streets crashed through the roof at noon today when the governors failed to work. Harry Bassan of 4104 Arsenal street, 50 years old, operator, and Patrick J. Ward, 31, of 1627 North Sixteenth street, an expressman, were in the elevator at the time, and both were slightly cut and bruised.

The elevator stuck in the "dog house" and the two men jumped from there to the roof.

CHILDREN PARADE IN AUTOS FOR BOND ISSUE

Machines Bear Mottoes, and Youngsters Yell School Slogans as They Pass.

School children as living exhibits [illegible]ed of enacting the proposed of the ne[illegible]ol bonds rode in 150 au-$3,000,000 scho[illegible]ucks in a parade tomobiles and tra[illegible]ght at the through the downtown dist[illegible] was noon hour today. This division [illegible] the chief one of five parades held today, the others being for pupils of North, St. Louis, Carondelet and McKinley and Cleveland High Schools and the negro schools.

The principal parade formed at Grand avenue and Lindell boulevard at 11:30 o'clock. The children taking part were pupils of the portable schools, the half-day and night schools. From the vehicles they shouted slogans, tooted horns and rang bells. The Blair and Cupples schools had drum corps on trucks, and the former bore the motto: "We are drumming up the bond issue."

Autos Bear Slogans.

Many of the automobiles had streamers bearing mottos. One delegation of 5-year-old pupils had a banner bearing the legend: "Remember the 5-year-olds!" The truck of the Bircher School bore the sign: "194 in three rooms." The Cupples School had a truck bearing a little red school house of ancient vintage, with Dr. H. H. Meyer, who designed and donated the float, in the role of a schoolmaster. On the streamer was "We want a new school."

Several of the autos bore couplets in verse, such as:

"Don't just stand and watch the parade,
Go to the polls and give us aid."

"Rah, rah, rah! Boom, boom, boom!
We are crowded, give us room."

"Give us a chance, give us a chance!
We don't want to grow up in ignorance."

Who, who, who?
You, you you!
Vote the bond issue!"

T. R. Spencer Named Marshal.

The parade was led by members of the School Board and of the Business Men's League, with T. R. Spencer, principal of the Irving School, as grand marshal. The schools represented were the Adams, Benton, Bircher, Conterbury, Devonshire, Gardenville, Gratiot, Hamilton, Harney Heights, King's Highway, Lindenwood, Long, Neosho, Penrose, Shenandoah and Stix.

Iron Flower Pot Falls on Boy.

Several boys playing on the lawn of the Washington Hotel last night climbed up on an iron flower pot, four feet high, and by their weight pulled it over. As it fell it struck John Bitz, 8 years old, 730 Aubert avenue, on the head. He was treated at his home for [illegible] wounds.

BERLIN ADMITS RUMANIAN GAIN ON NORTH BORDER

Bucharest Declares That Portion of Von Falkenhayn's Army Is in Retreat and Reports Occupation of Transylvanian Positions.

Italians Continue Drive in Costal Region and Capture 4000 More Austrians and Several Positions.

British Capture a Trench North of Somme—Heavy Fighting Reported on East Front.

BUCHAREST, Nov. 4.—The War Office announced today that Rumanian troops have advanced to the west of Buzeu stream and also at Table Butzi on the Transylvanian front. West of the Jiul the pursuit of the Austro-German forces continues. There has been a bombardment all along the Danube.

RUMANIANS TAKE HEIGHT ON BORDER

Berlin Report Also Tells of Recapture of Another Position by Austro-German Forces.

BERLIN, Nov. 4, by wireless to Sayville.—Rosca Height, southeast of Altchanz, on the Hungarian-Rumanian front, has been occupied by the Rumanians, the War Office announces.

In the region of Predeal, Austro-German forces recaptured a position from the Rumanians.

The announcement follows:

"On the northern part of the Transylvanian east front fighting was again more active but thus far without important infantry engagements. On the south front an isolated Rumanian attack was repulsed. Rosca Heights, southeast of Altschanz, has been occupied by the enemy.

"Southwest of Predeal we recaptured a Rumanian position which had been taken Nov. 2, but was lost again the following night. More than 200 prisoners fell into our hands.

"During the enterprise on the part of Austro-Hungarian motor boats against an island in the Danube southwest of Rustchuk (south of Bucharest on the Bulgarian side of the Danube) two cannon and four mine throwers were captured.

"There were no important events in Dobrudja.

"The situation on the Macedonian front is unchanged.

"Eastern front: Army group of Prince Leopold—Our successes on the left bank of the Narayuvka were increased by the storming of additional portions of the Russian main positions southwest of Folv-Krasnolesne. They were maintained against hostile attempts to reconquer them."

ITALIANS CONTINUE ATTACKS AND TAKE 4000 AUSTRIANS

Capture of Several [illegible] From Gorizia to Adriatic Reported.

ROME, Nov. 4.—Continuing their offensive against the Austro-Hungarian forces in the Carso region, the Italians yesterday advanced in the direction of the Wippach River for a distance of more than two-thirds of a mile. During the day the Italians took [illegible] prisoners.

The communication issued yesterday said:

"Julian front: From Gorizia to the sea hard fighting, which resulted in further successes along the northern brow of the Carso plateau, continued yesterday. The troops of the Eleventh Army Corps, who repulsed violent counter attacks during the night, took strong defenses on difficult ground east of Veliki Kribach and Mount Pecinka.

"After taking several trenches and clearing the enemy out of woods and caves, the Fourth and Forty-fifth divisions, in spite of an intense artillery fire and counter attacks, held the line running from Mount Faite over the heights of Point 313 to Point 230 on the Oppachiasella-Castagnavizza road, 700 meters west of the latter.

"On the remainder of the front east of Gorizia and from Hubilog to the sea, all the positions gained by our troops Nov. 1 have been maintained, notwithstanding incessant attacks, which were supported by concentrated artillery fire.

"During the day we took 3031 prisoners, including 118 officers, among them a brigade commander, a regimental commander and three field officers. Two mountain guns, numerous machine guns and large quantities of arms and ammunition and war material of all kinds also fell into our hands."

German Estimate of Allied Losses on Somme in [illegible]

BERLIN, via London, Nov. 4.—Estimates of the French-British losses during the four months' offensive on the Somme front, emanating from German general headquarters in the west give the losses in round numbers as follows: The survey places the British losses at [illegible] and those of the French at [illegible]

...timates, the survey says, are ...s moderate in view of the fact that the British casualty lists admit losses of 372,000 to the end of September. The writer claims that each square mile of territory recovered cost the allies more than 5000 men.

That the original purpose was to get through, the writer says, is shown by the prodigious scale of the preparation and the huge masses of cavalry held in readiness to begin the pursuit through the broken German lines. The writer contends that the claim of the entente allies that the plan of the offensive was not to breach the German lines but merely to relieve the pressure elsewhere by holding fast a large part of the German forces is only an afterthought invented to cover the evident failure of the offensive to reach its objective.

Russian Battleship Reported Damaged by Mine.

BERLIN, by wireless to Sayville, Nov. 4.—It is reported unofficially that the Russian battleship Sevastopol struck a mine several days ago and was badly damaged.

British Report a Small Advance on the Somme.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The British troops captured a German trench east of Gueudecourt on the Somme front Thursday night and raided German trenches near Arras, the War Office announces.

Germans Report Nine Hostile Aeroplanes Were Brought Down.

BERLIN, by wireless to Sayville, Nov. 4.—Attacks on German positions on the Somme front yesterday northwest of Courcelette and in the Gueudecourt-Les-Boeufs sector were repulsed, the War Office announced today. Nine hostile aeroplanes were shot down in aerial engagements and by anti-aircraft guns.

Austro-German Forces Retreating in the Jiul Valley.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 4.—The continued retreat of the Austro-German forces in the Jiul Valley on the southern Transylvanian front was announced today by the War Office. Additional prisoners and four guns have been captured by the Rumanians.

Two Greek Steamers Were Sunk by Submarines, Entente Admiral Says.

ATHENS, Nov. 4.—A communication issued by Admiral Du Fournet, commander of the entnte fleet in the Mediteranean, says that after an investigation it has been found that the Greek steamers Angheliki and Kiki Issalas were sunk by submarines.

Stubborn Battles On in Stokhod River Region, Petrograd Says.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 4.—Stubborn battles are on in the neighborhood of the villages of Michishou and Lipnicadolno, south of Brzesany in Galicia, says today's official statement.

Germans Win British Trench, but Are Dislodged, London Report Says.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Strong German forces last night entered the British trenches near Cuinchy, seven miles east of Bethune, says the British official statement issued today, but the invaders were immediately expelled. The Germans yesterday launched a counter attack east of Gueudecourt, where the British Wednesday took a trench, but they suffered heavy losses in proportion to their strength, the statement says.

MUNICIPAL VOTERS' LEAGUE'S LIST OF INDORSEMENTS OUT

Contin... rom Page One.

paid in excess of the amount at which Kuhs' firm was authorized to sell). After he had discharged Kuhs, Judge Clark was present in Joe Mount's saloon, 1312 Market street, with Kuhs and his friends. Judge Clark's official record has been bad and he should be defeated. Not recommended."

Praise for Krueger.

As to Clark's opponent, Chauncey J. Krueger, it is stated that "his candidacy offers hope for great improvement in the conduct of this office."

The league's adverse report on Jones, for Circuit Attorney, is based on his political affiliations, and the name of his brother-in-law, Jept... D. Howe, is mentioned in this co...tion. Lawrence McDaniel, his only connection, it is stated, has done earnest opponent, work as an assistant ...t, capable torney Harvey.

...s Circuit At-

...mes P. Newell's ...ffice of Public ...management of the ...st four ye... Administrator in the ...e stated, ... invites his re-election, it ... not re... file his opponent, Slater, ...olitica... ommended, because of "his ...l connections and activities."

...though James Hagerman Jr. is recommended for Circuit Clerk, the league questions the merit of the appointments he has made while holding that office for an unexpired term. His opponent, Nat Goldstein, was chief clerk under the late Charles R. Graves, and it is stated that the efficiency of the office depreciated under his management.

As to Frank B. Warner, it is stated that his record in the State Senate and the lower house warrant his defeat in his candidacy for the Senate.

Kinney Mentioned Favorably.

Michael Kinney, Democratic candidate for the Senate in the Thirty-first District, is said in the report to have favored some progressive legislation, though recognized as an adherent to party politics. His opponent, Robert E. Walker, is specifically "not recommended." The same unfavorable entry is made against Joseph H. Brogan, Democratic candidate for re-election to the Senate from the Thirty-third District.

The term "Not recommended" is used of Dr. William A. Dillon, D., for Coroner, but no detailed objection is made to him.

In the case of other candidates, who are recommended or who do not receive specific recommendation, the only entries are their places of residence, occupations, and facts as to past political experience. The term "man of family" is used in many cases, and the words "owns real estate" appear frequently.

The Municipal Voters' League, it is stated, does not solicit or accept contributions from any candidate or, office-holder, and no officeholder or candidate can become or remain a member of the Executive Committee. Thorough investigation of the qualifications and character of candidates has been made, declared.

...several instances," the league's ...t says, "two or more capable can... ...recommended by men who are not qualified. In such cases the committee has deemed it wise to make only one recommendation, in order to prevent, if possible, the splitting of votes of those who wish to defeat undesirable candidates." This appears to apply particularly to the candidates for circuit judgeships.

SCRATCH!

Scratch **John P. Gordon,** Democratic candidate for re-election as State Auditor.

HIS official record (published in full in the Post-Dispatch of Oct. 29) abounds in evidence of his unfitness for the office.

He participated with other members of the Major administration in the secret diversion of $300,000 of public school funds to other State purposes for political reasons, and restored the sum to the schools only upon order of the Supreme Court.

As a member of the State Board of Equalization, he has always refused to vote for equalization of assessments as between St. Louis city property and property elsewhere in the State.

As a member of the Board of Prison Inspectors, he bought an automobile for the Warden of the Penitentiary and accepted an agent's discount on a machine he purchased from the same dealers.

He has kept his wife and son on his office payroll.

He has misrepresented the true condition of the State's finances by declaring that there are millions of dollars in the treasury, whereas those millions must be used to meet specific obligations, and the State is more than $200,000 behind in its obligations to State institutions for current expenses.

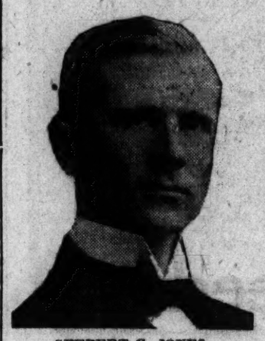
JOHN P. GORDON.

Scratch **Seebert G. Jones,** Republican candidate for a second term as Circuit Attorney.

HIS record in that office in 1908 and 1912 (published in the Post-Dispatch of Oct. 29) shows that he is unfit for the place.

During his term Jones brought an ouster suit against the Light and Development Co., filing in the case a petition prepared by his brother-in-law, Jeptha D. Howe, former Republican "boss" of St. Louis, who received a fee of $2500 from the late James Campbell, acting for the real plaintiff in the case, the Union Electric Co.

His handling of several other cases in which the defendants were clients of his brother-in-law caused much comment and criticism.



SEEBERT G. JONES.

Scratch **Benjamin F. Clark,** Democratic candidate for re-election as Judge of the Court of Criminal Correction.

HIS record (published in the Post-Dispatch of Oct. 29), shows that he is unfit for the office. He acquitted August H. Kuhs, a ember of the School Board, of the charge of making a personal profit of $11,500 out of the sale of ground to the board for a high school, and on the bench made light of the evidence produced by the State. Upon the same testimony Circuit Judge Shields later ousted Kuhs from the School Board and caused him to restore the $11,500.

Innumerable complaints of favoritism, and leniency ... of favoritism, and leniency ... amounting to miscarriage of ... justice, have been made against Judge Clark.

BENJAMIN F. CLARK.

Scratch **Frank B. Warner,** Republican candidate for re-election to the State Senate in the 29th District.

HIS record during eight years in the Legislature (published in the Post-Dispatch of Oct. 29) shows that he is unfit to sit in that body.

He never has been identified with progressive legislation. He has voted against bills for direct nomination of United States Senators, to prohibit delegates to political conventions from receiving free railroad tickets, to regulate public utilities, to prohibit lobbying at the State Legislature, to establish a needed municipal court system in St. Louis, to create a State Public Service Commission, and to call a State constitutional convention.

FRANK B. WARNER.

Election next Tuesday. Polls open from 6 A. M. to 7 P. M.

LEADER AT DOUAUMONT DIES

Gen. Ancelin Wounded in Heading Assault on Fort, Oct. 24.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—Gen. Ancelin, commander of the brigade which led in the assault on Fort Douaumont, in the Verdun region on Oct. 24, has died of wounds.

Gen. Ancelin was a brilliant officer and had served as first assistant to three ministers of war, Berteaux, Etienne and Millerand, in the direction of the army administration. He was in charge of the reorganization of the French cavalry before the outbreak of the war.

NEW JERSEY CLAIMED BY G. O. P.

State Chairman Expects to Win President's State by 45,000.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 4.—A claim that New Jersey, President Wilson's home State would be carried by the Republicans on Tuesday by 45,000 votes was made here today by Newton A. K. Bugbee, Republican State Chairman. Mercer County, in which the President votes, will return a Republican plurality of 4500, he predicted.

Bugbee said he believed Republicans would win 10 out of 12 congressional districts and elect Joseph S. Frelinghuysen United States Senator.

Galloway to Give Free Recital.

Charles Galloway, organist, will give a recital on the new three-manual and echo organ at St. Peter's Episcopal Church tomorrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Numbers from Rousseau, Buck, Serrate, Kinder and Gigout will comprise the program. The public is invited.

ELECTION BOARD OPPOSES POLICE POLLING ORDERS

Letter to Chief Young Says Shifting of Patrolmen on Duty Is Desirable.

The Election Board today sent to Chief of Police Young a letter regarding the disposition of the police force at the 500 precinct polling places for Tuesday's election. In the letter, Chairman Drabelle of the board expresses his disapointment that it has been decided not to make the usual shift of policemen, in order that policemen may be on duty at polling places where they are not personally acquainted.

President Thompson of the Police Board has announced that this shifting of policemen, which has been practiced at every recent election, as a precaution against police connivance with election irregularities, will not be ordered this year.

Drabelle, in his letter, said that he considered this shifting plan as a desirable means of preventing policemen from failing to do their duty for fear of ward workers whom they might know on their regular beats.

Young Discusses Order.

Chief Young said to a Post-Dispatch reporter that, even without any particular effect at shifting men, it would seldom happen that a patrolman would be assigned to a polling place on his regular beat. Two men are sent to each polling place, and as in the outlying residence sections there are not enough patrolmen to go around, men will necessarily be provided from other districts.

A Republican protest against Thompson's plan was presented to the Police Board at yesterday's meeting by Mayor Kiel, City Chairman Schmoll, Collector Koeln and Congressman Dyer. Thompson said to them that he thought it best to have policemen at polling places where they were acquainted, in order that they might prevent "fraud by impersonation."

Thompson promised that the election would be fairly conducted, and that an immediate investigation would be made of places where the Republicans said they expected fraudulent registration. He praised Sergeant Kirk, whom he appointed to have charge of the police canvass of voters. The Republicans had attacked Kirk because he was ... had dicted for interference with ... once in ... but Thompson pointed out ... elections, exonerated. ... that he was

The Republicans also complained that negro voters were ... being intimidated by the police canvassers, and Thompson promised that he would make an immediate investigation to ascertain if this were true.

Chief Young sent an order to district captains today, directing them, in general terms, to see that the election is conducted fairly and that patrolmen do their duties impartially.

The Election Board today called the attention of the Circuit Attorney's office to four cases in which it has inquired into applications for registration, made by men who said they were absent from the city on the regular registration days.

Two Cases in Seventh Ward.

Two of the cases are in the Seventh Ward, Twelfth Precinct. Applications for registration were submitted Thursday by two men whose names and ages were given as Benny McGovern, 24, and Charles C. Spinks, 25, both of 1829 Park avenue, and both of whom said they were in Chicago on the registration days. Two men giving the same names and approximate ages, and giving their address as 1829A Park avenue, were enrolled Sept. 18, the Board discovered.

An application for registration as an absentee was submitted to the board, signed with the name of Frank Jones of 1416 Pine street. On being questioned, Jones said he did not sign the application. The board believed Jones was telling the truth, and recommended that the notary who took the affidavit, and the witnesses who signed it, be questioned. The fourth case is that of William Robinson of 2307 Chestnut street, a negro, who is said to have made conflicting statements as to his whereabouts on the registration days.

Voter Renounces His Citizenship.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Charles A. Filipiak, one of last year's crop of new citizens, got so tired of receiving campaign literature he resigned as a citizen. Here is the letter he sent to John W. Rainey, Circuit Clerk: "Gentlemen: Please do not annoy me with your voting circulars and accept my resignation as a citizen, I will always remain an anarchist."

Watch Stolen From Child 4 Years Old.

Lorraine Wells, 4 years old, of 2610 North Tenth street, was "playing lady" yesterday afternoon, strolling in front of her home with a shopping bag in one hand and her mother's gold watch in the other. A thief jerked the watch from the child's hand and ran away with it.

Two Men Knocked Down by Auto.

William Haller of 3324 Westminster place and Joseph Kidd, 923 Pine street, were knocked down and slightly hurt at Broadway and Chestnut street last night by an automobile driven by Edward Wedge, 6720 Minnesota avenue. Wedge was on the way to the central dispensary with a sick woman and the men refused to prosecute him.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry—Credit. Easiest terms and lowest prices in the city. Loftis Bros. & Co., 2d fl., 308 N. 6th st.

Boy Hit by Auto, Ankle Broken.

Frank Polensky, 7 years old, of 1020 North Fourteenth street was knocked down by an automobile at Ninth street and Franklin avenue last evening. The driver stopped long enough to brush off the boy's clothes and then drove on. The boy's left ankle was fractured.

British Ship Ashore and Burning.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—A Lloyd's dispatch from Falmouth reports that the British steamer Ponus ashore and on fire in Falmouth Bay. The Ponus is of 5577 tons gross.

HUGHES MAKES 5 SPEECHES; CLOSING ADDRESS TONIGHT

Republican Nominee Greeted in New York by Crowds Who Hear Open Air Addresses.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Charles E. Hughes, invading the downtown business section of New York during today, made five speeches in which he attacked the Wilson administration, declared for the maintenance of American rights throughout the world and asserted he was "opposed to treating the American business man as a suspicious character."

Large crowds of business men and women, on their way to and from luncheon today, cheered Hughes at every stop. The first of his addresses was made to a gathering held under the auspices of the Young Men's Republican Club, at Broadway and Twenty-sixth street. From there he went to Union Square, where a platform had been erected in the open for him. The other meetings were in Lafayette stand on Lower Broadway, where he addressed voters of the Twenty-third Assembly District, the Commercial Travelers' Sound Money League and the Women's Bureau of the Hughes Alliance, respectively.

Follows Taft on Platform.

At the Sound Money League meeting he followed former President Taft as a speaker, entering the meeting place by the front door as Taft left by a side entrance.

Hughes declared he did not want anybody to talk to him about class antagonism in this country, "who does all in his power to stimulate class antagonism."

"We'll prosper 'together,' he added, "or we won't prosper at all."

When the European war ends, he said, America is going to face a very serious situation.

"What are wegoing to do about it?" he asked. "Elect you!" shouted one of his hearers.

The nominee expressed himself as confident of being elected and said the ... not propose to deal with the ... international situation in an "academic manner."

"I came into public life," he declared "as the enemy of abuses and special privileges. I am just the same man today as when I was Governor of New York."

Supports Tariff in Each Talk.

He made a plea in each of his speeches for a protective tariff. Tariff commissioners, he said, do not pass tariff bills or legislate. He asked that his hearers suport the Republican candidate for Congress.

Hughes rested at his hotel this afternoon before reviewing the parade which will precede the big mass meeting tonight at Madison Square Garden, where he will make teh closing speech of his campaign.

WOMAN FIRES SHOT WHEN MOTORIST STOPS NEAR HOME

County Resident Says He Was Trying to Remove Obstruction That Had Been Placed in Road.

The efforts of Mrs. R. A. Vogt of Wellington and Mount Vernon avenues, in Musick's subdivision, north of University City, to prevent casual motorists from driving their machines over Wellington avenue, a private thoroughfare, resulted today in a complaint against her in Clayton by Frank P. Lawrence, who lives on Walton avenue, three blocks north of the Vogt home.

Lawrence was halted while driving his machine to a garage in the neighborhood, about 10 o'clock last night, by a stone obstruction six inches high across the entrance to the street. He left his car and began clearing a passage when a window in the Vogt home was raised and a shot fired at him.

Prosecuting Attorney Ralph told Lawrence he would ask Mrs. Vogt to come to his office and explain her actions. She gained notoriety in July of last year by capturing a burglar in her home who entered while she was alone in the house. She said today that she fired the shot complained of by Lawrence, but did not shoot at him.

Three attempts to force an entrance to her home have recently been made, she said, and she thought another was being made when she was awakened last night by a crash. She raised her window, she said, and fired at the ground, before she noticed the automobile standing before the house.

KANSAS CITY BANKERS REFUSE TO GO ON RECORD FOR WETS

Brewers Fail to Get Indorsement of Anti-Prohibition Resolution as They Did in St. Louis.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 4.—An attempt of brewery agents here to obtain the signatures of Kansas City bankers to an attack on the dry amendment similar to that published over the name of St. Louis bankers has met with failure.

It is understood the first bankers approached refused their signatures and that the attempt was then given up. Some of the bankers would not sign through business reasons and others would not sign because they admittedly are for the third amendment.

"Some of us still are holding our breath, however," a banker said today, "because we do not desire to be compelled to face the issue of choosing publicly."

Woman Tests New Army Aeroplane.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The first of the new standard aeroplanes built under the plans and specifications of the United States Government was given a test at the Mineola Aviation Field yesterday. It was said by observers to have been entirely successful. The flight was made by Miss Cecilia Wright of this city, accompanied by T. T. Milliman, chief inspector of aviation for the Government.

Your Want Ad. in the Post-Dispatch will find a tenant for that furnished room who will appreciate it.

COMMERCE COMMISSION TO LOOK INTO FREIGHT CAR SHORTAGE

General Investigation Has Been Ordered Regarding Interchange Practices of Railroads.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 4.—Commissioner McChord, before adjournment of the morning session of the informal inquiry into the car shortage on the railroads of the country today, announced the receipt of a telegram from the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington, saying that the commission was entering an order for a general investigation into the supply, exchange, interchange and return of freight cars, together with all the regulations and practices relating thereto. The initial hearing is set for Wednesday at Louisville, before Commissioner McChord.

MRS. HEYDT WANTS NEW TRIAL

Servant Had Obtained $5000 Verdict Against Her.

A motion for a new trial was filed today by the attorneys for Mrs. Helen H. Heydt of 4326 Forest Park boulevard, against whom a jury Tuesday returned a verdict for $5000 damages in favor of Mrs. Addie P. Traw, former maid in her home. Mrs. Traw alleged that Mrs. Heydt beat her with an electric flash gun.

Mrs. Heydt is suing for divorce her husband, John B. Heydt, vice president of the American Bakery Co., who took Mrs. Traw's part. The motion for a new trial alleges errors on the part of the Court in excluding certain evidence, prejudice on the part of the jury, and declares the verdict excessive.

Diamond Rings, Pay $1 a Week. Loftis Bros. & Co., 2d fl., 308 N. 6th st.

PRAIRIE FIRE ROASTS RABBITS

Flames Trap Animals Behind Iron Fence Near East St. Louis.

Prairie fire, in the tall grass of Fairmount, near East St. Louis, burned numbers of rabbits to death last evening. The rabbits, in their flights from the burning grass, found their way barred by a galvanized iron fence and a stone railroad embankment. Both too steep for them to get over. In this trap they died by the score. The district has been a home for rabbits, as hunting is not permitted there.

The plant of the Grangy Milling Co. appeared at one time to be in danger from the fire, but the fire was extinguished before it got to the mill.

CAPT. KOENIG EXPECTS U-BOAT CONVOY FOR THE DEUTSCHLAND

Commander of Merchant Submarine Likely to Begin Dash for Home Within Few Days.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Nov. 4.—The German armored submarine U-57, sister ship of the U-53 which recently sank five vessels off the New England coast, is expected to act as a convoy for the undersea freighter Deutschland on her return trip to Germany, according to a statement by Capt. Paul Koenig of the Deutschland. It was reported that the U-57 left Bremen, Oct. 13, three days after the Deutschland sailed.

"I would not be surprised if the armored submarine appeared off the coast while I am in port. You can't tell what the Government will do," said Koenig.

Capt. Koenig said he probably would make his homeward dash within the next ten days.

GROWTH "G" With a Capital

Yesterday, Friday, the Post-Dispatch, without special effort of any kind, carried

167 Cols.

of paid advertising, **beating** the corresponding Friday last year exactly

50 Cols.

This remarkable business growth is attributable to the big pulling power of the Post-Dispatch's advertising cols.

For Example!

To this large volume of advertising our home-merchants yesterday contributed

125 Cols.

and on this same day bought only

129 Cols.

in **all four** of the other St. Louis papers—namely—the Globe-Democrat, Republic, Times and Star **added together.**

St. Louis merchants have spent millions and millions of dollars in advertising and always found the **results** from the Post-Dispatch to be **more profitable** than from **all** of its competitors **combined.**

The Post-Dispatch is the **one paper** in every home and the **only** paper in many homes.

CIRCULATION

Average first ten months, 1916:

Sunday only **358,188**

Daily average **206,114**

"FIRST IN EVERYTHING"

OMAR OMAR OMAR
OMAR OMA OMAR

A perfect aroma means a perfect cigarette—they've told you that for years. Try Omar for its aroma—rich with aroma-tones that soothe. Perfect aroma such as you have never known before. A ripe aroma quite new to cigarettes.

Write Omar omar—there, too, you get aroma.

Omar—the perfect Turkish blend. Even the words blend.

OMAR
CIGARETTES
"It's the Omar-Aroma that counts"

GARDNER REPEATS HE WOULD VETO PROHIBITION BILL

Makes Position on Liquor Question Clear in Speech at Fraternal Hall.

CROWDS AT MEETINGS

Hundreds Unable to Get in Halls at Four Places—Makes Plea for Good Roads.

Frederick D. Gardner, Democratic candidate for Governor, in a speech at Fraternal Hall, Eleventh street and Franklin avenue, last night, made a statement about his position on prohibition. He said:

"I stated repeatedly during my primary campaign that if elected Governor I would veto a Statewide prohibition bill, because it would take away from the people the right to vote on the question. That defines my attitude."

While it had been the intention of the candidates to ignore discussion of the prohibition question in the campaign, the Republicans Thursday and last night sent hecklers to Gardner's meeting to ask him how he stood on prohibition. The Democrats retaliated last night by sending hecklers to the meetings of Judge Lamm, to ask him the same question.

Makes Position Clear.

In explaining his position on prohibition last night, Gardner said he had learned yesterday that a heckler in his meeting Thursday night had asked him how he stood on prohibition, but that he did not understand the question at the time. He had been informed, he said, that hecklers were to be sent to his meetings by Republicans to harass him, and that when the heckler started to ask a question he refused to be interrupted. Since he had learned what the question was, he said, he was only too glad to state his position.

"I have never tried to conceal my position on anything," Gardner said, "and I'll answer the question now and tell how I will treat the liquor question when I am Governor."

Gardner spoke at four meetings last night. At every meeting the halls were crowded, and hundreds were unable to gain admission. He spoke first at Stuart's Hall, 5523 Easton avenue, then at Druid's Hall, Ninth and Market streets, Fraternal Hall, and at Dewey Hall, 2301 South Broadway.

At the Druid's Hall meeting, John P. Collins, an undertaker, formerly a member of the State Senate, entertained the audience with a discussion of international law and a bitter denunciation of Joseph W. Folk, former Governor, before Gardner's arrival. At the Fraternal Hall meeting Speaker Champ Clark spoke before Gardner arrived.

Gardner's Speeches Short.

Gardner's speeches were all short, and were principally an appeal to the people of St. Louis as his neighbors to support him for Governor. He said that while he never expected to run for another office, he wanted the people of Missouri to give him a commission to manage the campaign of Speaker Clark for President in 1920.

"When I am Governor—and I am going to be, because I am going to be elected by the greatest majority ever given to a Governor—I propose to be a builder," Gardner said.

"I favor an equitable and just workmen's compensation law.

"I favor the abolition of the convict labor system in the penitentiary.

"I favor a state highway system that will give Missouri the finest roads in America.

"Last year the State paid to the public schools more than $3,000,000, the largest sum ever disbursed among them. I propose to make this school fund larger every year of my administration. I want to see Missouri have the finest public school system in this country."

Gardner made an appeal for the election of Senator Reed and State Senator Mike Kinney.

"When Lamm started into his campaign he challenged Gardner to a joint debate," Speaker Clark said. "Now Gardner has been a business man and not a debater, and declined the challenge. But since I've heard Gardner make three stump speeches, I am sorry he didn't accept the challenge. He can make as good a stump speech as any man in this State, and if he had accepted the challenge he would have run Lamm out of Missouri before this time.

"I said at the time the challenge was made that the Republicans ought to have also issued a challenge for Walter Dickey to debate with Senator James A. Reed. I'd go 200 miles any day to hear that debate, because I know the air would be full of fur, and there would not be a hair left on Dickey's hide when Senator Reed got through with him.

Clark Willing to Debate.

"Now if Judge Lamm will come down off of his high horse and condescend to debate with the humble Speaker of the House of Representatives I'll take him through a course of sprouts myself.

"When Lamm couldn't get a debate out of Gardner, he began picking on Major. Now Major was not bothering Lamm, but the Judge kept on until Major challenged him to a debate. And that was the most remarkable challenge ever made. Major offered to pay Judge Lamm's traveling and hotel expenses, and $25 a day for every day of the debates. At Mexico the other day he repeated the challenge and offered a bonus of $50 to anybody who could get Lamm on the platform with him. Major can take care of himself, because I taught him how to debate."

Speaker Clark said that all the Progressives in Congress, and a large majority of the Republicans, had voted for nearly all the important measures advocated by President Wilson.

"These were such good laws, Speaker Clark said, that the Republican Congressmen did not dare vote against them and go home and ask for re-election. He said:

"Congressman Rodenberg of East St. Louis only last week made a speech an hour long defending the Adamson bill, which he voted for, and which Hughes has been attacking. Wilson is going to carry Wisconsin in this election, because Senator La Follette, running for re-election as a Republican, has not dared to mention Hughes' name in the campaign, but has devoted all of his time to defending the Democratic tariff law, for which he voted, the ship purchase bill, the eight-hour bill and the land credits bill.

"Throughout this country there are 78 Republican Congressmen defending the Adamson law, which Hughes has been attacking, because they voted for it. That's one reason why Hughes cannot be elected. Among these Congressmen is Uncle Joe Cannon, the ablest Republican in Washington."

Speaker Clark told many humorous stories, and kept the audience laughing until Gardner came in.

Would Put T. R. in Trenches.

"I wish somebody would grab this fellow Roosevelt and stick him in the trenches in Europe for a few days," the Speaker said. "He would have no trouble in finding all the fighting there he wants.

"I want to tell you this thing: If the Republicans carry the United States Senate, there is no power on earth can keep Henry Cabot Lodge, who is more of an Englishman than George V, from succeeding William Joel Stone as chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate. In all of these troublesome times, Wilson has leaned more on Senator Stone, now chairman of that committee, than any other man."

Speaker Clark said that it would be a disgrace to Missouri to allow Senator Reed, the ablest debater in the Senate, who has made a greater reputation in one term than any other Senator with the single exception of James S. Greene of Missouri, now almost forgotten, to be beaten by Walter S. Dickey, a millionaire.

He said that Missouri Senators had always been selected for their ability and not their money, and that it was to the credit of the Republicans when they had one opportunity to elect a Senator that they turned down a millionaire and elected the late William Warner, "who was as poor as Job's turkey."

"Some prophet has been up in my district and caused reports to be printed that I was likely to be beaten," the Speaker added. "Now I can only wish that this prophet will live until I am defeated in that district. He will be a much older man than he is now."

Workman Killed by Fumes.

Ben Giberson, 51 years old, of 1901 South Broadway, was overcome by fumes when at work at the plant of the Monsanto Chemical Co., 1800 South Second street, yesterday afternoon, and died last night at the city hospital.

Standard Oil Multimillionaire's Widow, Reported Engaged to Marry

MRS. HENRY M. FLAGLER.

MRS. HENRY M. FLAGLER, widow of Henry M. Flagler, one of the founders of the Standard Oil Co., and who is said to be worth $60,000,000 to $70,000,000, is reported to be engaged to wed Judge Robert Worth Bingham of Louisville, Ky. Mrs. Flagler was the second wife of the capitalist.

GERMAN PLAN TO PROTECT NEUTRAL SHIPS REPORTED

Berlin Paper Says Guarantee That None of Cargo Should Reach Britain Is Required.

BLOOMERSDJIK CASE CITED

Proposal, if It Is Made, Would Abolish Enforced Discharge of Freight at Kirkwall.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—A special dispatch from Amsterdam features a statement of the Berlin Kreuz Zeitung that Germany has decided to make the safety of neutral ships carrying neutral cargoes dependent upon guarantees that no part of such cargoes shall be landed, whether through British compulsion or not, at any British port.

Such guarantees, according to the Kreuz Zeitung, can consist only in formal undertakings by Great Britain and such an undertaking will be recognized by Germany only from case to case.

This is taken to mean that in event of any neutral cargo or part thereof being landed in England, the German Government immediately will cease to recognize the inviolability of ships.

The Berlin paper implies that the case of the Dutch freighter Bloomersdijk, which was sunk by a German submarine off Nantucket Oct. 8, will be argued along these lines and it will be contended that since the intermediate destination was Kirkwall there was no guarantee that the whole cargo would reach Holland.

The British press also infers from a Berlin dispatch summarized in the Koelnische Zeitung that Germany proposes to sink all neutral ships, whether bearing neutral cargoes or otherwise, unless Great Britain consents to abandon the right to compel discharges at Kirkwall of any part of a neutral cargo suspected of having an enemy destination.

TWO MURDERS ON SHIP CHARGED

Crew of Schooner From South Africa Have Captain and Mate Held.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—Warrants charging murder on the high seas were issued yesterday against Capt. D. O. Killman, of the American schooner Henry K. Hall, and his mate, Fred Hansen. Six members of the crew exhibited bruises and told a tale of horrors aboard ship between Port Townsend, Wash., and Durban, South Africa, and return, which, they charged included the murder of two of the crew.

Capt. Killman and Hansen are charged in one warrant with the death of one man while Hansen individually is accused of the murder of another sailor. The Henry K. Hall was 118 days coming from Durban.

Alton Woman Struck by Auto.

Mrs. L. Griffith of 550 East Broadway, Alton, was struck yesterday by an automobile owned and driven by William Neerman. She has a scalp wound, a bruised jaw, several broken ribs and bruises.

100 SAID TO BE LOST IN BRITISH SHIP COLLISION

Connemara and Retriever Both Sunk in Accident in Irish Channel.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—In one of the worst gales ever known in the Irish Sea the British steamship Connemara, with passengers and a cargo of cattle from Greenore, Ireland, for Holyhead, Wales, collided last night, just outside the Carlingford bar, with the British steamship Retriever, laden with coal. Both vessels sank immediately, with an estimated loss of life of about 100. Of the 50 passengers and crew of 31 aboard the Connemara there is only one survivor. It is virtually certain there were no Americans on board. The entire crew of the Retriever was lost.

Many bodies are being washed ashore on the Irish coast. Numbers of cattle also are being washed up, some alive.

The weather was so rough that it would have been impossible to launch any boats, even had time permitted.

The Connemara was of 1106 tons. The Retriever was of 674 tons gross.

A steamer service is maintained by the London & Northwestern Railway between Holyhead, Wales, and Greenore, Ireland, a distance of about 80 miles across the Irish Sea.

Mail From England on Slow Ship.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—No mail from England or France has been received here this week, owing to the fact that the British postal authorities sent it on the Cunard Line steamer Carpathia, one of the slowest ships in the Atlantic passenger service. The Carpathia is due here today.

Kansas University Poll for Wilson.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., Nov. 4.—In a poll of the University of Kansas votes were cast by 1704 students and members of the faculty. Wilson received 921 and Hughes 683. Of the votes 596 were by young women, who gave Wilson 380, Hughes 216.

Post-Dispatch Election Returns Free at Coliseum

The Post-Dispatch will display election bulletins next Tuesday night at two places—at its new building at Twelfth and Olive streets and at the Coliseum, Jefferson and Washington avenues.

The Post-Dispatch again has rented the Coliseum as it did four years ago, and cordially invites all who wish to go there to be its guests. The seats will all be free and, except for a few box reservations, the rule will be first choice for first comers.

There will be music by Seymour's Band.

At Twelfth and Olive streets the bulletins will be thrown from steropticons upon screens over spacious Twelfth street, so that they can be read for a great distance either north or south of Olive street. Thousands can gather here and read the returns as rapidly as they come in.

At both the Coliseum and at the Post-Dispatch's new building comic and educational films will be shown when the returns lag.

Free to Everybody—Everybody Invited

COL. KENLY AVIATION HEAD

Commandant at Barracks Will Depart Soon for San Diego.

Col. William L. Kenly, commandant at Jefferson Barracks since January, has been appointed to succeed Col. Samuel Reber, a native St. Louisan, as head of the army aviation work at San Diego, Cal. Col. Kenly will be succeeded here by Col. G. Le Roy Irwin, Fourth Field Artillery, a former classmate at West Point.

Col. Reber until a few months ago was a Lieutenant Colonel. Charges attacking his conduct were made and a reorganization took place. With the changes he was made a Colonel by President Wilson.

Col. Kenly has served in Cuba, the Philippines and along the Mexican border. He was made a Colonel July 1, 1916.

Lillian Russell's Husband Bets $10,000 on Hughes in Ohio.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 4.—Alexander P. Moore, proprietor of the Pittsburg Leader, and the husband of Lillian Russell, has wagered $10,000 against $8000 that Charles E. Hughes, the Republican nominee, will carry Ohio.

"HIGH COST" HITS BEAN BAGS

Manufacturer Makes Proposal to Fill Them With Cherry Pits.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The bean bag, which for many years has been a feature of play in the public schools of the country, is hard hit by the high cost of living. The proposal of a bean bag maker to a committee of the Chicago Board of Education yesterday to substitute cherry pits for the navy beans in the manufacture of bags, revealed the situation.

The bean has gone to war in Europe and the Mexican border, leaving a greatly reduced supply at a highly increased cost for beanbag purchasers, according to the manufacturer. The wholesale price approximates $7 a bushel.

One Month of Munition Exports.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The Allied Governments bought from American firms during September firearms and munitions to the amount of $117,500 for every hour of the day and night. The total was more than $84,500,000. The exports included cartridges of the value of $5,788,653; gunpowder, value $34,886,943; all other explosives, $34,615,989; firearms, value $9,259,253.

6 BIG DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS TONIGHT

Six big Democratic meetings will be held in St. Louis tonight, while the Republicans will concentrate all their efforts on one meeting at the Coliseum, at which former United States Senator Albert Beveridge of Indiana will be the only speaker.

The Democrats of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Eighteenth and Twenty-first wards will have a meeting in North St. Louis Turner Hall, Twentieth and Salisbury streets, at which Fred D. Gardner, Democratic candidate for Governor, and William L. Igoe, Congressman from the Eleventh District, will be the speakers.

The Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second and Twenty-sixth wards will have a joint meeting at Northwest Turner Hall, 2946 Easton avenue, at which Gardner and Frank W. McAllister, Democratic candidate for Attorney-General, will be the speakers.

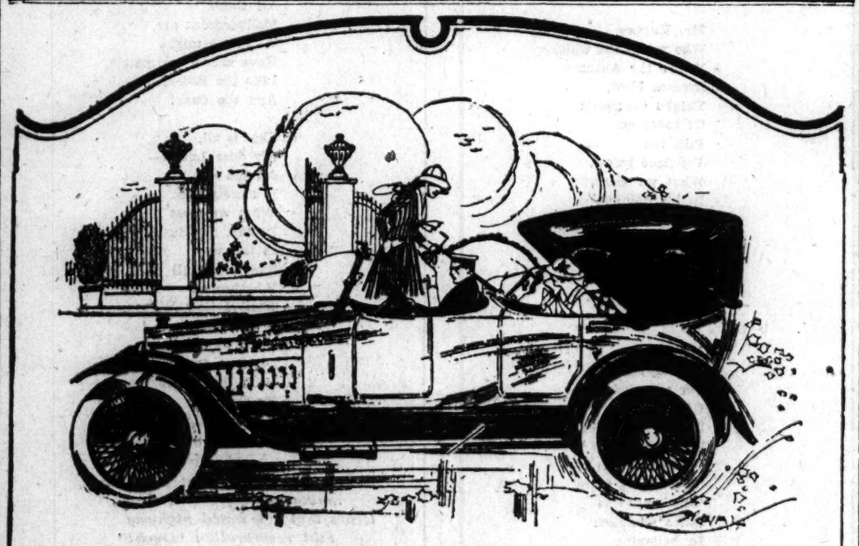
The Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth wards will hold a joint meeting at the Soldan High School, where Senator James A. Reed, Gardner, Circuit Attorney Thomas B. Harvey and H. S. Hartzog will speak.

The Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Twenty-fourth wards will have a joint meeting at the Tower Grove Turnverein, Grand avenue and Juniata street, at which Gardner and several other candidates will speak.

The Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Sixteenth wards will hold a joint meeting at Druid's Hall, Ninth and Market streets, where Senator Reed, Gardner and State Senator Michael Kinney are scheduled for speeches.

There will be a Jewish meeting at Share Sphard Temple, Fifteenth and Wash streets, where Philip P. Brigston and Max M. Korshak of Chicago, and Cone Johnson, solicitor of the State Department, will be the speakers.

U. S. GOVERNMENT buys STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE
To Kill RATS, MICE and COCKROACHES
Housekeepers Should Use It
SOLD EVERYWHERE—25c and $1.00



The World's Smartest Vehicle

OWEN MAGNETIC

The Car of a Thousand Speeds

¶ Two factors make the Owen Magnetic stand out above all other automobiles.

First—elegance of body and appointments—work of master coach builders.

Second—mechanical superiority—power is carried from engine to wheels by smooth, elastic magnetic transmission.

¶ Here is real motoring luxury. On a long road the sensation is like flying—in the constant stops and starts of congested traffic there is no jar. Nerve-racking jolts are gone because there are no change-speed gears. Instead of three or four speeds there are a thousand speeds—the power turns on and off like water. To the experienced motorist the performance of this car is uncanny.

¶ When desired bodies to order by great carriage builders; chassis built and equipped by the Baker R. & L. Company, allied—both in finances and manufacturing—with the General Electric Company. Distinguished people own this car of real distinction.

Demonstration by Appointment

LEACH-BROUSTER & CO.

3037-39 Locust Street

"When a feller needs a friend—"

The days of old—with bedrooms cold!

—From original cartoon made by Claire Briggs for American Radiator Company

The days of ease—with heat to please!

The discomforts of early youth become the humorous anecdotes of the man of 35. But old-fashioned heating is still a sad reality to wife and children left to shiver and struggle with make-shift heating devices in the home long after forgetful, sturdy father has gone to the snug, radiator-warmed store, shop, or office. Why not stop the wastes and costs of postponement, by at once happifying the family with an outfit of

AMERICAN RADIATORS & IDEAL BOILERS

IDEAL Smokeless Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators are the efficient, clean, healthful, silent, reliable servant of the house-owner—they do more for cheer, work-saving, and economy than any other material or article you put into your home! They *reduce the cost of living and better the living.*

A No. 22 IDEAL Boiler and 240 ft. of 38-in. AMERICAN Radiators, costing the owner $135, were used to hot water heat this cottage. At this price the goods can be bought of any reputable, competent Fitter. This did not include cost of labor, pipe, valves, freight, etc., which vary according to climatic and other conditions.

Heating that makes you feel friendly to every "feller"

Extensive manufacturing enables us to put into our outfits the best ideas and practices of scientific and skilled men, and at lowest costs. Nowhere else, in any line, can the public obtain equal value or lower price. Don't wait until you build, but put in at once this genuine, enduring foundation of comfort. Our name is cast on each IDEAL Boiler and AMERICAN Radiator—*your* guarantee—*accept no substitute!*

Get an estimate now!

Dealers are glad to furnish estimate to anyone who takes a bona fide interest in radiator heating. Better act at once—as at this season you get the service of the most skillful fitters. Ask for the (free) book of heating facts: "Ideal Heating." Puts you under no obligation to buy.

IDEAL Boilers are made upon the unit or sectional plan. If building is altered (35% of all structures are remodeled), the IDEAL Boiler may at any time be easily and quickly changed to size.

A genuine, practical, built-in Vacuum Cleaner

We also make the ARCO WAND Vacuum Cleaner, connected by an iron suction pipe to various floors of the house, flat, school, church, hotel, etc. No dragging around a clumsy, inefficient portable cleaner—instead you have a practical outfit that is a part of the building—like radiator heating. In sizes at $115 up. Ask for catalog (free).

Sold by all dealers.
No exclusive agents.

AMERICAN RADIATOR COMPANY

Write Department S-4
15th and Olive Streets
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Public Showrooms at Chicago, New York, Boston, Worcester, Providence, Philadelphia, Wilkesbarre, Washington, Baltimore, Rochester, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Atlanta, Birmingham, New Orleans, Indianapolis, Milwaukee, Des Moines, Omaha, Minneapolis, St. Paul, St. Louis, Kansas City, Dallas, Seattle, Portland, Spokane, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Toronto, Brantford (Ont.), London, Paris, Brussels, Berlin, Cologne, Milan, Vienna

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

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By Carrier. { In St. Louis and Suburbs, per month ..... 50c / Out of St. Louis, per month 45c

Entered at postoffice, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class matter.

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM.

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

POST-DISPATCH Circulation

Average for the first 10 Months of 1916:

Sunday Only 358,188

Daily Average 206,114

Equaled Only by FIVE SUNDAY Newspapers in the UNITED STATES. Three in New York and Two in Chicago.
Biggest West of the Mississippi.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

The Nonpartisan Ballot.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I need only mention the fact that members comprising the St. Louis Board of Aldermen, are all of one political division, leaving all the voters of other political divisions without representation. Can anyone of any political division justify such a system? The proposed amendment will remedy this injustice and permit minority representation.

The city of St. Louis is a great corporation which is in nowise related to national policies. In the matter of electing officials to conduct this great corporation, efficiency and character should be the test, and not as to what political party the candidate is affiliated with. To keep our streets, sewers, parks, waterworks, etc., up to date has nothing to do with whether the administration of the general government is Democratic or Republican. The city government is not interested, as such in our foreign relation, high or low tariff, reserve banks and other topics of national import, but every one of us is interested in getting good, honest and efficient officers to conduct the corporate business of the city of St. Louis, and it ought to be a matter of perfect indifference what party affiliation these officials may claim. Honest, efficient officials, regardless of political affiliations should be the rule.

Our method of electing city officials seems to have been devised with a premeditated determination to give the most unworthy the better opportunity of election.

Any irresponsible citizen, with the necessary fee and nerve, can be nominated at the primary for any office to be voted for. He must designate his choice of ticket, that is all. Either Democratic, Republican, Socialist or Prohibition. He may be utterly unfit. There may be a man on another ticket running for the same office altogether qualified, but if it happens that the worthless candidate gets on your ticket, you cannot vote for the better man unless you vote the ticket he is on. You have no choice in the primary, excepting in so far as the candidates for your party is concerned.

Everybody knows the indifference of the average citizen to the primary. The unqualified, nervy candidate is there, so are his friends. He is nominated. By the same process the qualified man is beaten on the other ticket. We now have the result of two utterly unfit candidates for the same office. The voter has no choice. The system ought to be abolished.

Under the proposed amendment a candidate cannot nominate himself by paying a registration fee. He must be nominated by a petition signed by 1 per cent of the voters, voting at the preceding election. There will be but one ticket, without partisan designation. It will give the voter an opportunity of voting for the most honest and efficient.

OWEN MILLER,
Secretary American Federation of Musicians.

A Voter's Decision.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The German Alliance have indorsed Hughes, which virtually means the Republican ticket. Do they expect Democrats to help them defeat the prohibition amendment? I for one will not.

A DEMOCRAT.

Enforcement of Nine-Hour Law.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Among letters published in a recent issue of your paper relative to the nine-hour law for female employes, would say that I am sorry the writer who signed himself, "One of Them," did not give more specific information, as it is the desire of this department to strictly enforce the law permitting a maximum of nine hours daily work wherever the law applies in this State. The writer of the letter in question expressed the hope that I would see the letter and make an investigation, but not knowing what particular places are referred to, it is impossible for me to know whether I have suppressed the violations complained of. If those who report violations would state the specific places, or would come personally to our office, we would be glad to make an investigation and, if necessary, institute criminal proceedings to see that the law is obeyed.

I know that some employers instruct employes to say that they do not work more than nine hours, and, if they are caught late at night, to say that they went to work late in the day. If there is to be successful enforcement of these laws we must have the co-operation of the employes, and employes must not fear to tell the truth regarding their hours when requested to do so by this department. Unless we can get this co-operation, and unless employes are willing to state the facts as witnesses in criminal proceedings, it is very difficult to prosecute successfully for violations.

A. E. JOHNSTON,
State Factory Inspector.

THE PROHIBITION MENACE.

Since the Post-Dispatch asked what the business men of St. Louis were doing to safeguard St. Louis against the menace of prohibition, the bankers, the real estate men and the Business Men's League have adopted strong resolutions against it.

The moral and material menace to St. Louis of the chaotic prohibition amendment has been pointed out. Its adoption would be unreasonably demoralizing because it would breed violation and contempt of law. The city would be many times worse with unregulated dens than with regulated saloons.

Without gain, but with loss on the moral side, there would be a tremendous destruction of industrial and commercial interests. St. Louis would suffer most from the closing of breweries, but the whole State would suffer greatly. It has been estimated that nearly a fourth of St. Louis industry and commerce would be knocked out. The great brewery plants built up under sanction of law and public opinion would be shut down. Industry and business dependent upon the trade of their officers and employes, upon the purchase of supplies, upon rentals of property, upon transportation would be destroyed. Banks, stores, factories and land owners would suffer. Revenue from taxes and licenses would be cut off. The tax rate would go up.

The third constitutional amendment is a vicious attack on St. Louis from every standpoint—moral, political and material. It should be voted down overwhelmingly.

Hoch der Koenig!

WISDOM IN ILLINOIS.

Reports from Illinois show that a woman of 65 years of age, who has been toothless for 18 years, is now cutting a third set of teeth. Also that six women belonging to one family which has heretofore been solidly Republican are going to vote for Woodrow Wilson next Tuesday, and have persuaded the male members of the household, erstwhile Republicans, to vote with them.

There is hope of Illinois cutting her political wisdom teeth even at this late stage of her development.

DISTRESSING NEWS FROM MEXICO.

We can hardly say that, after reading Mrs. O'Shaughnessy's book, in which she frankly says Gen. Huerta was "somewhat idealized," and viewing his figure through a distance of more than 3000 miles, slightly obscured by political haze, we had arrived at the apotheosis of that sturdy, if rather homicidal, old Indian. But it approximated apotheosis. Very painful to us, therefore, is the course of a portion of the American colony in Mexico City who met and passed resolutions to this effect:

> We emphatically indorse the nonrecognition of the traitor, assassin, usurper, Huerta, the most shameless and abhorrent criminal of the country.

They also approved Carranza's recognition and declared that Mexican as well as American interests demand Mr. Wilson's re-election. These gentlemen, domiciled right at the Mexican capital, are too close to Huerta in both time and space to appreciate the true but unostentatious nobility of the grand and felonious old man of Mexico. The perspective of G. O. P. spellbinders at Joplin, Mo., Akron, O., Muskegon, Mich., or Ilion, N. Y., is likely to be much clearer and more accurate.

FALSE TEETH AND TONGUES.

Senator Jones of Washington was in the midst of a Hughes harangue and strenuously abusing Wilson the other day when his false teeth flew out and broke up the meeting. Let us hope that the Senator has recovered his false teeth, equilibrium and urbanity in the meantime.

The last time we heard of false teeth behaving in this manner was when a perjurer was in the midst of a declaration before a grand jury. However, there is no pointed analogy between the instances, as the Senator was not on oath.

Not all Hughes orators have false teeth, we presume. But it is a fortunate thing that false tongues do not fly out, else the Hughes campaign would lose a good deal of its eloquence.

PRESIDENTS AS SELF-ADVERTISERS.

> Mr. Wilson is a poor salesman of himself. In an age swayed by advertising, he is a poor advertiser and in a nation which forms its opinions largely by reading headlines, he is a poor headliner—Ray Stannard Baker in Collier's.

Mr. Baker puts his finger on the one weak point in the Wilson campaign. Had the President possessed a hundredth part of Col. Roosevelt's inclination and ability to hang up three-sheets on himself, his opponents would face a problem very different and very much more difficult from the one they are facing. The elevation of the President's motives and the unprecedented record his administration has made while in office would be so well known to the people and the popular verdict thereon would by this time be so mature and unqualified that politicians would attack and disparage him at their peril.

The Republican plan of campaign has been made with no little discernment to assault Mr. Wilson at his one vulnerable point, as it may be called from the standpoint of practical politics—the relatively unformed opinion of the great mass of unthinking voters as to the comparative capacity of the administration and the quality of its acts.

But the politicians have overdone the thing. The intemperance shown in disparagement, the failure to discriminate among acts and policies of different merit, the spiteful and unsparing denunciation of everything in the record simply because it is Mr. Wilson's record have aroused natural suspicion and brought about a reaction. If Cleveland was loved by some because of the enemies he made, Wilson is winning popular regard and affection because of some of the acts for which he manifestly is being unjustly abused.

The election will throw light on a question of some speculative interest. This is whether, if the patriotic service of some of our greatest Presidents of the past had been deferred to the present, a fatal deficiency in their equipment might not be detected; whether their ignorance of or hesitancy to employ the methods of the self-advertiser and headliner might not seriously handicap their careers of usefulness and brilliancy.

MR. TAFT AS CITIZEN AND POLITICIAN.

Immediately after the sinking of the Lusitania on May 7, 1915, Ex-President Taft wrote a letter to President Wilson expressing confidence in his ability to handle the situation wisely. At the Union League Club in Philadelphia, May 12, of that year, he warmly commended Mr. Wilson. "Look back in our history," he said, "and answer me, if the resistance of Presidents to the demands of the extremists for war has not earned for them the gratitude of their country."

At Bryn Mawr, June 4, 1915, Mr. Taft said:

> If we had had a jingo in the White House this country would now be at war with Germany. Instead, our Chief Executive is a man who appreciates his responsibility and realizes that, considering the temper of the people, a turn of his hand would plunge us into an international conflict. Let us stand by him in this juncture. Our honor is safe with him.

Now, however, Mr. Taft is denying that Mr. Wilson by his resistance to jingoism earned any gratitude from his country. A newspaper report of Mr. Taft's speech at the Grover Cleveland High School, in this city, of Oct. 27 says: "He jeered at the Democratic campaign cry that the President kept us out of the war." Conditions made possible only by Mr. Wilson's policies, which had Mr. Taft's unqualified approval a few months ago, he now describes in these words: "We are living in a fool's paradise."

At Kansas City, on May 22, 1915, Mr. Taft said that Mr. Wilson "is not a Democratic President. He is our President—first an American, the same as we are." But he is a very Democratic President now, so much so that Mr. Taft has only denunciation for what he has done.

As late as his speeches at the Odeon and Graham chapel, in this city, last April, Mr. Taft made a plea "to refrain from caustic criticism of the President" and warned his hearers that Mexico is an international nuisance, and that intervention would occupy 200,000 men for two years. Now he himself has nothing but caustic criticism for the President and for Vera Cruz.

Which was right—Mr. Taft, the patriotic American citizen, or Mr. Taft, the biased American politician? If we ought "to stand by Mr. Wilson" 18 months ago, why not stand by him now? If "our honor was safe with him" in 1915, why is it not safe with him in 1916?

O for a Lodge in some vast wilderness of Ananiases!

THE MAN WHO SAYS "YES."

Physicians are puzzled over the case of a man in the observation ward who can say only one word—"Yes." That is his answer to everything.

Ordinarily the case of a man who says only "yes" is simple; that is the cause rather than the effect of his malady. "Yes" if persisted in is little short of fatal.

To "get by" in this difficult maze of life a man must be able occasionally to say "no" to doctors, importunate relatives, bill collectors, employes, insurance agents, convivial friends, and generally to people who offer something for nothing. "No" is the principal defensive weapon of speech and is often the expression of the first law of nature.

"Yes" is imperatively necessary only in the marriage service and when confronted by highwaymen, instances where resistance is impossible or futile. It is the expression of a bland disposition, but it is the key to the poorhouse, it locks the cell door behind the convict, seals the drunkard's doom and sears the soul with more lies than any other word. On the other hand, it is the magic word that often opens the door to happiness, and is the one successful answer to the knock of opportunity. In fine, it should be used discriminatingly and alternated frequently by a good, strong "NO!"

The airman who hit the Bank of England with a bomb has not been identified at the bank. Perhaps he will try to make another deposit.

SORRY CAMPAIGN SPECTACLE.

There is no dispute as to the Hanna-esque coercion of Du Pont Powder Co. employes for the benefit of the party of the late Mr. Hanna. General Manager James Lynah of the powder plant at Haskell, N. J., declares frankly: "We are preparing for a thorough campaign for the Republican party. There are at least 70,000 men employed in the powder factories. Their vote for the Republican party will be requested as the result of a conference of high officials and directors of the company."

The impropriety is even ranker than the coercion of their workers by the great trust beneficiaries of the tariff. The Powder Trust deals directly with the Government. In times of peace Washington is the trust's best customer. Under an administration to whose success it had contributed thousands of votes as well as tens of thousands in campaign subscriptions, it hopes, of course, to be a favored contractor. This is just a little grosser than anything that has so far come to light in the campaign.

It will increase the public gratification that Government plants for making nitro and armor plate have already been provided for. It will strengthen the demand for Government plants making all kinds of war munitions.

SENATOR LODGE'S RETRACTION.

From the Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

A generous instinct is a safeguard in politics as in other relations of life. Its possession would have saved Senator Lodge from his sorry performance in regard to the mythical postscript. Coupled with his experience and knowledge of men and conditions, it would have kept his eyes open to the absurdities of the garbled story passed on by a man unfamiliar with the affairs at issue. Last night the senior Senator made an unhandsome retraction and a labored effort to obscure the issue. Throughout the episode Senator Lodge has harmed no one but himself. Mr. Wilson might have thanked him for bringing up the matter and leaving it, as it only can be left, with an emphatic advertisement of the President's refusal to weaken the Lusitania note. It is a pity that in a year in which he seemed, at one time at least, to view foreign relations on a higher plane, Mr. Lodge should have permitted bitter partisanship to betray him.

THE ISSUE IN 1912, THE ISSUE TODAY.

JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH by Clark McAdams

PANETELA.

YES, Luella,
All is ready
For the answers
At the polls;
All the principals
Have taken
To the shelter
Of their holes.
Some of these
Will not be opened
After Tuesday,
Like as not,
But the occupants,
My dearie,
Are, at that,
A hopeful lot.

Mr. Hughes,
Who wears the whiskers
Where the Autumn
Breezes blow,
Thinks the spirit
Of rebellion
Fills the
Populace below.
What we want,
In his opinion,
Is a corner
In the scrap,
And he confidently
Looks to
Sort of cleaning
Up the map.

Mr. Wilson,
Having ruled us
For a period
Of years,
Thinks he probably
Has saved us
Shedding some
Of Europe's tears.
Whether he is
Quite mistaken
In believing
That we feel
Satisfied
With his opinion,
Only Tuesday
Can reveal.

Anyway,
My little girlie,
All the stage
Is nicely set.
On the one hand
Are the fighters
Under Roosevelt's
Aigrette.
All their armour
Shows resplendent
In the glory
Of the sun,
And they only
Wait our sanction
Ere the action
Is begun.

On the other
Hand is Wilson,
Standing doggedly
For peace;
No one there
Is armed for battle
Save the
Usual police.
There are those
Who think that Europe
Is a warning
To us all,
And the women
Stand among them
With their backs
Against the wall.

See the face
Of Theodorus—
Second figure
At the right!
What contempt
He has for Wilson,
Who deprived us
Of a fight!
What a craven
Lot of cowards
All those
Mollycoddles are,
When we might
Have shown our mettle,
Like the Kaiser
And the Czar!

That is all,
My dear Luella—
All the rest
Is merely talk.
What we must
Decide, my dearie,
Is the way
That we shall walk.
Whether we
Shall follow Wilson,
Who is doing
Very well,
Or shall go
With Theodorus
To the very
Gates of Hell!

NOVEMBER 4.

Only four days now till Wall street,
Sadly rising from its couch,
Hears that celebrated highway
Still reverbrating "Ouch!"

IN SIGNS.

A pupil of the Harrison school carried a banner the other day on which he expressed his sentiments with some pith.

> Vote for the President
> Vote for the Zoo,
> And vote for the
> School Amendment, too.

Sign at a picture show:

> Pauline Fredicks in Ashes

A MEMORY.

I HAVE seen the seagulls fly
Black against the sunset sky—
Seen the fisherman at dark
Sailing in his shallow bark—
Seen the purpling shadows dri'
Softly on the rocky cliff—
Heard the sleepy tide at play
Moving toward the restless bay—
Felt the salt air's balmy sting,
Heard the port-bound sailors sing— . .
Watched YOU standing on the shore—
But these things shall be no more.

—JULIA CLOPTON CRESAP.

ANSWERS TO QUERIES

BEAUTY CULTURE.

S. C. H.—Try rolling on the floor back and forth for hip reduction.

R. H. E.—For blackheads: Four ounces tincture of green soap, 4½ ounces distilled witch hazel; mix, apply every second day and wash off immediately with hot water.

MARG.—Greaseless cream: Corn flour, 2 drams; glycerin, 10 drams; water, 20 ounces. Make the flour into a paste with a little of the water and then add the rest. Boil the mixture and then put away until cream is cold, when glycerin should be added.

DULLY.—In olden days salted water was considered an excellent cosmetic for brightening the eyes and a few drops were daily dropped in. Boric lotion has taken the place of this simpler remedy. See that your health is perfect. Belladonna is poisonous, and though it may dilate your pupils and give a glistening appearance the use of the drug will, in time, injure. Good health makes the eyes bright.

HEALTH HINTS.

D.—Perhaps you didn't go to the right druggist. Try phoning wholesale druggist. If you can't get it you will get the oil. San Francisco is a city of evening fog and sharp changes of temperature. On summer days wraps are frequently carried: summer temperature, 76 degrees; winter 56.

ILLINOIS.—A physician says he has 47 cases of goiter under care and has never had occasion to treat one case just like another. Another physician says: Surgery cures some cases of goiter; some are cured by medicinal treatment; some resist all kinds of treatment; some get well spontaneously. You may see goiter statements at this office.

HOUSEHOLD HELPS.

MRS. C. M. R.—To soften stiffened fur you might try rubbing neatsfoot oil into the flesh side.

BEGINNER.—Gold braid and other gilt trimmings may be freshened by sifting over them a mixture of powdered alum and bread crumbs. After sifting it over the braid take a piece of old flannel and rub gently, yet firmly. Then brush out all the crumbs and rub with a piece of velvet—a bit of any old colored velvet will do. This method will also clean gold lace.

J. P.—Brass bed: With wood alcohol remove all old lacquer, then polish to the desired luster with a good metal polish, such as the kind used for polishing the brasses of a motor car. When properly polished the brass can again be lacquered. After this, if the workmanship is good, the brass will be as attractive as new. Somebody says: If brass is lacquered, clean with warm water, dry thoroughly, polish with chamois. Lacquer for brass: Alcohol, 1 pint; turmeric, 1 oz.; annatto and saffron, 2 drams each. Agitate frequently for a week, filter into a clean bottle and add seed lac, 3 oz. Let stand, with occasional agitation, for about two weeks.

MRS. E. J.—Where the fur has been eaten away there is no remedy. When moths are in furs, take the piece into the open air on a sunny day and shake thoroughly. Slap quickly on the reverse side, to dislodge every particle of dust, then, with a clean, coarse-toothed comb, comb the fur thoroughly, but not overvigorously. If moths are there the chances are that some loose fur, that has been eaten off, will come out. Then sponge the fur well with gasoline, wetting the fur, but not the hide. While it is still wet, wrap it closely in newspapers and put away in an air-tight box and keep so for several days. This treatment ordinarily kills both moths and the eggs.

LAW POINTS.

CONSTANT READER.—Statutes of Missouri provide that, in event of divorce, husband may substitute another beneficiary in wife's stead, which probably he has done within the 4 years since your divorce; if not, and he is still paying the premiums, you could collect.

INEXPERIENCED.—Whether notes were made in your name or that of the person you refer to does not matter, except that in the latter case such party should indorse his name on back of each, and doing so and delivery to you completes the transaction, you then being the lawful owner. That is the usual way of doing things in a case such as you refer to.

READER.—In event of divorce, be it for husband's fault or not, he loses his right of curtesy or other material right. As to wife, however, if for her fault she loses her dower, but retains it if for husband's fault, dower here meaning as to realty only, and as to personal property she has no claim even though for his fault. As to property held jointly, in event of divorce each would hold as undivided half interest in common, and as to his half wife retains dower if divorced for his fault. Conveyances are made in most cases in disregard to this statute, without precautions being taken to obtain wife's signature and it is not detected as husband palms himself off as a single man, whereas if as a divorced man it would be.

INSURANCE.—It has been held that a person who secured a policy on the life of another cannot collect it unless such person has an insurable interest in the life of insured and if otherwise the policy is merely a wagering contract and not enforceable; it is founded upon public policy forbidding speculative contracts upon human life. It has been held that a wife has an insurable interest in the life of her husband; minor children in the life of their father; a widow in the life of her brother; a creditor in the life of his debtor for sum only due him, and one dependent upon another for support. As to an uncle on the life of his nephew and adult brothers on the life of the other, it has been held that they have no insurable interest. As to a person insuring his own life (making someone the beneficiary who has no insurable interest) and he (the insured) paying the premiums, in such case the policy is valid and not a wager.

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. D. Q.—Illinois woman may vote for President.

READER.—We do not advise as to investments, except to say investigate thoroughly. Talk with a show manager.

L. A. W.—In the Danbury hatters' case Judge Hughes, in the later proceedings, took ground against the hatters.

FREDDIE.—One automobile man says heavy grease on threads of stop cock will prevent gasoline leakage; or wrap with fine cotton cord.

JAM.—Next Tuesday will be a legal holiday in Missouri. (As to betting, you should judge by your experience. One rule does not apply to all).

A. H. M.—For successful and defeated presidential and vice presidential candidates, see pages 721-23 World Almanac, at this office or in Public Library reference room.

REGETS.—State-wide prohibition amendment to the Constitution was introduced by H. F. Faris of Clinton, treasurer of the National Prohibition party. He is not a member of the Anti-Saloon League.

GRACE DARLING.—With special attachment one-footed person can drive an automobile. (2) Not much difference in ease of operation of various automobiles. (3) Many dealers in low-priced cars sell on time payments.

PROBATIONARY.—The [illegible] of probationary patrolman [illegible] by the State Legislature at [illegible] month. The Board of Police Commissioners has nothing to do with it. Probationaries are promoted in regular order when vacancies in the rank of patrolman occur. A man sometimes has to serve two or three years before he is promoted to full rank.

TAXPAYER.—We cannot undertake to say what future city taxes there will be. The city has power to assess, levy and collect taxes for all general and special purposes on all subjects or objects of taxation. Mr. Blythe says: To pay interest charges and provide a sinking fund to repay the school bonds when they become due in 20 years would require 70 cents on each $100 valuation. This means that a person paying taxes on $1000 worth of property would pay $3.50 cents a year.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER, Dec. 12, 1878.
Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co., 210-212 N. Broadway.

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Remit either by postal order, express money order or St. Louis exchange.

By Carrier. { In St. Louis and Suburbs, per month ..... 50c / Out of St. Louis, per month 65c

Entered at postoffice, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class matter.

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM.

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

POST-DISPATCH Circulation

Average for the first 10 Months of 1916:

Sunday Only 358,188
Daily Average 206,114

Equaled Only by FIVE SUNDAY Newspapers in the UNITED STATES. Three in New York and Two in Chicago.
Biggest West of the Mississippi.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

The Nonpartisan Ballot.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I need only mention the fact that members comprising the St. Louis Board of Aldermen, are all of one political division, leaving all the voters of other political divisions without representation. Can anyone of any political division justify such a system? The proposed amendment will remedy this injustice and permit minority representation.

The city of St. Louis is a great corporation which is in nowise related to national policies. In the matter of electing officials to conduct this great corporation, efficiency and character should be the test, and not as to what political party the candidate is affiliated with. To keep our streets, sewers, parks, waterworks, etc., up to date has nothing to do with whether the administration of the general government is Democratic or Republican. The city government is not interested, as such in our foreign relation, high or low tariff, reserve banks and other topics of national import, but every one of us is interested in getting good, honest and efficient officers to conduct the corporate business of the city of St. Louis, and it ought to be a matter of perfect indifference what party affiliation these officials may claim. Honest, efficient officials, regardless of political affiliations should be the rule.

Our method of electing city officials seems to have been devised with a premeditated determination to give the most unworthy the better opportunity of election.

Any irresponsible citizen, with the necessary fee and nerve, can be nominated at the primary for any office to be voted for. He must designate his choice of ticket, that is all. Either Democratic, Republican, Socialist or Prohibition. He may be utterly unfit. There may be a man on another ticket running for the same office altogether qualified, but if it happens that the worthless candidate gets on your ticket, you cannot vote for the better man unless you vote the ticket he is on. You have no choice in the primary, excepting in so far as the candidates for your party is concerned.

Everybody knows the indifferance of the average citizen to the primary. The unqualified, nervy candidate is there, so are his friends. He is nominated. By the same process the qualified man is beaten on the other ticket. We now have the result of two utterly unfit candidates for the same office. The voter has no choice. The system ought to be abolished.

Under the proposed amendment a candidate cannot nominate himself by paying a registration fee. He must be nominated by a petition signed by 1 per cent of the voters, voting at the preceding election. There will be but one ticket, without partisan designation. It will give the voter an opportunity of voting for the most honest and efficient.

OWEN MILLER,
Secretary American Federation of Musicians.

A Voter's Decision.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The German Alliance have indorsed Hughes, which virtually means the Republican ticket. Do they expect Democrats to help them defeat the prohibition amendment? I for one will not.

A DEMOCRAT.

Enforcement of Nine-Hour Law.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Among letters published in a recent issue of your paper relative to the nine-hour law for female employes, would say that I am sorry the writer who signed himself, "One of Them," did not give more specific information, as it is the desire of this department to strictly enforce the law permitting a maximum of nine hours daily work wherever the law applies in this State. The writer of the letter in question expressed the hope that I would see the letter and make an investigation, but not knowing what particular places are referred to, it is impossible for me to know whether I have suppressed the violations complained of. If those who report violations would state the specific places, or would come personally to our office, we would be glad to make an investigation and, if necessary, institute criminal proceedings to see that the law is obeyed.

I know that some employers instruct employes to say that they do not work more than nine hours, and, if they are caught late at night, to say that they went to work late in the day. If there is to be successful enforcement of these laws we must have the co-operation of the employes, and employes must not fear to tell the truth regarding their hours when requested to do so by this department. Unless we can get this co-operation, and unless employes are willing to state the facts as witnesses in criminal proceedings, it is very difficult to prosecute successfully for violations.

A. B. JOHNSTON,
State Factory Inspector.

THE PROHIBITION MENACE.

Since the Post-Dispatch asked what the business men of St. Louis were doing to safeguard St. Louis against the menace of prohibition, the bankers, the real estate men and the Business Men's League have adopted strong resolutions against it.

The moral and material menace to St. Louis of the chaotic prohibition amendment has been pointed out. Its adoption would be unreasonably demoralizing because it would breed violation and contempt of law. The city would be many times worse with unregulated dens than with regulated saloons.

Without gain, but with loss on the moral side, there would be a tremendous destruction of industrial and commercial interests. St. Louis would suffer most from the closing of breweries, but the whole State would suffer greatly. It has been estimated that nearly a fourth of St. Louis industry and commerce would be knocked out. The great brewery plants built up under sanction of law and public opinion would be shut down. Industry and business dependent upon the trade of their officers and employes, upon the purchase of supplies, upon rentals of property, upon transportation would be destroyed. Banks, stores, factories and land owners would suffer. Revenue from taxes and licenses would be cut off. The tax rate would go up.

The third constitutional amendment is a vicious attack on St. Louis from every standpoint—moral, political and material. It should be voted down overwhelmingly.

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Hoch der Koenig!

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WISDOM IN ILLINOIS.

Reports from Illinois show that a woman of 65 years of age, who has been toothless for 18 years, is now cutting a third set of teeth. Also that six women belonging to one family which has heretofore been solidly Republican are going to vote for Woodrow Wilson next Tuesday, and have persuaded the male members of the household, erstwhile Republicans, to vote with them.

There is hope of Illinois cutting her political wisdom teeth even at this late stage of her development.

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DISTRESSING NEWS FROM MEXICO.

We can hardly say that, after reading Mrs. O'Shaughnessy's book, in which she frankly says Gen. Huerta was "somewhat idealized," and viewing his figure through a distance of more than 3000 miles, slightly obscured by political haze, we had arrived at the apotheosis of that sturdy, if rather homicidal, old Indian. But it approximated apotheosis. Very painful to us, therefore, is the course of a portion of the American colony in Mexico City who met and passed resolutions to this effect:

> We emphatically indorse the nonrecognition of the traitor, assassin, usurper, Huerta, the most shameless and abhorrent criminal of the country.

They also approved Carranza's recognition and declared that Mexican as well as American interests demand Mr. Wilson's re-election. These gentlemen, domiciled right at the Mexican capital, are too close to Huerta in both time and space to appreciate the true but unostentatious nobility of the grand and felonious old man of Mexico. The perspective of G. O. P. spellbinders at Joplin, Mo., Akron, O., Muskegon, Mich., or Ilion, N. Y., is likely to be much clearer and more accurate.

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FALSE TEETH AND TONGUES.

Senator Jones of Washington was in the midst of a Hughes harangue and strenuously abusing Wilson the other day when his false teeth flew out and broke up the meeting. Let us hope that the Senator has recovered his false teeth, equilibrium and urbanity in the meantime.

The last time we heard of false teeth behaving in this manner was when a perjurer was in the midst of a declaration before a grand jury. However, there is no pointed analogy between the instances, as the Senator was not on oath.

Not all Hughes orators have false teeth, we presume. But it is a fortunate thing that false tongues do not fly out, else the Hughes campaign would lose a good deal of its eloquence.

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PRESIDENTS AS SELF-ADVERTISERS.

Mr. Wilson is a poor salesman of himself. In an age swayed by advertising, he is a poor advertiser and in a nation which forms its opinions largely by reading headlines, he is a poor headliner—Ray Stannard Baker in Collier's.

Mr. Baker puts his finger on the one weak point in the Wilson campaign. Had the President possessed a hundredth part of Col. Roosevelt's inclination and ability to hang up three-sheets on himself, his opponents would face a problem very different and very much more difficult from the one they are facing. The elevation of the President's motives and the unprecedented record his administration has made while in office would be so well known to the people and the popular verdict thereon would by this time be so mature and unqualified that politicians would attack and disparage him at their peril.

The Republican plan of campaign has been made with no little discernment to assault Mr. Wilson at his one vulnerable point, as it may be called from the standpoint of practical politics—the relatively unformed opinion of the great mass of unthinking voters as to the comparative capacity of the administration and the quality of its acts.

But the politicians have overdone the thing. The intemperance shown in disparagement, the failure to discriminate among acts and policies of different merit, the spiteful and unsparing denunciation of everything in the record simply because it is Mr. Wilson's record have aroused natural suspicion and brought about a reaction. If Cleveland was loved by some because of the enemies he made, Wilson is winning popular regard and affection because of some of the acts for which he manifestly is being unjustly abused.

The election will throw light on a question of some speculative interest. This is whether, if the patriotic service of some of our greatest Presidents of the past had been deferred to the present, a fatal deficiency in their equipment might not be detected; whether their ignorance of or hesitancy to employ the methods of the self-advertiser and headliner might not seriously handicap their careers of usefulness and brilliancy.

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MR. TAFT AS CITIZEN AND POLITICIAN.

Immediately after the sinking of the Lusitania on May 7, 1915, Ex-President Taft wrote a letter to President Wilson expressing confidence in his ability to handle the situation wisely. At the Union League Club in Philadelphia, May 12, of that year, he warmly commended Mr. Wilson. "Look back in our history," he said, "and answer me, if the resistance of Presidents to the demands of the extremists for war has not earned for them the gratitude of their country."

At Bryn Mawr, June 4, 1915, Mr. Taft said:

> If we had had a jingo in the White House this country would now be at war with Germany. Instead, our Chief Executive is a man who appreciates his responsibility and realizes that, considering the temper of the people, a turn of his hand would plunge us into an international conflict. Let us stand by him in this juncture. Our honor is safe with him.

Now, however, Mr. Taft is denying that Mr. Wilson by his resistance to jingoism earned any gratitude from his country. A newspaper report of Mr. Taft's speech at the Grover Cleveland High School, in this city, of Oct. 27 says: "He jeered at the Democratic campaign cry that the President kept us out of the war." Conditions made possible only by Mr. Wilson's policies, which had Mr. Taft's unqualified approval a few months ago, he now describes in these words: "We are living in a fool's paradise."

At Kansas City, on May 22, 1915, Mr. Taft said that Mr. Wilson "is not a Democratic President. He is our President—first an American, the same as we are." But he is a very Democratic President now, so much so that Mr. Taft has only denunciation for what he has done.

As late as his speeches at the Odeon and Graham chapel, in this city, last April, Mr. Taft made a plea "to refrain from caustic criticism of the President" and warned his hearers that Mexico is an international nuisance, and that intervention would occupy 200,000 men for two years. Now he himself has nothing but caustic criticism for the President and for Vera Cruz.

Which was right—Mr. Taft, the patriotic American citizen, or Mr. Taft, the biased American politician? If we ought "to stand by Mr. Wilson" 18 months ago, why not stand by him now? If "our honor was safe with him" in 1915, why is it not safe with him in 1916?

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O for a Lodge in some vast wilderness of Ananiases!

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THE MAN WHO SAYS "YES."

Physicians are puzzled over the case of a man in the observation ward who can say only one word—"Yes." That is his answer to everything.

Ordinarily the case of a man who says only "yes" is simple; that is the cause rather than the effect of his malady. "Yes" if persisted in is little short of fatal.

To "get by" in this difficult maze of life a man must be able occasionally to say "no" to doctors, importunate relatives, bill collectors, employes, insurance agents, convivial friends, and generally to people who offer something for nothing. "No" is the principal defensive weapon of speech and is often the expression of the first law of nature.

"Yes" is imperatively necessary only in the marriage service and when confronted by highwaymen, instances where resistance is impossible or futile. It is the expression of a bland disposition, but it is the key to the poorhouse, it locks the cell door behind the convict, seals the drunkard's doom and sears the soul with more lies than any other word. On the other hand, it is the magic word that often opens the door to happiness, and is the one successful answer to the knock of opportunity. In fine, it should be used discriminatingly and alternated frequently by a good, strong "NO!"

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The airman who hit the Bank of England with a bomb has not been identified at the bank. Perhaps he will try to make another deposit.

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SORRY CAMPAIGN SPECTACLE.

There is no dispute as to the Hanna-esque coercion of Du Pont Powder Co. employes for the benefit of the party of the late Mr. Hanna. General Manager James Lynah of the powder plant at Haskell, N. J., declares frankly: "We are preparing for a thorough campaign for the Republican party. There are at least 70,000 men employed in the powder factories. Their vote for the Republican party will be requested as the result of a conference of high officials and directors of the company."

The impropriety is even ranker than the coercion of their workers by the great trust beneficiaries of the tariff. The Powder Trust deals directly with the Government. In times of peace Washington is the trust's best customer. Under an administration to whose success it had contributed thousands of votes as well as tens of thousands in campaign subscriptions, it hopes, of course, to be a favored contractor. This is just a little grosser than anything that has so far come to light in the campaign.

It will increase the public gratification that Government plants for making nitro and armor plate have already been provided for. It will strengthen the demand for Government plants making all kinds of war munitions.

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SENATOR LODGE'S RETRACTION.

From the Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

A generous instinct is a safeguard in politics as in other relations of life. Its possession would have saved Senator Lodge from his sorry performance in regard to the mythical postscript. Coupled with his experience and knowledge of men and conditions, it would have kept his eyes open to the absurdities of the garbled story passed on by a man unfamiliar with the affairs at issue. Last night the senior Senator made an unhandsome retraction and a labored effort to obscure the issue. Throughout the episode Senator Lodge has harmed no one but himself. Mr. Wilson might have thanked him for bringing up the matter and leaving it, as it only can be left, with an emphatic advertisement of the President's refusal to weaken the Lusitania note. It is a pity that in a year in which he seemed, at one time at least, to view foreign relations on a higher plane, Mr. Lodge should have permitted bitter partisanship to betray him.

THE ISSUE IN 1912, THE ISSUE TODAY.

JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH
by Clark McAdams

PANETELA.

YES, Luella,
All is ready
For the answers
At the polls;
All the principals
Have taken
To the shelter
Of their holes.
Some of these
Will not be opened
After Tuesday,
Like as not,
But the occupants,
My dearie,
Are, at that,
A hopeful lot.

Mr. Hughes,
Who wears the whiskers
Where the Autumn
Breezes blow,
Thinks the spirit
Of rebellion
Fills the
Populace below.
What we want,
In his opinion,
Is a corner
In the scrap,
And he confidently
Looks to
Sort of cleaning
Up the map.

Mr. Wilson,
Having ruled us
For a period
Of years,
Thinks he probably
Has saved us
Shedding some
Of Europe's tears.
Whether he is
Quite mistaken
In believing
That we feel
Satisfied
With his opinion,
Only Tuesday
Can reveal.

Anyway,
My little girlie,
All the stage
Is nicely set.
On the one hand
Are the fighters
Under Roosevelt's
Aigrette.
All their armour
Shows resplendent
In the glory
Of the sun,
And they only
Wait our sanction
Ere the action
Is begun.

On the other
Hand is Wilson,
Standing doggedly
For peace;
No one there
Is armed for battle
Save the
Usual police.
There are those
Who think that Europe
Is a warning
To us all,
And the women
Stand among them
With their backs
Against the wall.

See the face
Of Theodorus—
Second figure
At the right!
What contempt
He has for Wilson,
Who deprived us
Of a fight!
What a craven
Lot of cowards
All those
Mollycoddles are,
When we might
Have shown our mettle,
Like the Kaiser
And the Czar!

That is all,
My dear Luella—
All the rest
Is merely talk.
What we must
Decide, my dearie,
Is the way
That we shall walk.
Whether we
Shall follow Wilson,
Who is doing
Very well,
Or shall go
With Theodorus
To the very
Gates of Hell!

NOVEMBER 4.

Only four days now till Wall street,
Sadly rising from its couch,
Hears that celebrated highway
Still reverbrating "Ouch!"

IN SIGNS.

A pupil of the Harrison school carried a banner the other day on which he expressed his sentiments with some pith.

Vote for the President
Vote for the Zoo,
And vote for the
School Amendment, too.

Sign at a picture show:

Pauline Fredicks in Ashes

A MEMORY.

I HAVE seen the seagulls fly
Black against the sunset sky—
Seen the fisherman at dark
Sailing in his shallow bark—
Seen the purpling shadows drift
Softly on the rocky cliff—
Heard the sleepy tide at play
Moving toward the restless bay—
Felt the salt air's balmy sting,
Heard the port-bound sailors sing— . .
Watched YOU standing on the shore—
But these things shall be no more.

—JULIA CLOPTON CRESAP.

ANSWERS TO QUERIES

BEAUTY CULTURE.

S. C. H.—Try rolling on the floor back and forth for hip reduction.

R. R. E.—For blackheads: Four ounces tincture of green soap, 4½ ounces distilled witch hazel; mix, apply every second day and wash off immediately with hot water.

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D.—Perhaps you didn't go to the right druggist. Try phoning wholesale druggist. If you eat garlic you will get the oil. San Francisco is a city of evening fog and sharp changes of temperature. On summer days wraps are frequently carried; summer temperature, 76 degrees; winter 49.

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INEXPERIENCED.—Whether notes were made in your name or that of the person you refer to does not matter, except that in the latter case such party should indorse his name on back of each, and doing so and delivery to you completes the transaction, you then being the lawful owner. That is the usual way of doing things in a case such as you refer to.

READER.—In event of divorce, be it for husband's fault or not, he loses his right of curtesy or other material right. As to wife, however, if for her fault she loses her dower, but retains it if for husband's fault, dower here meaning as to realty only, and as to personal property she has no claim even though for his fault. As to property held jointly, in event of divorce each would hold as undivided half interest in common, and as to his half wife retains dower if divorced for his fault. Conveyances are made in most cases in disregard to this statute, without precaution being taken to obtain wife's signature and it is not detected as husband palms himself off as a single man, whereas if as a divorced man it would be.

INSURANCE.—It has been held that a person who secured a policy on the life of another cannot collect it unless such person has an insurable interest in the life of insured and if otherwise the policy is considered a wagering contract and not enforcible; it is founded upon public policy forbidding speculative contracts upon human life. It has been held that a wife has an insurable interest in the life of her husband; minor children in the life of their father; a widow in the life of her brother; a creditor in the life of his debtor for sum only due him, and one dependent upon another for support. As to an uncle on the life of his nephew and adult brothers on the life of the other it has been held that they have no insurable interest. As to a person insuring his own life (making somebody the beneficiary who has no insurable interest) and he (the insured) paying the premiums, in such case the policy is valid and not a wager.

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. D. C.—Illinois woman may vote for President.

READER.—We do not advise as to investments, except to say investigate thoroughly. Talk with a show manager.

L. A. W.—In the Danbury hatters' case Judge Hughes, in the later proceedings, took ground against the hatters.

FREDDIE.—One automobile man says heavy grease on threads of stop cock will prevent gasoline leakage; or wrap with fine cotton cord.

JAM.—Next Tuesday will be a legal holiday in Missouri. (As to banking, you should judge by your experience. One rule does not apply to all).

A. H. M.—For successful and defeated presidential and vice presidential candidates, see pages 72-73 World Almanac, at this office or in Public Library reference room.

REGETS.—State-wide prohibition amendment to the Constitution was introduced by H. P. Faris of Clinton, treasurer of the National Prohibition party. He is not a member of the Anti-Saloon League.

GRACE DARLING.—With special attachment one-footed person can drive an automobile. (2) Not much difference in ease of operation of various automobiles. (3) Many dealers in low-priced cars sell on time payments.

PROBATIONARY.—The salary of probationary patrolman was fixed by the State Legislature at $100 a month. The Board of Police Commissioners has nothing to do with it. Probationaries are promoted in regular order when vacancies in the rank of patrolman occur. A man sometimes has to serve two or three years before he is promoted to full rank.

TAXPAYER.—We cannot undertake to say what future city taxes there will be. The city has power to assess, levy and collect taxes for all general and special purposes on all subjects or objects of taxation. Mr. Blythe says: To pay interest charges and provide a sinking fund to repay the school bonds when they become due in 20 years would require 5 cents on each $100 valuation. This means that a person paying taxes on $1000 worth of property would pay 50 cents a year.

GARDNER REPEATS HE WOULD VETO PROHIBITION BILL

Makes Position on Liquor Question Clear in Speech at Fraternal Hall.

CROWDS AT MEETINGS

Hundreds Unable to Get in Halls at Four Places—Makes Plea for Good Roads.

Frederick D. Gardner, Democratic candidate for Governor, in a speech at Fraternal Hall, Eleventh street and Franklin avenue, last night, made a statement about his position on prohibition. He said:

"I stated repeatedly during my primary campaign that if elected Governor I would veto a Statewide prohibition bill, because it would take away from the people the right to vote on the question. That defines my attitude."

While it had been the intention of the candidates to ignore discussion of the prohibition question in the campaign, the Republicans Thursday and last night sent hecklers to Gardner's meeting to ask him how he stood on prohibition. The Democrats retaliated last night by sending hecklers to the meetings of Judge Lamm, to ask him the same question.

Makes Position Clear.

In explaining his position on prohibition last night, Gardner said he had learned yesterday that a heckler in his meeting Thursday night had asked him how he stood on prohibition, but that he did not understand the question at the time. He had been informed, he said, that hecklers were to be sent to his meetings by Republicans to harass him, and that when the heckler started to ask a question he refused to be interrupted. Since he had learned what the question was, he said, he was only too glad to state his position.

"I have never tried to conceal my position on anything," Gardner said, "and I'll answer the question now and tell how I will treat the liquor question when I am Governor."

Gardner spoke at four meetings last night. At every meeting the halls were crowded, and hundreds were unable to gain admission. He spoke first at Stuart's Hall, 5523 Easton avenue, then at Druid's Hall, Ninth and Market streets, Fraternal Hall, and at Dewey Hall, 2201 South Broadway.

At the Druid's Hall meeting, John P. Collins, an undertaker, formerly a member of the State Senate, entertained the audience with a discussion of international law and a bitter denunciation of Joseph W. Folk, former Governor, before Gardner's arrival. At the Fraternal Hall meeting Speaker Champ Clark spoke before Gardner arrived.

Gardner's Speeches Short.

Gardner's speeches were all short, and were principally an appeal to the people of St. Louis as his neighbors to support him for Governor. He said that while he never expected to run for another office, he wanted the people of Missouri to give him a commission to manage the campaign of Speaker Clark for President in 1920.

"When I am Governor—and I am going to be, because I am going to be elected by the greatest majority ever given to a Governor—I propose to be a builder," Gardner said.

"I favor an equitable and just workmen's compensation law.

"I favor the abolition of the convict labor system in the penitentiary.

"I favor a state highway system that will give Missouri the finest roads in America.

"Last year the State paid to the public schools more than $3,000,000, the largest sum ever disbursed among them. I propose to make this school fund larger every year of my administration. I want to see Missouri have the finest public school system in this country."

Gardner made an appeal for the election of Senator Reed and State Senator Mike Kinney.

"When Lamm started into his campaign he challenged Gardner to a joint debate," Speaker Clark said. "Now Gardner has been a business man and not a debater, and declined the challenge. But since I've heard Gardner make three stump speeches, I am sorry he didn't accept the challenge. He can make as good a stump speech as any man in this State, and if he had accepted the challenge he would have run Lamm out of Missouri before this time.

"I said at the time the challenge was made that the Republicans ought to have also issued a challenge for Walter Dickey to debate with Senator James A. Reed. I'd go 200 miles any day to hear that debate, because I know the air would be full of fur, and there would not be a hair left on Dickey's hide when Senator Reed got through with him.

Clark Willing to Debate.

"Now if Judge Lamm will come down off of his high horses and condescend to debate with the humble Speaker of the House of Representatives I'll take him through a course of sprouts myself.

"When Lamm couldn't get a debate our of Gardner, he began picking on Major. Now Major was not bothering Lamm, but the Judge kept on until Major challenged him to a debate. And that was the most remarkable challenge ever made. Major offered to pay Judge Lamm's traveling and hotel expenses, and $25 a day for every day of the debates. At Mexico the other day he repeated the challenge and offered a bonus of $50 to anybody who could get Lamm on the platform with him. Major can take care of himself, because I taught him how to debate."

Speaker Clark said that all the Progressives in Congress, and a large majority of the Republicans, had voted for nearly all the important measures advocated by President Wilson.

These were such good laws, Speaker Clark said, that the Republican Congressmen did not dare vote against them and go home and ask for re-election. He said:

"Congressman Rodenberg of East St. Louis only last week made a speech an hour long defending the Adamson bill, which he voted for, and which Hughes has been attacking. Wilson is going to carry Wisconsin in this election, because Senator La Follette, running for re-election as a Republican, has not dared to mention Hughes' name in the campaign, but has devoted all of his time to defending the Democratic tariff law, for which he voted, the ship purchase bill, the eight-hour bill and the land credits bill.

"Throughout this country there are 75 Republican Congressmen defending the Adamson law, which Hughes has been attacking, because they voted for it. That's one reason why Hughes cannot be elected. Among these Congressmen is Uncle Joe Cannon, the ablest Republican in Washington."

Speaker Clark told many humorous stories, and kept the audience laughing until Gardner came in.

Would Put T. R. in Trenches.

"I wish somebody would grab this fellow Roosevelt and stick him in the trenches in Europe for a few days," the Speaker said. "He would have no trouble in finding all the fighting there he wants.

"I want to tell you this thing: If the Republicans carry the United States Senate, there is no power on earth can keep Henry Cabot Lodge, who is more of an Englishman than George V, from succeeding William Joel Stone as chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate. In all of these troublesome times, Wilson has leaned more on Senator Stone, now chairman of that committee, than any other man."

Speaker Clark said that it would be a disgrace to Missouri to allow Senator Reed, the ablest debater in the Senate, who has made a greater reputation in one term than any other Senator with the single exception of James S. Greene of Missouri, now almost forgotten, to be beaten by Walter S. Dickey, a millionaire.

He said that Missouri Senators had always been selected for their ability and not their money, and that it was to the credit of the Republicans when they had one opportunity to elect a Senator that they turned down a millionaire and elected the late William Warner, "who was as poor as Job's turkey."

"Some prophet has been up in my district and caused reports to be printed that I was likely to be beaten," the Speaker added. "Now I can only wish that this prophet will live until I am defeated in that district. He will be a much older man than he is now."

Workman Killed by Fumes.

Ben Giberson, 51 years old, of 1901 South Broadway, was overcome by fumes when at work at the plant of the Monsanto Chemical Co., 1800 South Second street, yesterday afternoon, and died last night at the city hospital.

Standard Oil Multimillionaire's Widow, Reported Engaged to Marry

MRS. HENRY M. FLAGLER.

MRS. HENRY M. FLAGLER, widow of Henry M. Flagler, one of the founders of the Standard Oil Co., and who is said to be worth $60,000,000 to $70,000,000, is reported to be engaged to wed Judge Robert Worth Bingham of Louisville, Ky. Mrs. Flagler was the second wife of the capitalist.

GERMAN PLAN TO PROTECT NEUTRAL SHIPS REPORTED

Berlin Paper Says Guarantee That None of Cargo Should Reach Britain Is Required.

BLOOMERSDJIK CASE CITED

Proposal, if It Is Made, Would Abolish Enforced Discharge of Freight at Kirkwall.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—A special dispatch from Amsterdam features a statement of the Berlin Kreuz Zeitung that Germany has decided to make the safety of neutral ships carrying neutral cargoes dependent upon guarantees that no part of such cargoes shall be landed, whether through British compulsion or not, at any British port.

Such guarantees, according to the Kreuz Zeitung, can consist only in formal undertakings by Great Britain and such an undertaking will be recognized by Germany only from case to case.

This is taken to mean that in event of any neutral cargo or part thereof being landed in England, the German Government immediately will cease to recognize the inviolability of ships.

The Berlin paper implies that the case of the Dutch freighter Bloomersdijk, which was sunk by a German submarine off Nantucket Oct. 8, will be argued along these lines and it will be contended that since the intermediate destination was Kirkwall there was no guarantee that the whole cargo would reach Holland.

The British press also infers from a Berlin dispatch summarized in the Koelnische Zeitung that Germany proposes to sink all neutral ships, whether bearing neutral cargoes or otherwise, unless Great Britain consents to abandon the right to compel discharges at Kirkwall of any part of a neutral cargo suspected of having an enemy destination.

TWO MURDERS ON SHIP CHARGED

Crew of Schooner From South Africa Have Captain and Mate Held.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—Warrants charging murder on the high seas were issued yesterday against Capt. D. O. Killman, of the American schooner Henry K. Hall, and his mate, Fred Hansen. Six members of the crew exhibited bruises and told a tale of horrors aboard ship between Port Townsend, Wash., and Durban, South Africa, and return, which, they charged included the murder of two of the crew.

Capt. Killman and Hansen are charged in one warrant with the death of one man while Hansen individually is accused of the murder of another sailor. The Henry K. Hall was 113 days coming from Durban.

Alton Woman Struck by Auto.

Mrs. L. Griffith of 550 East Broadway, Alton, was struck yesterday by an automobile owned and driven by William Neerman. She has a scalp wound, a bruised jaw, several broken ribs and bruises.

100 SAID TO BE LOST IN BRITISH SHIP COLLISION

Connemara and Retriever Both Sunk in Accident in Irish Channel.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—In one of the worst gales ever known in the Irish Sea the British steamship Connemara, with passengers and a cargo of cattle from Greenore, Ireland, for Holyhead, Wales, collided last night, just outside the Carlingford bar, with the British steamship Retriever, laden with coal. Both vessels sank immediately, with an estimated loss of life of about 100. Of the 50 passengers and crew of 31 aboard the Connemara there is only one survivor. It is virtually certain there were no Americans on board. The entire crew of the Retriever was lost.

Many bodies are being washed ashore on the Irish coast. Numbers of cattle also are being washed up, some alive.

The weather was so rough that it would have been impossible to launch any boats, even had time permitted.

The Connemara was of 1106 tons. The Retriever was of 674 tons gross.

A steamer service is maintained by the London & Northwestern Railway between Holyhead, Wales, and Greenore, Ireland, a distance of about 80 miles across the Irish Sea.

Mail From England on Slow Ship.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—No mail from England or France has been received here this week, owing to the fact that the British postal authorities sent it on the Cunard Line steamer Carpathia, one of the slowest ships in the Atlantic passenger service. The Carpathia is due here today.

Kansas University Poll for Wilson.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., Nov. 4.—In a poll of the University of Kansas votes were cast by 1704 students and members of the faculty. Wilson received 921 and Hughes 683. Of the votes 596 were by young women, who gave Wilson 380, Hughes 216.

Post-Dispatch Election Returns Free at Coliseum

The Post-Dispatch will display election bulletins next Tuesday night at two places—at its new building at Twelfth and Olive streets and at the Coliseum, Jefferson and Washington avenues.

The Post-Dispatch again has rented the Coliseum as it did four years ago, and cordially invites all who wish to go there to be its guests. The seats will all be free and, except for a few box reservations, the rule will be first choice for first comers.

There will be music by Seymour's Band.

At Twelfth and Olive streets the bulletins will be thrown from steropticons upon screens over spacious Twelfth street, so that they can be read for a great distance either north or south of Olive street. Thousands can gather here and read the returns as rapidly as they come in.

At both the Coliseum and at the Post-Dispatch's new building comic and educational films will be shown when the returns lag.

Free to Everybody—Everybody Invited

COL. KENLY AVIATION HEAD

Commandant at Barracks Will Depart Soon for San Diego.

Col. William L. Kenly, commandant at Jefferson Barracks since January, has been appointed to succeed Col. Samuel Reber, a native St. Louisan, as head of the army aviation work at San Diego, Cal. Col. Kenly will be succeeded here by Col. G. Le Roy Irwin, Fourth Field Artillery, a former classmate at West Point.

Col. Reber until a few months ago was a Lieutenant Colonel. Charges attacking his conduct were made and a reorganization took place. With the changes he was made a Colonel by President Wilson.

Col. Kenly has served in Cuba, the Philippines and along the Mexican border. He was made a Colonel July 1, 1916.

Lillian Russell's Husband Bets $10,000 on Hughes in Ohio.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 4.—Alexander P. Moore, proprietor of the Pittsburg Leader, and the husband of Lillian Russell, has wagered $10,000 against $8000 that Charles E. Hughes, the Republican nominee, will carry Ohio.

"HIGH COST" HITS BEAN BAGS

Manufacturer Makes Proposal to Fill Them With Cherry Pits.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The bean bag, which for many years has been a feature of play in the public schools of the country, is hard hit by the high cost of living. The proposal of a bean bag maker to a committee of the Chicago Board of Education yesterday to substitute cherry pits for the navy beans in the manufacture of bags, revealed the situation.

The bean has gone to war in Europe and the Mexican border, leaving a greatly reduced supply at a highly increased cost for beanbag purchasers, according to the manufacturer. The wholesale price approximates $7 a bushel.

One Month of Munition Exports.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The Allied Governments bought from American firms during September firearms and munitions to the amount of $117,500 for every hour of the day and night. The total was more than $84,500,000. The exports included cartridges of the value of $5,788,653; gunpowder, value $34,886,943; all other explosives, $34,615,989; firearms, value $9,259,253.

6 BIG DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS TONIGHT

Six big Democratic meetings will be held in St. Louis tonight, while the Republicans will concentrate all their efforts on one meeting at the Coliseum, at which former United States Senator Albert Beveridge of Indiana will be the only speaker.

The Democrats of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Eighteenth and Twenty-first wards will have a meeting in North St. Louis Turner Hall, Twentieth and Salisbury streets, at which Fred D. Gardner, Democratic candidate for Governor, and William L. Igoe, Congressman from the Eleventh District, will be the speakers.

The Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second and Twenty-sixth wards will have a joint meeting at Northwest Turner Hall, 2946 Easton avenue, at which Gardner and Frank W. McAllister, Democratic candidate for Attorney-General, will be the speakers.

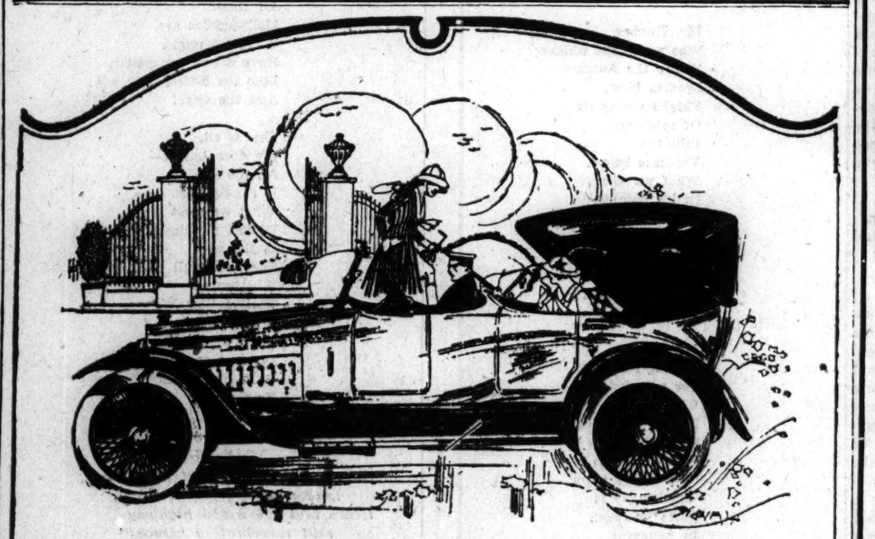
The Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth wards will hold a joint meeting at the Soldan High School, where Senator James A. Reed, Gardner, Circuit Attorney Thomas B. Harvey and H. S. Hartzog will speak.

The Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Twenty-fourth wards will have a joint meeting at the Tower Grove Turnverein, Grand avenue and Juniata street, at which Gardner and several other candidates will speak.

The Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Sixteenth wards will hold a joint meeting at Druid's Hall, Ninth and Market streets, where Senator Reed, Gardner and State Senator Michael Kinney are scheduled for speeches.

There will be a Jewish meeting at Share Sphard Temple, Fifteenth and Wash streets, where Philip P. Brigston and Max M. Korshak of Chicago, and Cone Johnson, solicitor of the State Department, will be the speakers.

U. S. GOVERNMENT buys STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE
To Kill RATS, MICE and COCKROACHES
Housekeepers Should Use It
SOLD EVERYWHERE—25c and $1.00



The World's Smartest Vehicle

The Car of a Thousand Speeds

OWEN MAGNETIC

OWEN MAGNETIC

¶ Two factors make the Owen Magnetic stand out above all other automobiles.

First—elegance of body and appointments—work of master coach builders.

Second—mechanical superiority—power is carried from engine to wheels by smooth, elastic magnetic transmission.

¶ Here is real motoring luxury. On a long road the sensation is like flying—in the constant stops and starts of congested traffic there is no jar. Nerve-racking jolts are gone because there are no change-speed gears. Instead of three or four speeds there are a thousand speeds—the power turns on and off like water. To the experienced motorist the performance of this car is uncanny.

¶ When desired bodies to order by great carriage builders; chassis built and equipped by the Baker R. & L. Company, allied—both in finances and manufacturing—with the General Electric Company. Distinguished people own this car of real distinction.

Demonstration by Appointment

LEACH-BROUSTER & CO.

3037-39 Locust Street

"When a feller needs a friend—"

The days of old—with bedrooms cold!

—From original cartoon made by Claire Briggs for American Radiator Company

The days of ease—with heat to please!

The discomforts of early youth become the humorous anecdotes of the man of 35. But old-fashioned heating is still a sad reality to wife and children left to shiver and struggle with make-shift heating devices in the home long after forgetful, sturdy father has gone to the snug, radiator-warmed store, shop, or office. Why not stop the wastes and costs of postponement, by at once happifying the family with an outfit of

AMERICAN RADIATORS & IDEAL BOILERS

IDEAL Smokeless Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators are the efficient, clean, healthful, silent, reliable servant of the house-owner—they do more for cheer, work-saving, and economy than any other material or article you put into your home! They *reduce the cost of living and better the living.*

A No. 22 IDEAL Boiler and 240 ft. of 38-in. AMERICAN Radiators, costing the owner $135, were used to hot water heat this cottage. At this price the goods can be bought of any reputable, competent Fitter. This did not include cost of labor, pipe, valves, freight, etc., which vary according to climatic and other conditions.

Heating that makes you feel friendly to every "feller"

Extensive manufacturing enables us to put into our outfits the best ideas and practices of scientific and skilled men, and at lowest costs. Nowhere else, in any line, can the public obtain equal value or lower price. Don't wait until you build, but put in at once this genuine, enduring foundation of comfort. Our name is cast on each IDEAL Boiler and AMERICAN Radiator—*your* guarantee—*accept no substitute!*

Get an estimate now!

Dealers are glad to furnish estimate to anyone who takes a bona fide interest in radiator heating. Better act at once—as at this season you get the service of the most skillful fitters. Ask for the (free) book of heating facts: "Ideal Heating." Puts you under no obligation to buy.

IDEAL Boilers are made upon the unit or sectional plan. If building is altered (60% of all structures are remodeled), the IDEAL Boiler may at any time be easily and quickly changed in size.

A genuine, practical, built-in Vacuum Cleaner

We also make the ARCO WAND Vacuum Cleaner, connected by an iron suction pipe to various floors of the house, flat, school, church, hotel, etc. No dragging around a clumsy, inefficient portable cleaner—instead you have a practical outfit that is a part of the building—like radiator heating. In sizes at $115 up. Ask for catalog (free).

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Public Showrooms at Chicago, New York, Boston, Worcester, Providence, Philadelphia, Wilmington, Washington, Baltimore, Rochester, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Atlanta, Birmingham, New Orleans, Indianapolis, Milwaukee, Des Moines, Omaha, Minneapolis, St. Paul, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Seattle, Portland, Spokane, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Toronto, Brantford (Ont.), London, Paris, Brussels, Berlin, Cologne, Milan, Vienna

Fifty Boys and Girls Famous in History

By Albert Payson Terhune.

No. 4—ANDREW JACKSON, the Boy Warrior.

IN a mud-thatched log cabin on the border between North and South Carolina lived a lanky, lean-faced little boy—Andrew Jackson—with his widowed mother. Their home was in the midst of a region whose soil was red with the blood of slain men. For over this strip of ground some of the hottest fights of the Revolution were waged. And the lanky boy was brought face to face with all war's horrors at an age when most lads are still in grammar school. Here he learned not only a murderous hatred for his country's oppressors, but also the keen zest for warfare that later was to make him one of America's immortal soldiers.

Before he was in his teens he had tasted war. He had seen the Carolina farmers strengthen their breastworks with cotton bales (a trick he was one day to employ to splendid purpose in the battle of New Orleans). He had seen redcoats devastate the peaceful land. He had seen his ragged neighbor go unarmed into battle in the hope of snatching up some fallen comrade's musket and using it against the foe.

He had seen the murderous work of England's Indian allies, and had planned the vengeance he was afterward to wreak on these same savages.

When he was little more than 10 he one day wielded a rifle in defending a log fort from a band of marauding Tories. He fired with deadly accuracy, and more than one man in the attacking force fell beneath the barefoot child's wonderful aim. Soon afterward he rode for his life from a squad of pursuing red-coat dragoons.

A Brutal Punishment.

When he was 13 he and the patriot troop in which he had fought as a volunteer were captured. Andrew was assigned to do valet service for a British cavalry Captain.

The Captain flung a pair of muddy riding boots at the boy and bade him clean them. Andrew refused, point blank, proudly declaring that he was a prisoner of war and not a bootblack. The Captain, in fury at the stubborn reply, slashed at the youngster with his saber.

Andrew had no time to duck the blow. He threw up one arm to guard his head.

The sword edge bit deep into the thin little arm and gashed the boy's scalp as well. Jackson bore both scars all his life, but his ready guard had saved his skull from fracture.

As soon as he was well enough to be on his feet again he was ordered to guide a detachment of British soldiers to the hiding place of a patriot named Thompson. Andrew this time did not disobey the command. Instead, he guided the British to a spot where they were in full sight of the hidden fugitive. Then he arranged that they should waste so much time in getting to the place of concealment that Thompson easily escaped before they could arrive there.

Then Andrew's mother was able, at last, to secure her boy's freedom in an exchange of prisoners. But he had become infected with smallpox at prison. And illness well nigh finished what the British had begun.

Gradually he was nursed back to health. Before he was wholly well again his adored mother died.

When the Revolutionary War ended, the 16-year-old boy found himself orphaned and penniless, ill-educated and with no prospects in life.

There was nothing for him to do in his own State. After the excitement and peril of the past six years he could not bring himself to settle down to the plodding routine of plowboy or country store clerk.

Into an Unknown Land.

Then it was that he heard of a project formed by some of his war-impoverished neighbors to leave the Carolinas and begin life afresh in the Western wilderness. Such a life meant ceaseless toil and danger, for the forests abounded in big game and hostile Indians.

Yet the idea of it appealed to young Jackson. He cast his lot with the pioneers. With them he crossed the mountains into Tennessee. He and his fellows founded the city of Nashville there in the virgin forest. And there the boy took up the study of law.

His real career had begun, the career that was to make him the foremost statesman and General of his day, and which at last was to carry him to the presidency.

Take Care of the Children's Teeth.

A RECENT investigation made by the United States Public Health Service in connection with studies of rural school children showed that 42.3 per cent had defective teeth, 21.1 per cent had two or more missing teeth, and only 18.9 per cent had had dental attention. Over 14 per cent never used a tooth brush, 54.2 per cent used one occasionally and only 27.4 per cent used one daily. Defective teeth reduce physical efficiency. Dirty, suppurating, snaggle-toothed mouths are responsible for many cases of heart disease, rheumatism, and other chronic affections. The children are not responsible for the neglected state of their teeth. The ignorant and careless parent is to blame for this condition—a condition which hampers mental and physical growth and puts a permanent handicap on our future citizens. School teachers can and are doing much in inculcating habits of personal cleanliness on the rural school child, but this will fail of the highest accomplishment unless parents co-operate heartily and continuously.

Newspapers Always at Hand.

HERE is a systematic method of keeping the daily newspapers where they can be easily found: Hem a yard of linen (any color) all around, sew six pockets on it, up and down, one for each day, and embroider or outline stitch the names of the days, one on each pocket. Hang up with loops or rings in the living room.

To Clean Ladies' Kid Boots.

DIP a rag in almond oil and remove all the mud from the boot, a piece at a time, drying as you go, and never leaving the leather moist. Polish with clean rag and more oil. If you dislike the dullness this process leaves, when quite dry polish with the palm of the hand. Kid is thus both cleaned and preserved.

They do not shrink—their brightness lasts! For light—durability—economy—buy

Welsbach GAS MANTLES

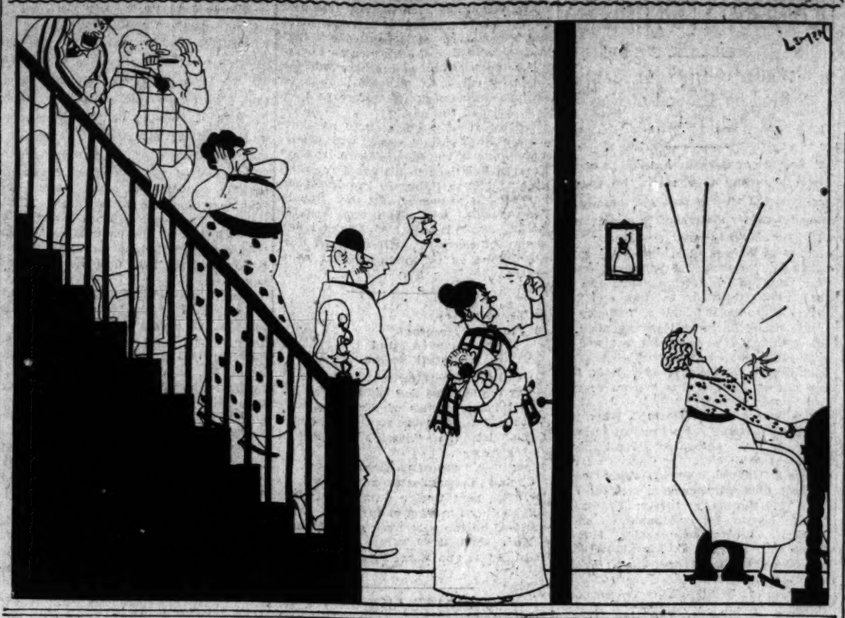
"REFLEX" BRAND 15¢

Formerly 25¢ Upright or Inverted

All Dealers and the Gas Company

APARTMENT-HOUSE OPERA—Bringing Down the House

By LEMEN



Birth of the Ballot

FOR the creation of the ballot, the modern method of secret voting, we are indebted to the wisdom and foresight of the rulers of ancient Greece.

The origin of the term "ballot" is found in the Italian "balla," a ball. Evidence of the first use of this form of voting is found about 200 B. C. In the Athens of that period the dicasts or Judges before whom all causes, civil or criminal, were heard, generally decided the issue by the use of little balls of stone or metal. The ball that was pierced in the center, or the color of which was black, sealed the doom of the offender. The ball of white, its surface unpierced, signified acquittal.

Seventy years later, or 130 B. C., the ballot was introduced into Rome as an instrument in the enactment and repeal of laws, in election of public officers, and lastly, as in Athens, in the trial of offenders.

As long ago as the time of Charles II secret or open voting on public matters had been advocated by the professional agitators and reformers, the Scottish Parliament voting in 1662 on the proposed ostracism of Lauderdale by the method adopted in all jury trials.

For more than a hundred years the question of the ballot lay dormant, the gradual emancipation of Parliament from the power of the crown and the adoption of an open representative system of voting seeming to render it necessary. But the semi-feudal tyrannical power wielded by the titled land owners, the wealthy commoners or lesser county magnates upon the humbler class of voters brought about a revival of the agitation for the secret ballot at the beginning of the nineteenth century; the battles carried on in successive generations by Jeremy Bentham, Daniel O'Connell, Grote, Macaulay, Hume, Berkeley and John Bright and lukewarmly supported by Lord John Russell, Lord Melbourne, Earl Grey, the Earl of Derby, Disraeli and Gladstone, being finally adopted in 1872 on the passage of the blanket measure framed by W. E. Forster and providing every kind of awesome penalty for the treating, corruption, intimidation of the rustic class, openly practiced by local landlords, clergy and police.

In America the use of the printed or written ballot dates back to 1775, when it was first used in the New England States, in Delaware, Pennsylvania, North and South Carolina; New Jersey and New York following in line respectively in 1776 and 1778.

But it was not until 1888 that Massachusetts led the way in electoral reform with the Australian blanket ballot insuring absolute secrecy and freedom for the voter.

Seven years, however, were to pass before, in 1896, New York, trailing in at the end of the line of states, put the blanket ballot into operation and thus marked the beginning of the end of the one-man power in politics.

What Every Woman Finds Out

By Helen Rowland

ONCE upon a time
I thought I understood men,
And that I could marry any one of them,
With one hand and my eyes shut!
But alas!
I have discovered
That if you flatter a man it frightens him to death——
And if you don't flatter him he is bored to death.
If you permit him to make love to you he gets tired in the end——
And if you don't he gets offended in the beginning.
If you believe all he tells you he thinks you a fool,
And if you don't he thinks you a cynic.
If you agree with him in everything you soon cease to interest him.
And if you argue with him in everything you soon cease to charm him.
And if you wear gay colors and rouge and startling hats he hesitates to take you out——
And if you wear little brown toques and plain tailor-mades he takes you out, and gazes all evening at some other woman in gay colors and rouge and a startling hat.
If you are jealous of him he cannot endure you——
If you aren't he cannot understand you.
If you join in his gayeties and approve of his smoking he vows you are leading him to the devil——
And if you disapprove of his gayeties and urge him to give up smoking he vows you are "driving" him to the devil.
If you are affectionate he soon wearies of your kisses,
And if you are cold he soon seeks consolation in some other woman's kisses.
If you are a sweet, old-fashioned clinging vine, he doubts that you have a brain——
And if you are modern and advanced and independent he doubts that you have a heart—or a scruple.
If you are cute and babyish he longs for a mental mate,
If you are brilliant and intellectual he longs for a playmate,
If you are simple and domestic he longs for a soul-mate——
If you are temperamental and poetic he longs for a helpmate!
And all the time,
Though he is falling in love with you for just what you ARE,
He is spending his days trying to remodel you, and make you over into what you are NOT, never were, and never can be!
Do not ask me how I discovered all these things about men.
Alas, I MARRIED one!

The Simple Motor Lunch.

Stuffed Tomatoes. Chicken Jelly Salad.
Olives. Graham Sandwiches.
Cold Tongue.
Macaroons. Fruit.

Now that autumn is beginning to crisp the air, camp fires and warm lunches by the roadside attract the motorist. But for fear someone may be contemplating trips which permit no luxury of fire and cooking by the way, here is another simple lunch that can be obtained quickly, from a delicatessen shop, for instance. Tomatoes may be scarce in some regions at this time, but otherwise this is what its name signifies—a simple motor lunch.

To Drive a Nail in Plaster.

IF you wish to drive a nail in a plastered wall, first drop the nail in boiling hot water till thoroughly heated. It may then be driven in clean, without breaking the surrounding plaster.

To Keep Raw Eggs Fresh.

PLACE as many raw eggs, out of the shell, as you desire in a glass receptacle. Cover with ½ inch of salad oil. Place in a cool place. They will keep indefinitely.

Some Good Recipes

Oatmeal Hermits—Quarter cup butter, ¼ cup sugar, 1 egg, 3 tablespoons milk, ½ teaspoon cinnamon, ½ teaspoon cloves, 1-3 teaspoon salt, ½ teaspoon soda, 1 cup flour, ¾ cup rolled oats, ¼ cup chopped nuts, ¾ cup chopped raisins. Mix the cinnamon, cloves, salt, soda and flour together and sift twice, then blend well with the rolled oats. Cream the butter until light, then add the sugar and cream both well together. Add the well-beaten egg to the creamed butter and sugar, then the milk and dry ingredients. Beat all well together, then add the chopped nuts and raisins, which have been dredged lightly with flour. Make dough into small balls, press flat and place two inches apart on a buttered baking sheet and bake in a moderate oven.

Can you think of any more tasty or attractive dessert than these prepared with tapioca? It is a healthful as well as a wholesome food, and certainly the ease with which these dainty desserts are prepared is a point not to be lost sight of. And now that a tapioca which requires no soaking has been put on the market, the preparation has become doubly simple—surely, it is an advantage over the old kind, which had to be soaked over night and many times resulted in a soggy, lumpy and wholly unattractive dish. Try these recipes—you will like them, I am sure. Try using tapioca with your favorite fruit—it makes such an attractive dish for the family.

Apple Dumplings—Two cups flour, 4 teaspoons baking powder, ½ to 1 cup milk or water, ½ teaspoon salt, 2 tablespoons butter or lard, apples, sugar, lemon juice or cinnamon. Mix and sift the flour and baking powder together twice, then cut in the fat until in fine bits with a fork. Add the liquid slowly to make a stiff dough. Roll out to about one-half inch thickness and cut in squares large enough to cover the apples. Wash, core and pare the apples and place an apple with sugar in the center of each square. Fill the center of the apple with sugar and lemon juice or cinnamon. Fold the dough over the apples, making sure to press the edges together. Steam about one-half hour, or until the apples are tender; they may be steamed and then browned in the oven or they may be baked slowly in the oven. Serve with lemon sauce.

Honey Gingernuts—1 cup sugar, 1 cup honey, 1 cup butter, 1 egg, 1 teaspoon soda, 1 tablespoon ginger, 1 cup chopped nuts, speck salt, flour (about 4 cups). Cream the butter until light, add the sugar and honey. Beat the egg until light and add. Mix and sift 3 cups of flour with the soda, ginger and salt and add to the first mixture. Then add the nuts, and enough flour, sifted, to make a stiff dough. Drop from a teaspoon on a buttered baking sheet and bake in a hot oven.

A Handy Step.

UPPER shelves of a kitchen cabinet or cupboard are often hard to reach. Place a step, using a small iron bracket, on the lower panel between the two doors and a handle on the upper panel between the doors containing the shelves. By grasping the handle and stepping on the bracket, one can reach the shelves without a chair or step-ladder.

Household Helps.

PAD your ironing board with several thicknesses of an old blanket, drawing smoothly and tacking on one edge. Now take the best part of an old sheet and pin it together at one edge of the board, seam it up, hem the ends and slip it on as you would a pillowcase. If you make two slips you can always have a clear cover.

Improving Bread.

IF, when bread is taken from the oven, the loaves are turned upside down in the hot tins and are allowed to stand a few minutes the crust will be tender and will cut easily.

Stories of Stories

Plots of Immortal Fiction Masterpieces

By Albert Payson Terhune.

ALI DIAB, From the Arabic.

ALI DIAB was a Bedouin Sheik. And he was the most gallant warrior between the Dead Sea and Bagdad.

For years he and his little desert band defied or eluded the Pasha's strongest cavalry. For years he withstood the assaults of more powerful desert tribes. And the fame of his deeds was sung at a thousand camp fires.

Ugly he was to look upon, for his face was seamed with battle scars. But his hero-heart made him loved of women, above the handsomest men in all the land.

The lion must at the last fall into the trap. The eagle must one day feel the barbed shaft. And so it was with Ali Diab, the peerless.

His chief foe, the Emir El Moghrib, marched forth against him in battle. And the Emir swore a mighty vow to have the life of Ali Diab, and (to make certain the keeping of his oath) he vowed that if Ali Diab should ever be brought before him a prisoner he would hold him as such for no longer than the space of one hour, but would order him slain at once.

A Deed of Treachery

Now certain men whom Ali Diab had driven forth from his tribe for cowardice took counsel together on the eve of the battle. For in their hearts they hated Ali Diab.

And they crept into his tent as he slept. And they drugged him with a hasheesh-drenched cloth, and they bore him away to the camp of the Emir of El Moghrib.

And when Ali Diab awoke in the morning behold he lay in front of the tent of his foe, the Emir. And his hands and his feet were bound. And all the men of El Moghrib were gathered about to see him die.

Now, as he looked about him at his enemies, there was no fear in the heart of Ali Diab. But he spoke humbly to the Emir, none the less, as befits a captive, and he said:

"I ask not for life, since it is told me you have sworn to slay me and not to hold me captive, and I know you are a man of your word. I crave but one boon. Grant me to drink one cup of water before I die, for my throat is parched."

The Wit of a Captive

And since the Koran forbids the faithful to refuse a cup of water to a foe, the Emir gave him a brimming goblet.

Ali Diab raised the goblet to his lips. Yet he did not drink, but looked about him as though in dread. And he said:

"Oh, Emir, I fear lest one of these mine enemies may strike me dead ere I have drunk my fill."

And the Emir was angry that Ali Diab should think such treachery of El Moghrib, and he cried out:

"By the Triple Oath I swear that you shall not be slain until you have drunk that goblet of water to the dregs."

Then Ali Diab swiftly poured out the water upon the hot sand that sucked it up right greedily. And he said:

"Oh, Emir, you have sworn I should not be slain until I have drunk the water you gave me, and lo! it can never be drunk by me, for it is gone. You have sworn not to hold me captive. So now, lest you be foresworn, set me free. By the terms of your solemn oath naught else is left to you."

Thus did the wit of Ali Diab save his life, when his prowess in battle could no longer avail him.

The Wholesome Sauce

Lea & Perrins' Sauce is nourishing and healthful because the quality of every ingredient is the best obtainable.

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The only original Worcestershire Sauce

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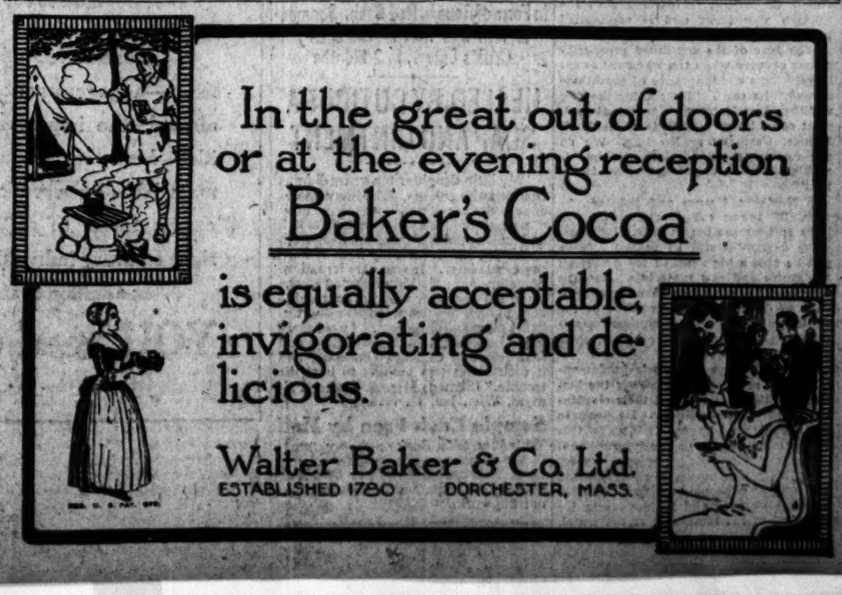

Fall Propagation of Roses.

CLIMBING roses are propagated mostly by hardwood cuttings made in the fall. Many cut-flower roses may be propagated in the same way.

Hardwood cuttings are taken from the dormant wood of winter, while soft-wood, or greenwood, cuttings are taken when the plants are in active growth. To make a hardwood cutting, good, strong, well-ripened shoots of the past summer's growth should be selected. These are better if cut between the time the leaves fall and freezing weather. If left until after cold weather there is danger of injury from freezing. They should be cut into pieces of five or six inches, with the upper cut just above a bud, and should be tied in bundles with raffia or with string that does not rot easily if exposed to dampness. After labeling plainly they should be buried in moist sand, tops down, and placed in a cool cellar or buried in the open ground below danger of frost. They should be planted in the open ground in the spring about or a little before corn planting time, so that one or two eyes, or not over one inch of the cutting, is above the ground, which will leave four or five inches in the ground. Care must be taken not to injure the calluses that have formed while the cuttings were buried. Sometimes better results are obtained by planting in partial shade.

Frequently cuttings made in winter or early spring do nearly as well as those made in the fall, but in the North there is always danger of the wood being injured during the winter.

CHINA possesses enough coal deposits to supply all the other nations of the earth, but annually imports many million dollars' worth of the fuel. And that is one reason why China is poor.

See Dashing Daring HELEN HOLMES

In The Most Spectacular Motion Picture Production Ever Presented

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A Spectacular Chapter Play Of The Great North Woods

If your favorite theatre has not yet announced "A Lass of the Lumberlands," ask the manager when it will be shown—and Go!

Motion Pictures Produced by The Signal Film Corporation, Distributed through the Universal Film Manufacturing Co. the Largest Producers in America

LAMM DECLARES FOR LOCAL OPTION AND HOME RULE

Announces Stand in Response to Question of Heckler at Meeting.

Former Judge Henry Lamm, Republican nominee for Governor, in two speeches last night which closed his St. Louis campaign and in one of which he answered a heckler's question as to his attitude on prohibition, discussed questions which he said he would like to have Col. Gardner, his opponent, answer, but upon which he declared both the Democratic platform and the Democratic nominee "are as silent as the grave."

The first one, that of home rule for St. Louis and other large cities, was brought out when a questioner at the beginning of Judge Lamm's speech at North St. Louis Turner Hall, Twentieth and Salisbury streets, asked him how he stood on prohibition. After ascertaining that the questioner's name was Newman, and referring to him as a representative of the Democratic candidate, Judge Lamm said it was a fair question.

"Do you want to know how I stand individually or how I would stand as Governor," the candidate asked. "As Governor," Newman answered.

"All right," said Judg Lamm. "I am in favor of local option and home rule. Is that satisfactory?" The questioner said it was. Judge Lamm then referred to the failure of Gardner to answer the same question when it was put to him in the course of one of his speeches Thursday night.

Repeats Home Rule Pledge.

"After sweating blood all day," he said, "Col. Gardner announces in an interview in a late edition of an afternoon newspaper that he would veto any statewide prohibition bill that might be presented to him as Governor. Now, there is nothing pending before the people but a proposed prohibition constitutional amendment, and I don't think the Colonel could veto that. The bill he talks of will never materialize."

Speaking later at Germania Hall, Michigan and Robert avenues, Judge Lamm repeated his pledge that if elected he would give St. Louis home rule.

"I wish somebody would ask Col. Gardner what he would do about home rule," he said. "He and his platform are as silent as the grave upon it. And then I would like to know what he would do about giving St. Louis fair representation in the State Senate. For years you people of St. Louis under Democratic rule have been robbed of one State Senator you are entitled to according to your population. That is because of the unfair division of the State into senatorial districts, a wrong which the Republican platform pledges itself to correct, but upon which the Democratic platform is again as silent as the grave.

"Col. Gardner is appealing for your votes because he lives in St. Louis. Now, I am not to blame for not living here. He seems to want to leave you and go to Jefferson City, but I would prefer to keep him here. Col. Gardner says he loves St. Louis and would not have a stain upon its escutcheon. Well, why didn't he put in his platform something like this."

Reads Republican Plank.

He then read the Republican plank favoring home rule for the large cities of the State, adding, "I put that plank in the Republican platform and I pledge myself to stand by it."

Following is the plank, which Judge Lamm quoted:

"We favor home rule for the large cities of Missouri, both because it is a fundamental American right and because the present system may be and has been used for factional and partisan purposes to thwart the will of the voters elsewhere in the State. We condemn the hypocrisy of the Democrats in plotting to destroy home rule after unexpected developments showed that it was not to their partisan advantage. We believe that the factional scandals that are disgracing Missouri are largely due to gubernatorial control of the police and excise affairs of the large cities."

Judge Lamm then referred to what he called the disgraceful injection of the Police and Excise Departments of the large cities into politics, pledging that if elected he would absolutely take the police out of politics and concluded with this warning:

"Things are not going to be as some people think. You are going to have a Republican Governor and I tell you that anyone who attempts to trifle with the liberties of the people, whether he be Police Commissioner or Excise Commissioner, had better look out, because after Nov. 7 there is going to be a God in Israel."

He was wildly cheered at the end of this speech and at many interruptions by a crowd which overflowed into the street. The North St. Louis Turner Hall also overflowed and at the conclusion of his principal speech there Judge Lamm made a short talk from a wagon to the men and women gathered in the street.

In his first speech Judge Lamm referred to the interview with Gardner printed in yesterday's Post-Dispatch in which the Democratic candidate said he would continue to ignore Judge Lamm's demand that he express his views with respect to the Major Administration.

"I am not asking him to express his views," Judge Lamm said. "He has already said what he thinks of the Major administration. He said it in a most solemn document which is on file with the Secretary of State—the Democratic platform. He said it when he allowed to be put into the platform upon which he is running a plank heartily and unreservedly indorsing the Major administration as 'wise, efficient and capable.' All I want to know, and what I think you voters have a right to know, is whether he still stands on that platform."

Judge Lamm left last night for Kansas City, where he will speak tonight. He will close his campaign Monday night with a speech in Sedalia, his home city.

Anti-Conscription Majority Cut Down

MELBOURNE, Nov. 4.—White returns from the conscription referendum are still incomplete, the majority in opposition to the proposition is being reduced daily.

Rebuilding Europe to Be American Job, Says Encyclopedia President.

"So far as our foreign business is concerned, America has just begun to grow. When peace eventually is restored to Europe, it will bring a new demand for American goods, and the present war-order prosperity will be followed by another era of good business. And the benefits will be more widely distributed among the American people."

This is the optimistic opinion of H. E. Hooper, president of the Encyclopedia Britannica. He has been a frequent visitor to Europe, is familiar with the western war front and is acquainted with men who know the situation.

"The fear of the continued prosperity of our country when the war ends arises largely from our ignorance of conditions abroad," he says. "Except for the few wealthy Americans who travel abroad, most of us know very little of England, France, Germany or Belgium. We do not realize to what extent the war is making Europe dependent upon America."

In Northern France and Belgium, he says, 700 towns are in ruins and will have to be rebuilt, and of steel. Enormous quantities will be needed. There will be also a big demand for American foodstuffs and raw materials. He says American business men should now prepare to dominate the commerce of the world, and they need a broader knowledge of these European countries, their people and their customs.

Such knowledge he says is fundamental and is acquired by studying the history of other nations and their civilizations and trade conditions. He declares we should read more, and while this will not only equip us for international business, it is bound to give us a broader and finer vision of the world needs and make us as a people, a larger factor in establishing new and higher ideals for the good of the remainder of the world.

Vote for "Amendment No. One" to City Charter

At the Bottom of the Regular Ballot Nov. 7.

Take National Politics Out of City Elections

THE charter amendment to be voted on at the bottom of the regular ballot November 7th will give St. Louis nonpartisan city elections and a Board of Aldermen elected to represent every big group of the city. Four big changes in our election system are proposed:

1. Party labels are prohibited on all ballot in city elections. Every candidate must run on his own merits.

2. Party primaries are abolished. All nominations must be made by petition. This will save the $70,000 cost of the primary before every election.

3. The Board of Aldermen will be elected to represent every big group in the city instead of one political party as at present. Each group will get as many representatives as the vote it casts at the election entitles it.

4. The Mayor, Comptroller and President of the Board of Aldermen must be elected by a majority of all the voters, instead of by only a minority, as often happens when the vote is split between three or more candidates.

THE purpose of this amendment is to free our city elections from the control of party spoils machines. National party politics which have nothing to do with local issues, will be wiped out of city elections. Hundreds of thousands of dollars can be saved by getting the spoilsmen out of our city government.

WILL IT WORK?

OVER 400 cities in the United States today have nonpartisan city elections. All elections in, cities in other countries are nonpartisan. Every feature of the new plan for St. Louis is in actual use in other cities. Boston and Cleveland, closest in the race with us for fourth city, have had nonpartisan city elections for years.

HOW TO VOTE FOR IT.

THE charter amendment is the last thing on the regular ballot below the names of candidates, covering about 20 lines, beginning, "Amendment No. One to City Charter, relating to city elections." It takes a three-fifths vote of all those voting on it to pass.

Every citizen and taxpayer who wants to see our city government conducted on a basis of business instead of politics, with a Board of Aldermen representing all big groups in the city, will vote "Yes" by scratching the "No."

NONPARTISAN BALLOT COMMITTEE.

(A Citizens' Committee organized solely to free our city elections from machine control.)

POLICEMAN FIRES AT TWO MEN

Says He Saw One Fall From Seat of Wagon.

Two men in a junk wagon exchanged shots with a policeman who pursued them in the neighborhood of Compton and Chouteau avenues at 2:30 o'clock this morning. The policeman suspected that the wagon contained stolen property.

After the chase had extended several blocks the policeman took aim and fired directly at the men in the wagon. He saw one fall backward from the seat and land in the bed of the wagon. The driver whipped the horse into a gallop and the outfit disappeared going west on Chouteau avenue.

SOME LOCAL GERMAN DEMOCRATS FOR HUGHES

St. Louisans Urge Defeat of Wilson on Ground of Foreign Policy.

A number of German-Americans of St. Louis, who say they voted the Democratic ticket at the last election, have issued a public statement that they will vote for Hughes next Tuesday. The records of Wilson and Hughes are compared and the defeat of Wilson is urged on account of his foreign policy and on the ground that his tactless and uncalled for remarks" have a tendency to create racial hatred and antagonism in this country. The necessity is urged of ousting Wilson so as to fach all coming administrations "that they cannot follow the example of the Wilson regime and remain in power."

The signers are: William G. Benz, undertaker; Henry Bockrath, retired; Michael Deck, contractor; Emil Frei, president Emil Frei Art Glass Co.; Alphonse E. Ganahl, lawyer; Gustav Goetz, retired; Lucas Hannecken, retired; Edward Hillebrand, architect; Frank A. Hobein, lawyer; Henry Hoppmann, shoemaker; J. L. Horras, president Horras Piano Co.; William G. Ingenbohs, grocer; Vincent Jannemann, retired; Frank H. Kassen, cigar manufacturer; C. Kargus, painter; William Kloer, decorator; Edward Koch, undertaker; E. H. Krauss, painter; John Krings, secretary Julius Petersen Commission Co.; Samuel Neier, contractor; F. L. Overberg, grocer; Aloys Rhode, choirmaster and organist; Matthew Scheele, M. D.; Adolph M. Schilly, clothier; John Walchshauser, contractor; Anthony H. Weber, accountant; Louis Wessbecher, architect; Simon Wolf, baker, and James H. Zipf, lawyer.

Another letter, signed by A. von Hoffman, William H. Hauschulte, Herman Hannibal, M. C. H. Arendes, William Grafeman, Joseph P. Funk and Otto F. Karbe, is being sent to St. Louis citizens of German birth urging the reelection of President Wilson and Senator Reed. The letter declares that President Wilson has been the real friend of all American citizens of German birth and sympathies. It is pointed out that if Hughes is elected such men as Roosevelt, Lodge, Root and others will be the real rulers of America and be against Germans in the future as they have been in the past.

Senator Reed is declared to have always been in perfect accord with Chairman Stone of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations in his stand for fairness and impartiality in the European conflict. It is pointed out that Republican success will mean that Senator Lodge, avowed friend of England and enemy of Germany, will supplant Senator Stone as chairman of that committee.

Is There a Key to Pleasant Dreams? The Wearied Mind at Nightfall Seems

To call for something that will take
Away the burdens and will make
The brighter scenes of life appear,
With rippling pleasure soothe and cheer,
Come let the "movie's" film-light streams
Flow in—a flood of pleasant dreams.

Choose the best features for your family. See next week's program at your neighborhood moving picture houses, advertised on the first want page Sunday.

More than 12,000 offers in the Big Real Estate and Want Directory tomorrow!

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Peter Stauros ..... 1728 East Railroad
Frances Trapomalas ..... 1728 East Railroad
Everette A. Craft ..... Danville, Ill
Edith Storment ..... Salem, Ill
Frank E. Munier ..... Valley Park, Mo
Mrs. Minnie Doll ..... 2940 Ohio
Max Schucart ..... Terre Haute, Ind
Vera Dembo ..... 2946 Laclede
Harry Clark ..... 3145 Franklin
Carmelite Achard ..... 918A N. Compton
Albert J. Anderson ..... Bellwood, Canada
Mrs. Ann North Witherbee ..... San Antonio, Tex
William T. Grockman ..... Maplewood, Mo
Mrs. Agnes Collins ..... 2814 Marcus

Solid Gold Wedding Rings, $3 to $25. JACCARD'S on Broadway, cor. Locust

LESS HOSTILITY TO WILSON'S ELECTION IN GERMAN PAPERS

Several Print Lengthy Articles, but Express No Preference Between the Candidates.

BERLIN, via London, Nov. 4.—The German press shows considerable interest in the approaching American election, printing all available news arriving by way of Holland or reprinting summaries of the situation from old English newspapers. The Catholic organ, the Koelnisch Volks Zeitung, devotes a lengthy editorial to the subject, but studiously avoided taking sides. If the German people at one time, it says, sided with one of the candidates because they assumed that he was more friendly to Germany, they now see their mistake.

The Frankfurter Zeitung also prints a leading editorial expressing the opinion that the outcome of the election is very much in doubt. It treats with great sympathy President Wilson's program for eliminating war through a peace organization established through propaganda of the peace idea, but refrains from expressing preference between candidates.

Generally the Vienna newspapers express the opinion that the result of the election will have no influence on the war. The Vienna Algemeine Zeitung says:

"A study of the country leads to the conclusion that Mr. Wilson's attitude differs in no particular respect from that of influential circles of American people and that the course he has followed was a consequence of that country's interior policy."

THREE VILLA MEN EXECUTED

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 4.—Col. Rosario Garcia, Villa commander from Sonora, and two of his men were executed in Juarez early today after being convicted by a military court on charges of treason. They were captured at Hacienda Santa Ana, near Namiquipa, and were brought to Juarez yesterday.

BRIDE TO AID CONFESSED ROBBER

DETROIT, Nov. 4.—Mrs. James Walton, bride of the man who recently confessed to robbing the Burroughs Adding Machine Co.'s pay car of $32,000, returned to Detroit yesterday from St. Louis with her sister and a Mr. Foraker, a friend, who will assist Walton in his trial on the robbery charge. After pleading guilty in a Justice court, Walton decided this week to stand trial.

"Mr. Foraker is not a St. Louis attorney, but a friend who will help us," said Mrs. Walton.

Charles M. Hay Speaks to Democrats.

Charles M. Hay, a St. Louis lawyer, addressed 500 Democrats at party headquarters in East St. Louis last night. He criticized the Republican party for trying to belittle Democratic prosperity.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

BEAUTY IS LIVER DEEP

Good health, cheerful disposition, clear complexion depend upon an active liver.

Tutt's Pills

Popular since Grandma was a girl. Keep your liver right and most of your troubles will never happen.

Carter Med. Co.

GRAY HAIR? USE BARBO

It gradually darkens gray hair. Cannot be detected. You can easily and cheaply make it yourself. Get a small box of Barbo Compound at any drug store. Directions for making and use come in each box. Once Used—Always Used. —ADV.

HUNLETH MUSIC CO.
813 LOCUST ST.

AFTER 28 YEARS AT SIXTH & OLIVE

KING THE TAILOR IS GOING TO MOVE

Opp. Columbia Theater Bldg.

The present building will be torn down, and before moving we will dispose of the largest and finest stock of selected woolens in the city at

CLEAN-UP PRICES

Suitings and Overcoatings, formerly up to $25, made to order, now $16.50

Suitings and Overcoatings, up to $35, now made to order for $20.00

All higher grades of imported dress suitings and finest overcoatings including Vicunas, formerly up to $40, now $25.00

Though prices are almost ½, our same high standard of tailoring, careful fit, and workmanship will be maintained.

Watch Our Window Displays. All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

KING THE TAILOR
SIXTH & OLIVE STS.

CHILD HAD ECZEMA ABOUT 2 YEARS

In Form of Rough, Red Rash. Seemed to Itch and Burn. Hard, Dry Crusts Later. In 2 Months

HEALED BY CUTICURA SOAP AND OINTMENT

"My little daughter ten years old was troubled with eczema. The first appearance of the breaking out was in the form of a rough red rash which seemed to itch and burn so that she could not keep from scratching it. It took the form of hard dry crusts later. It was very irritating. Sometimes her clothing irritated so she could not rest very well. The trouble lasted about two years before using Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used three large-sized cakes of Cuticura Soap and four boxes of Cuticura Ointment, and it took about two months to heal the trouble." (Signed) Mrs. A. Foote, Palmyra, Wis., Jan. 18, 1916.

Sample Each Free by Mail

With 32-p. Skin Book on the treatment of the skin and scalp. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston." Sold by druggists and dealers throughout the world.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

WHO?

—who is going to represent YOU in the United States Senate

for the next six years?

This is important to you.

In the candidacy of

WALTER S. DICKEY

you have, at this election, an unusual opportunity to send the right man to represent you in the Senate. Not a professional politician but a business man, a man who has built and is conducting a big successful business enterprise.

You're going to vote for somebody for United States Senator.

Who are you really for, when it comes right down to it?

It's yourself, isn't it?

ISN'T IT YOU?

Is partisanship or oratory going to influence you, when you have the secret ballot?

Vote for yourself and home!

And you DO vote for yourself when you vote for

WALTER S. DICKEY.

This man is for the things that you are for—the things that count:—

Honest elections—good government—good wages—good times—a government at Washington respected at home and abroad—the improvement of the rivers—larger railroad facilities—hard surface wagon roads, honestly built of honest materials—conservation of natural resources—the expansion of export trade to all the world—industrial preparedness—the right of every individual to reap the advantages of his labor.

In addition to standing for these things which you stand for,

WALTER S. DICKEY

will take to the Senate a business capacity to accomplish them. He has gained this ability through thirty-two years of successful building and operation of his own manufacturing business. International in scope, his business training has made him a student and master of transportation problems, the tariff and other economics and social questions.

Always fair and honest with his men,

WALTER S. DICKEY

firmly believes and practices the principle of giving everyone the chance to advance from the humblest to the highest position.

IN HIS FACTORIES the superintendents, master mechanics, engineers, foremen, machinists, kiln burners, etc., are men that started as water boys and laborers.

IN HIS OFFICE many of his heads of departments began as office boys and stenographers. Hundreds of his men have been on his payroll from ten to thirty years.

THE SUPERINTENDENT of the factory at Kansas City was born after his father began working there thirty years ago. Three generations of the same family have worked for him at one time all holding responsible positions.

WALTER S. DICKEY

has lived thirty-two years in Missouri—Kansas City. In all matters pertaining to public welfare and prosperity he has always been found doing a man's part. He was chosen by his fellow townsmen to work out the gigantic problem of establishing a line of freight boats on the Missouri River—a project of great importance to the entire state.

YOU need this man to REPRESENT you in the United States Senate.

This advertisement was prepared and paid for by the friends of Walter S. Dickey, who want to see him elected to the United States Senate.

ACTOR ARRESTED IN BLACKMAIL PLOT HELD IN $10,000 BAIL

New Yorker Admits He Is Man Named in Warrant Issued in Cincinnati.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—George Bush, an actor, arraigned in Federal Court here yesterday, charged with blackmailing a Cincinnati business man, admitted he was the person named in the warrant which led to his arrest. Bush was held in $10,000 bail.

According to the complaint, Bush conspired with other members of an alleged band of blackmailers who preyed upon wealthy men and women throughout the country for alleged violations of the Mann act, to defraud the Cincinnati man of a large sum of money, on Oct. 7 last.

PAINS IN SIDE AND BACK

How Mrs. Kelly Suffered and How She Was Cured

"I was very ill, and had pains in my side and back, but after taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets and using other Pinkham remedies I am fully convinced that I am entirely cured of these troubles, and feel better all over. I know your remedies have done me worlds of good and I hope every suffering woman will give them a trial."—MRS. ANNA KELLY, 710 Chestnut Street, Burlington, Wis.

The many convincing testimonials constantly published in the newspapers ought to be proof enough to women who suffer from distressing ills that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine they need.

This good old root and herb remedy has proved unequaled for these dreadful ills; it contains what is needed to restore woman's health and strength.

If there is any peculiarity in your case requiring special advice, write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass., for free advice.

Resinol
first aid for skin troubles

"Will Resinol Ointment *really* stop this dreadful itching and clear my eczema away?"

"Madam, if you only knew as much about Resinol as doctors do—how safe it is to use, how promptly it acts—you would not doubt, you would use it *at once*. Usually it stops itching immediately and soon removes every bit of eruption."

Resinol Ointment is so nearly flesh-colored that it can be used on exposed surfaces without attracting undue attention. Sold by all druggists. For sample free, write to Dept. 17-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

NUXATED IRON

$100.00 FORFEIT

increases strength of delicate, nervous, run-down people 200 per cent in ten days in many instances. $100 forfeit if it fails as per full explanation in large article soon to appear in this paper. Ask your doctor or druggist about it. Judge & Dolph Drug Co., Johnson-Enderle-Feuley Drug Co. always carry it in stock. —ADV.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

This is the Stove Polish YOU Should Use

IT'S different from others because more care is taken in the making and the materials used are of higher grade.

Black Silk Stove Polish

Makes a brilliant, silky polish that does not rub off or dust off, and the shine lasts four times as long as ordinary stove polish. Used on sample stoves and sold by hardware and grocery dealers.

All we ask is a trial. Use it on your cook stove, your parlor stove or your gas range. If you don't find it the best stove polish you ever used, your dealer is authorized to refund your money. Ingot or Black Silk Polish.

Made in liquid or paste—one quality.

Black Silk Stove Polish Works
Sterling, Illinois

Use Black Silk Air-Drying Iron Enamel on grates, registers, stove-pipes—prevents rusting. Use Black Silk Metal Polish for silver, nickel or brass. It has no equal for use on automobiles.

"A Shine in Every Drop"

ZACH ANNOUNCES LIBERAL SYMPHONY PROGRAM POLICY

Will Give Public More of "What It Wants" and American Works.

TALKS ON "ENCORE EVIL"

Hopes to Abate It This Season; Will Yield Baton to "Guest" Conductors.

Max Zach, director of the Symphony Orchestra, who has returned from his vacation in Boston and Atlantic City for the winter's season, beginning with a "pop" concert on Nov. 12, and who spoke concerning his plans at the City Club's luncheon today, outlined for the Post-Dispatch several important principles of policy, some of them novel, which will guide his programs this year.

"For the first time," he said, "'guest' conductors will be permitted to direct their own works at two of the concerts. Otto Weidig of Chicago will conduct his 'Symphonic Suite' at the fifth pair of concerts, and Edgar Stillman Kelly of Cincinnati has been invited to direct his 'Alladin Suite' at the second concerts. He is expected to accept.

"Several works with which I may not personally be in sympathy will be given, on the ground that the public, modernist and conservative, is entitled in some degree to hear what it wants. Considerable attention will be accorded to ultra modern music, for it is an undoubted fact that many persons are wearied of the old-fashioned tunes with accompaniments. As an example of impressionistic music, Debussy's 'La Mer,' which sent the conservatives into convulsions two years ago, may be repeated. If not, its place will be taken by the same composer's 'Iberia,' a somewhat more tangible work, with Spanish rhythms. Debussy has certainly struck out an important new path in music, as is shown by the fact that many of his innovations were adopted by so severe a classicist as the late Max Reger, called 'the modern Bach.'

Grainger's Music on Programs.

"Percy Grainger's 'In a Nutshell Suite' will be given at the first concerts, Nov. 17 and 18, because Grainger seems to be at present the man of the hour in music. Whether this work is of enduring merit may be a question, but the public has a right to hear such compositions and judge of them for itself. The proviso may be made that some of the novel instruments used in the suite—maribas, narimbaphones, staff bells, etc., are familiar in vaudeville.

"Seven and possibly eight American composers will be represented on the programs, as I believe the public has a right to know what is being accomplished in creative music in this country. Although the United States has produced no Beethovens and Wagners, I feel it the duty of a conductor to make available to the public the best work being done here.

"At the first concert a symphonic suite, 'The Sphinx,' by Samuel Bollinger of St. Louis, will be played, because this composition won first prize in the orchestral division of the St. Louis Art League's contest last year. The works by Weidig and Kelly have been mentioned. In addition, we shall play the 'Symphonic Phantasie' by George F. Boyle of Baltimore; Chadwick's symphonic poem, 'Tam O'Shanter,' and excellent and humorous work; and a new composition by Frederick Converse, which I played with the composer in the first four-hand draft this summer at the Composers' Club in Boston. Mrs. H. H. A. Beach, soloist at one of the concerts, will play her new piano concerto. At the ninth pair of concerts Zimbalist may play a new violin concerto by Frederick Stock of Chicago."

Talks on "Encore Evil."

Zach expressed vigorous convictions on the impropriety of permitting soloists at symphony concerts to give an unlimited number of encores, or, in fact, any encores at all, and said that since he cannot at present abolish the "encore evil," he would try to abate it by the new policy of placing soloists at the end of the concert, where any recall numbers they may earn will not disrupt the continuity of the program.

"I feel strongly," he said, "that St. Louis would be a better recital town if music lovers here were not accustomed to get a symphony concert and a recital all in one. By permitting extra numbers, the public's interest in an artist's performance is satiated, instead of being merely whetted. What is the use of maintaining an expensive symphony orchestra if it is only to provide a framework for piano and violin recitals?

"I feel that the conductor of the New York Symphony Orchestra was guilty of a breach of ethics at the concert in St. Louis last season, when Josef Hoffman was suffered to give a half a dozen encores in the middle of the concert. Dr. Damrosch would never have permitted this in New York. I was at one of his concerts in that city last spring, when Mischa Elman received eight recalls, but there was never a thought of his giving an encore. After all, the purpose of a symphony orchestra is to give orchestral concerts.

"Yet, as the encore habit is too firmly established to be uprooted at once, the expedient will be adopted this year of placing soloists at the end of the programs, where any encores they will give will not interfere with the unity of the concert as planned by the director. Among those who will be thus placed are Godowsky, Zimbalist, Hoffman, Gogorza, Ysaye, Gluck and Hempel. In case the soloist has two appearances on the program encores will be permitted only after the second."

Novelties for Season.

Among the novelties which Zach has obtained for the season are Franck's "Les Eolides," Lalo's "Le Roi d' Ys," Enesco's "Rumanian Rhapsody" and Kallinikow's Second Symphony. It will be recalled that this composer's First Symphony was presented by Dr. Damrosch and was popularly received. Zach promises that the Second Symphony will be even more acceptable, it being strikingly Russian in national type.

That the classics will not be neglected is shown by the fact that the programs include Beethoven's overture to "Egmont," his Seventh and Eighth Symphonies and his "Emperor" concerto; Brahms' Second Symphony and "Academic" overture; Dvorak's "New World" symphony; Tschaikowsky's Fifth and "Pathetique" symphonies; the overtures to "Der Freischuetz," "Der Fliegende Hollaender," "Iphigenia auf Aulis," and "Die Verkaufte Braut." Liszt will be represented by his "Berg Symphonie" and Strauss by his symphonic poem, "Don Juan."

I MEAN YOU. While you are shopping, drop in at 308 N. 6th, 2d fl. Loftis Bros. & Co.; wish to show you diamonds on credit.

NEW DEMURRAGE RATES FILED

Higher Penalties Intended to Relieve the Car Shortage.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Virtually all the railroads in the country have filed tariffs setting aside the present flat rate of $1 a day demurrage charge on cars not loaded or not unloaded within 48 hours after they are ready for the shipper or consignee, and substituting a graduated scale of demurrage.

This new demurrage scale, effective Dec. 1, will permit the railroads, after the 48-hour period, to charge $2 the first day, $3 the second day, $4 the third day and $5 for the fourth day and each subsequent day. Such penalization is expected to give more prompt release of equipment throughout the country, materially relieving the serious car shortage problem.

OOOO
Every Night
For Constipation Headache, Indigestion, etc.
BRANDRETH PILLS
Safe and Sure

FUND FOR SOCIALISTS, $24,558

Up to Oct. 1 Expenditures in Campaign Were $18,483.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—A campaign financial statement for the Socialist party filed with the clerk of the House today showed contributions of $24,558 up to Oct. 1 and expenditures of $18,483. The report showed that most of the expenditures had been in Oklahoma, Wisconsin, New York, Indiana and Nevada, where the Socialists have important congressional contests. All contributions were in small sums.

Cold-in-head

Relieved in one minute. Get complimentary can of Kondon's from your druggist. Or buy a 25 cent tube. If it doesn't do you $1 worth of good in a fifty, you can get your 25 cents back from the druggist or from the Kondon Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Use some quick. For colds, catarrh, coughs, nasal headaches, etc. Be sure it's the kind that's been used for 26 years—and by 50 million Americans—

KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

OUIJA

The most fascinating and mirthful fortune telling game in the world. Answers questions concerning the past, present and future. We have a large stock of splendid OUIJA BOARDS and will ship promptly upon receipt of order.

$1-By Mail-$1

Simply pin a dollar bill to this advertisement and mail it to us with your name and address. We will ship by parcel post, specially packed and postage prepaid, a large size OUIJA BOARD. The board is 15x23 inches, with full piano polish and felt tipped magic table. Order today.

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.
CHICAGO

CAT. NO. 49 F 112

SINKING OF ROWANMORE AND MARINA UNREPORTED IN BERLIN

Reply to American Inquiry to Be Delayed Until Submarine, Possibly Involved, Reaches Port.

BERLIN, via London, Nov. 4.—The reply of the German Government to the American inquiry concerning the sinking of the British steamers Rowanmore and Marina will be delayed, as no reports on the sinking of the two vessels have been received.

The submarine which possibly is involved is not expected to return from the region of Cape Clear for several days.

Rickey to Have Bible Class.

Branch Rickey, business manager of the St. Louis Browns, will open a Bible study course in "The Principles of Jesus" next Monday evening at Central Y. M. C. A. The course is under the auspices of the Monday Night Club and will continue through the autumn and winter. A session is held every week, supper being served at 6:40 with adjournment at 8. The discussion will be held at the supper tables. Rickey will present the main thought of each lesson.

THINGS A MOTHER OUGHT TO KNOW

Mothers whose children are weak and run down, who do not gain flesh and strength, who lack the rosy cheeks and bright eyes of healthy childhood, should remember that the safest tonic and body builder to give them is Father John's Medicine because it is a pure and wholesome medicine free from alcohol or dangereous drugs. Thousands of mothers give it to their children whenever they become weakened or run-down. —ADV.

A New Train to the South

Makes its maiden trip from St. Louis November 15th. It marks a new era in railroad circles. It is not only a new train, but the finest train ever operated between the North and the South.

The Panama Limited
to New Orleans in 19 Hours

places Creole-land at the doorstep of the Middle West. It takes you to our Paris on the Mississippi in an over-night trip. This afternoon in St. Louis—tomorrow lunching, if you will, at some famous New Orleans Cafe, where such marvels of French cookery as Creole Gumbo, Cray-fish Bisque and Coffee Brulo, are at your command.

Faster than our own previous schedule. *Many* hours faster than any other route. No extra fare.

Only nineteen hours to the Crescent City; an afternoon of rest, a delicious dinner, a sound night's sleep, and the next morning already in another land, where one side of the street is a glimpse of the old world and the other a striking example of twentieth century progress.

Leaves St. Louis at 4:30 P. M.—Arrives New Orleans at 11:30 the Next Morning

The Panama Limited is the streak of luxury that connects North and South. It follows much of the Old Acadian trail, by which the French Canadians sought sunny Louisiana.

It is the all-steel train palatial, carrying travelers to New Orleans en route to Cuba, Panama, Central and South America, California and Texas. Sumptuous Pullmans, compartment-drawing room-observation, and buffet cars and dining cars; superb meals, barber, shower bath, ladies maid—and only one night on the way. Eat lunch in New Orleans tomorrow.

High Class Regular Steamship Service

from New Orleans to Havana, Panama and Central America via ships of the United Fruit Company's "Great White Fleet," and to Havana via ships of the Southern Pacific. New Orleans is also the gateway to Texas, and to California via the Southern Route.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL

City Ticket Office, 324 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo. Phones: Olive 2832; Central 84
F. D. Miller, Division Passenger Agent

16

SAN CARLO COMPANY PLEASING IN "AIDA"

Addition of St. Louis Chorus of More Than 70 Singers Makes Production Impressive.

By RICHARD L. STOKES.

ALTHOUGH the San Carlo Grand Opera company boasts no roster of high-salaried stars and sells its tickets at a $2 instead of a $5 rate, it gave a performance of "Aida" last night at the Odeon with a dash and vim which inspired this familiar opera with new life from beginning to end. The auditorium was well-filled and the audience, both in its size and in the spontaneity of its applause, proved that the San Carlo troupe has won a loyal and enthusiastic following in this city. The production was the first of a series of 11 performances.

A considerable factor in the evening's success was the St. Louis grand opera chorus of between 70 and 80 volunteer singers, who, after rehearsing throughout the summer, had their reward in an opportunity to appear on the grand opera stage. With the company's regular 25 choristers, a total of about 100 in the chorus was attained. The fresh young voices were grateful to the ear, and the big scene of Radames' triumph in the second act was made impressive, not only by the numbers thronging the stage, but by vocal volume. The St. Louis chorus will sing at several performances during the engagement.

Manuel Salazar as Radames, with his thrilling voice and simple, unaffected force of acting, was worthy of the esteem in which the Costa Rican tenor is held in this city. His costumes were resplendent. Mary Kaestner acted and sang Aida better than she did last year, and her makeup for the part was, as always, perfect. Madalena Carreno, a Junoesque mezzo-soprano and a newcomer here, made a promising impression as Amneris. Giuseppe Battistini, the company's new baritone, was a capital Amonraso, and some of the best singing of the evening was that of the powerful-voiced basso, Pietro de Biasi, as Ramfis. The company's new musical director, Carlo Peroni, won comment for the zest and energy of his conducting.

Owing to a fire which providentially destroyed most of Impresario Gallo's scenery while it was in storage last summer, "Aida" appeared in fresh, new stage settings. The costumes were spick and span, filling the stage with lively color. The orchestra numbered 26. This afternoon's bill is "Faust," and tonight "Rigoletto" will be presented.

Woman Pipe Smoker Burns to Death.

Mrs. Celia Boen, a widow, 81 years old, of 7233 Arch street, fell asleep when smoking her pipe last evening. The pipe fell into her lap, igniting her clothing and causing burns from which she died at 12:35 o'clock this morning at the city hospital.

PRISONER IS INDICTED FOR KILLING MOTORMAN

Elmer Barnes Was Accused of Shooting in Antemortem Statement by Aaron E. Johnson.

Elmer Barnes was indicted yesterday for the murder of Aaron E. Johnson of 3732 Maffitt avenue, a United Railways motorman, who was shot at 1 a. m., Oct. 24, at Seventh and Wash streets, and died the next day at the city hospital.

The principal evidence against Barnes, who is in police custody, is the ante-mortem statement of Johnson, made to his wife, Mrs. Augusta Johnson, and a friend, John W. Brewer, of 3649A Garfield avenue. Johnson told them that he was shot by the man he caught robbing his home June 24. Barnes is the man accused of the robbery and is awaiting trial.

An ante-mortem statement, to be competent, must have been made when the person making it knew that he was dying. Johnson's statement is held to be competent because, when Johnson's wife left his room at the hospital he said to Brewer: "The little woman will soon be a widow." He then told Brewer that he had been shot by the man who robbed his house and later made the same statement to his wife.

Johnson had left his car and was turning the switch when he was shot three times.

CAT HAS GOLD-CROWNED TOOTH

Assistant in Massachusetts Mayor's Laboratory Does Dental Work.

LYNN, Mass., Nov. 4.—Snoodles, a 6-months-old cat, owned by Dr. Fred B. Bettle of Holbrook, assistant in the dental laboratory of Mayor John S. Burbank, has a gold crown on one of her teeth.

Snoodles is half Angora and half Maltese. She broke off the top of her tooth and had been much troubled by it. The cat submitted to the operation without struggling.

Ouija

The most fascinating and mirthful fortune telling game in the world. Answers questions concerning the past, present and future. We have a large stock of splendid OUIJA BOARDS and will ship promptly on receipt of order.

$1-By Mail-$1

Simply pin a dollar bill to this advertisement and mail it to us with your name and address. We will ship by parcel post, specially packed and postage prepaid, a large size OUIJA BOARD. The board is 12x23 inches, with full piano polish and felt tipped magic table. Order today.

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO., Chicago

MRS. ELIZABETH MERIWETHER, AUTHOR, DIES AT AGE OF 92

Son Is in France, Where He Went in July as Assistant to U. S. Ambassador.

Mrs. Elizabeth Avery Meriwether, author, widow of Minor Meriwether and mother of Lee Meriwether, died at 6 o'clock this morning at the home of Mrs. Elizabeth M. Hundley at Richmond Heights at the age of 92. Death was due to the infirmities of old age.

Mrs. Meriwether had been living at the home of Mrs. Hundley, an old friend, since Lee Meriwether went to France in July as a special assistant in the office of the United States Ambassador. Mrs. Lee Meriwether has been visiting her mother in New York, but returned to the city before her mother-in-law died.

Mrs. Meriwether was the author of several books, among them "The Sowing of the Swords" and "The Master of Red Leaf," and her "Reminiscences of a Long Life" is now in the publishers' hands.

She was born and reared in Memphis, but had lived in St. Louis the greater part of her life. She was an irreconcilable Confederate and in the delirium of her last hours she lived over the scenes of war days.

Mrs. Meriwether's husband, Minor Meriwether, died about three years ago. Her son is her only survivor.

The funeral will take place at 2 p. m. tomorrow from the Lee Meriwether home at 5211 Washington avenue. It will be under the auspices of the Sons of the Confederacy and the Daughters of the Confederacy.

PIMPLY? WELL, DON'T BE!

People Notice It. Drive Them Off with Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

A pimply face will not embarrass you much longer if you get a package of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The skin should begin to clear after you have taken the tablets a few nights.

Cleanse the blood, the bowels and the liver with Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the successful substitute for calomel—there's never any sickness or pain after taking them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do that which calomel does, and just as effectively, but their action is gentle and safe instead of severe and irritating.

No one who takes Olive Tablets is ever cursed with "a dark brown taste," a bad breath, a dull, listless, "no good" feeling, constipation, torpid liver, bad disposition or pimply face.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color.

Dr. Edwards spent years among patients afflicted with liver and bowel complaints, and Olive Tablets are the immensely effective result.

Take one or two nightly for a week. See how much better you feel and look. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists. The Olive Tablet Co., Columbus, O.

800 ATTEND CHARITY BALL THAT NETS $8000

Best Attraction Is the Hula Hula Dance by a Group of Buds and Belles.

By FRANCES CABANNE SCOVEL.

The second annual charity ball at Moolah Temple last night for the benefit of the St. Louis Children's Hospital was another social and financial success added to a long list of interesting entertainments given by the group of society women who constitute the hospital board.

It brought out about 800 persons and netted about $8000. It was a beautiful affair from the decorations to the costumes—everyone seemed to have on her newest and best—and the Hawawiian setting on the stage at one side of the ball room helped to give a tropical picture in which there were many high lights.

The brightest one was the Hula hula dance done by a group of buds and belles led by Mrs. Charles Parsons Pettus and Clarence Hopkins King. But! It was the hula hula with the lula left out.

The dancers were dressed in costumes made of grass, red girdles and red bandeaux around their heads. Their hair was flowing and everything quite correct except that they wore high-heeled dancing slippers strapped on with ribbons instead of their bare feet.

Dance Was Well Done.

The dance was bright and gay and so well done that it should be repeated at the first opportunity. Miss Isabel Crepen, Helen Watts, Mary Frances Joy, July Collins, Eleanor Standard, Ellanore Scott, Katherine Parker, and Marie Ewing Wight were the dancers.

The ballroom has a balcony like a theater and seats all around the room about four deep. These were divided into sets of six and eight, called boxes, and were filled with spectators.

All during the evening colored lights were thrown on the dancers and at intervals a moving picture thrown on a screen that dropped down in front of the orchestra on the stage. It was odd to see the actors in the movie and the dancers on the floor keeping on with their act in the dark while the orchestra continued playing in the gloom.

The dancing began upstairs, continued during supper when the orchestra and guests went down to the dining room in the basement, and returned to the ballroom afterwards where it lasted until 2 o'clock.

The moving picture of the Hula girls taken as they were coming out of Mrs. Pettus' house at 33 Westmoreland place after a rehearsal was very amusing and as each girl came into the camera her friends in the audience "gave her a hand." It was hard to tell who had the most admirers.

The last one to be shown on the screen was Mrs. Pettus with the youngest of her five children, "Polly" Pettus, in her arms. The little one stared at the camera man and was as attractive as children always are in their unconsciousness. Above them was "Miss Mary Pettus, Class of 1932."

In one box was Mrs. Leonidas H. Laidley, Mrs. Thomas K. Niedringhaus, Mrs. William Bagnell and her daughter, Mrs. Stuart Culbertson of Louisville, Ky., Mrs. Vaughan Clark and Mrs. Goodman King.

If Mrs. Albert Bond Lambert's costume at the Hawaiian ball in Narragansett took first prize last summer, her gown last night would certainly have won one had a prize been given for the most beautiful costume last night.

It was of white net embroidered in shining silver, with a train of cloth of silver that glistened like moonlight. In her box were her guests, Mr. and Mrs. John Cady of Moline, Ill. Mrs. Cady attracted a good deal of attention, as she is remarkably pretty and had on a gown of sapphire blue net with some iridescent blue trimming, one of the most stunning gowns in the room.

Mrs. W. Arthur Stickney always dressed in the extremest fashion, wore a beautiful gown of vivid rose colored velvet with a band of tourquoise blue at the top of the bodice. Mrs. Stickney, who is often likened to Mrs. Vernon Castle, is quite as good a dancer as she.

Miss Dozier Dances Exquisitely.

Miss Eleanor Dozier, who will marry Stuart Stickney, is another girl who dances exquisitely and is a joy to watch. Last night she wore a nile green tulle frock, one of the loveliest frocks there.

Mrs. Julius S. Walsh Jr. wore a short, pale blue velvet gown with fur around the bottom and her hair was beautifully coiffed, as usual.

Mr. Walsh arrived late with Dave Montgomery and Fred Stone and Douglas Stevenson, whose home, by the way, is just a few miles from Mrs. Walsh's old home in Lexington, Ky., and who is an old friend.

Miss Amy Magnus of Chicago, who came down to be bridesmaid for her cousin, Miss Clara Busch, was one of the most conspicuous persons in the room because of the way she and her partner danced.

They were shoulder to shoulder, facing out like two children, with their arms around each other. Her arm was all the way across his shoulders and his held in the usual way. They were both wonderful dancers, but their style is altogether new here.

Miss Theotiste Nugent, Miss Jeane Allison, were there, belles as always, and Mrs. William Glasgow O'Fallon who was the beautiful Cora South Brown as slim and girlish as the year she made her debut.

Miss Mildrew Orthwein's gown of rose colored velvet had the train at one side coming from under the left arm instead of from the back.

Mrs. John T. Davis Jr., opened the ball when the first strains of the dance music commenced and her particular group applauded.

Mrs. Harold M. Kauffman who had charge of the supper arrangements was downstairs most of the evening attending to her part of the party which was a success and Mrs. Edward J. Walsh, who was one of the women of the decoration part, was all around seeing to things.

During supper the debutantes all sat at one table and at the others which had to be reserved way ahead, so great was the demand, were the groups that form the sets within a set in St. Louis Society.

There was nothing lacking in any of the arrangements for the entertainment and comfort of the guests and the whole party was a huge success.

Dr. James David Moffatt Dies.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The Rev. Dr. James David Moffat, president emeritus of Washington and Jefferson College, died here today of paralysis. Dr. Moffat, who was Moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in 1905, was largely instrumental in bringing about the union of the Presbyterian and Cumberland Presbyterian churches. He was elected president of Washington and Jefferson College in 1882, in which place he continued for 33 years.

Princeton Faculty 80 to 44 for Wilson.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 4.—The faculty of Princeton University in a straw vote showed itself in favor of Wilson by a vote of 80 to 44.

TROUBLES and mosquitos are a lot alike. Neither one stays 'round a place whar thar's plenty o' good pipe smoke.

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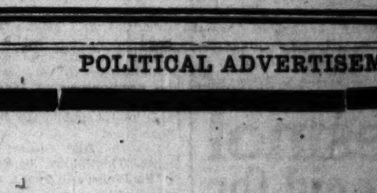

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The October issue of our publication SERVICE contains a digest of the recently enacted "United States Inheritance Tax Law." Copies upon request.

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AMENDMENT No. 3

To Vote Against Prohibition Scratch

YES

On Constitutional Ballot on right hand side of Third Amendment leave

NO

Unmarked

PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION
THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Missouri:

Section 1. From and after July first, 1917, no intoxicating liquor or liquors, except wine for sacramental purposes, shall be manufactured in or introduced into the State of Missouri under any pretense. Every person who sells, exchanges, gives, barters or disposes of intoxicating liquor of any kind to any person in the State of Missouri, or who manufactures, or introduces into, or attempts to introduce into the State of Missouri, intoxicating liquor of any kind, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

YES

NO

HUGHES DELIVERS 9 SPEECHES IN 16 HOURS IN NEW YORK

Nominee Winds Up Hard Day's Work Near His Old Home in Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Charles E. Hughes had 16 strenuous hours of campaigning yesterday down the Hudson River Valley and in Brooklyn. The nominee delivered nine speeches, starting at 8:45 a. m. and did not reach his hotel until after midnight.

In almost every speech the nominee told his audiences he was confident of victory next Tuesday. He told them there was little new he could say with regard to the issues of the campaign. On his trip down the Hudson River Valley he made the tariff one of the chief themes of his speeches; here he spoke chiefly of Americanism.

"Let me say to you," he told a Brooklyn audience, "that if I am elected President, as I expect to be"—— He got no further for the moment. A man in the gallery yelled:

"You will be."

Promises American Policies.

The entire audience rose and roared its approval of the interruption. "If I am elected President," the nominee continued, "we shall have an American administration with exclusively American policies, without any deflection to serve any other interests. Supreme must be America's interests in the thoughts of the American people and supreme will be America's interests in an administration in my charge."

In Brooklyn Hughes campaigned over ground familiar to him as a boy. One meeting was within three blocks of a church where his father once was a pastor. The streets through which he passed were those on which he had played as a boy, he told the audience, and familiar faces were among those who heard him.

"I have had many a generous welcome on my long trip," he declared, "but best of all is the welcome home."

At a meeting in the Brownsville section Hughes reiterated his indorsement of the Republican platform plank declaring for a treaty with Russia that will recognize the right of expatriation. The audience cheered this more than any other utterance.

"It has been my good fortune during the past few weeks to speak in many states," Hughes said, "and everywhere there has been this manifestation of a deep patriotic feeling, of an intense interest in our vital concerns, but there is something about the generosity of this welcome in my native State that makes it more gratifying to me than any other welcome could possibly be."

Many Changes to Consider.

"We want to look out that we do not have a headache coming to us in the near future," the nominee told an audience at Newburgh, "because there are quite a number of things that we must carefully consider."

Among the chief of these Hughes ranked commercial competition after the war with European nations, "not at all wasted by war, but disciplined, organized as they have never been before." The Underwood tariff, Hughes said, would not meet the situation as a measure of protection to American industry.

"Our opponents told us 'four years ago,'" Hughes said at Kingston, "of the wonderful opportunities they were going to give to American business. We know what actually followed. I do not mean that they were insincere. I simply mean that what they think fitted American life does not work with it."

The nominee said he asked his opponents what they were going to do about safeguarding American industry, and they replied that they had a tariff commission. A tariff commission, he continued, did not pass laws.

"I do not blame them," he said, "for their continued adherence to the old policy which through the generations they have maintained, and the doctrine which in platform after platform they have asserted, I really in a sense admire their tenacity, and the way in which they ignore the facts of life in their constancy of spirit."

It was no time, Hughes declared, for his political opponents to be "sensitive about criticism."

"We are taking account of stock," he said at Newburgh. "Our opponents seem to be a little sensitive about the stock-taking. They seem to have the idea that there ought not to be any criticism of the administration. Well, we would not do very well in American life under our institutions if we went ahead in that way. We want fair criticism. We want candid criticism, but we must conserve the opportunities of American life and the honor of the American name."

No Desire to Brag.

The policy which would conserve the honor of the American name and result in upholding American rights was not, Hughes said, the policy of braggarts.

"We have not the slightest desire to go through the world as braggarts or boasters," he said. "We haven't any desire to stimulate ill feeling by a truculent attitude. What we want to show is this: That in a world of keen rivalries and excellent understanding we constantly stand erect as a nation having courage and the indomitable spirit which our ancestors showed when they established our Government, which our later fathers showed when they preserved the integrity of the nation; that we are a land devoted to justice; that we are intent in a courteous way upon maintaining our national honor and that the rights of American citizens on land and sea throughout the world will, in all events, be maintained."

If young Americans were to go forth as the advance guard of American enterprise, Hughes said at Kingston, "it must be understood throughout the world that there is no prouder title than that of American citizen and that the American flag protects men lawfully doing their work wherever they may be."

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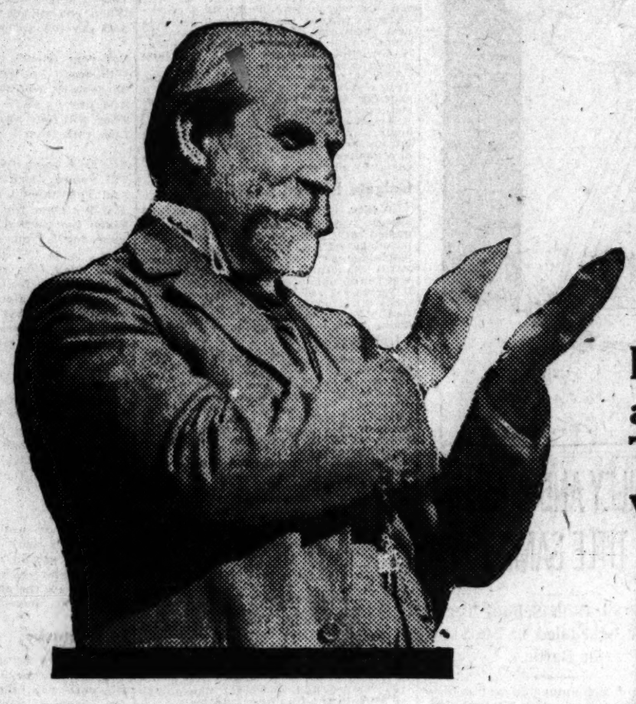


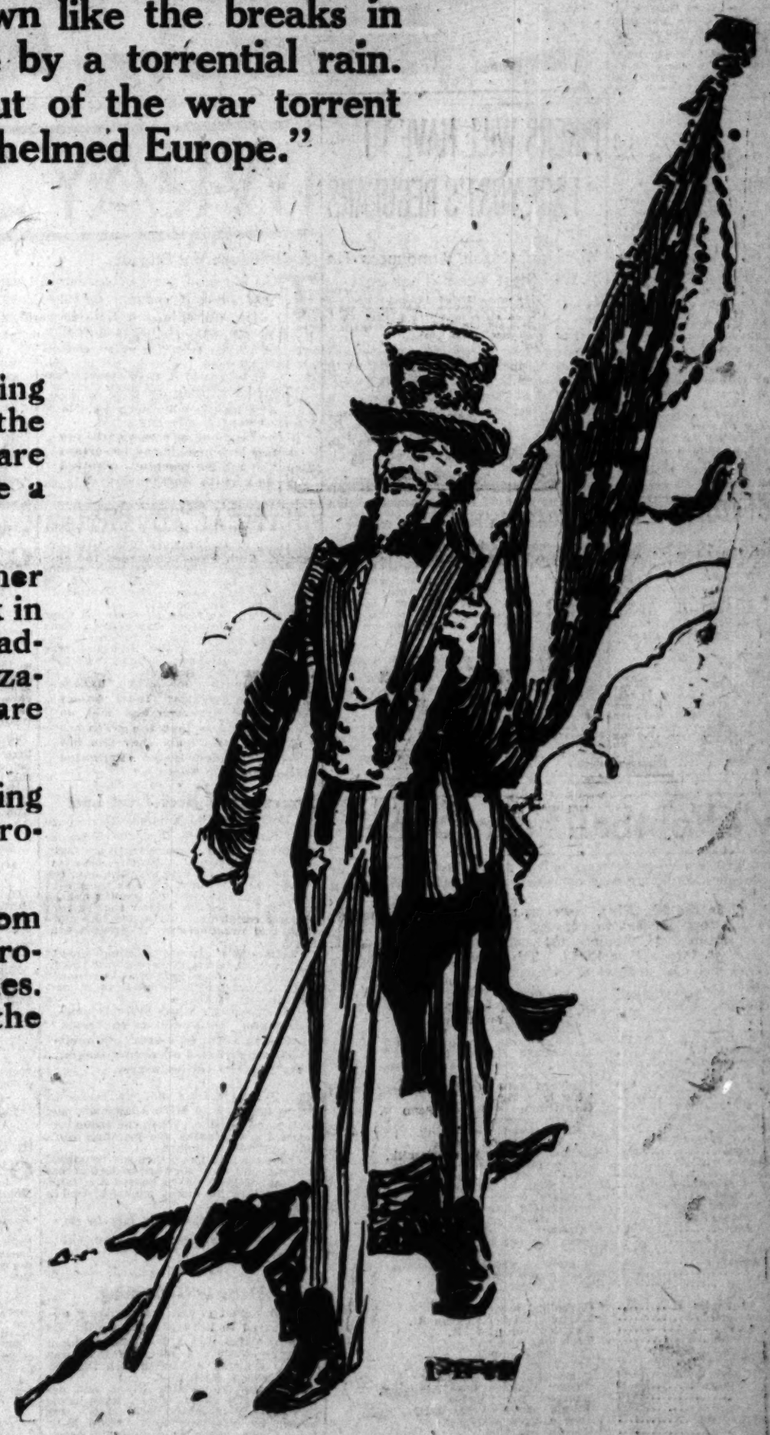
"ACROSS the road we are to travel this next four years, even though we start right and move with prudence and courage, serious hazards are thrown like the breaks in a roadway made by a torrential rain. These all rise out of the war torrent which has overwhelmed Europe."

"WHEN this war began over a million American working men were seeking vainly for employment. When the war ends and the developed energies of a new Europe are thrown into commercial production, our nation will face a competition such as it never knew."

"ONE of two things must happen—either millions of men will be seeking work in vain or else there must be thought out in advance the problem of commercial organization as France and England and Germany are seeking to think out the problem today."

"EVERY one of these nations is preparing to defend its own market by a protective tariff."

"IF we are to save our laboring men from a catastrophe we must plan a tariff protection along sound, just and economic lines. To this endeavor I pledge myself and the men who are to be my colleagues."



Mr. Hughes Never Broke a Promise

Vote for Hughes

and the Protective Tariff

Republican National Publicity Committee

Garry Herrmann Would Like to Meet the Guy Who Put the "Fuss" in Dreyfuss

BILLIKENS MUST SHOW REAL CLASS AGAINST CREIGHTON

St. Louis U. Followers No Longer Willing to Believe That Team Is "Under Cover."

FLUG TO PLAY HALFBACK

Captain of Local Eleven Is Expected to Make Good at His New Position.

By W. J. O'Connor.

Should the waspish warriors of Creighton University from far-away Omaha, who make an aerial attack on Robison Field this afternoon, drop a bomb that will blow the Billikens into the pond of perdition, alias defeat, there will be still at large a few of the educated minority who will wager that the Billikens can beat Washington. And the reason is simple, to wit:

There is a popular impression abroad in this land that the Billikens are "under cover" for the final game of the season and will do nothing in today's game to dispel the belief that they are a weak team.

That opens up avenues for all sorts of explanations for a defeat today. However, a defeat at the hands of Creighton will stain the Billikens' shield and will peeve more persons than it pleases. Creighton has played three games here since 1907 and lost them all. Cochems' team beat them 47—0, while in 1909 the Omaha delegation was spanked 14—0, while in 1912 the Nebraskans were on the short end of a 28—0 score.

Creighton Beaten Thrice.

This year Creighton seems to have a better team, but it is not a team that should beat the Billikens at this late date. If the local coaches choose to "pull" their entry for the sake of inoculating the Pikers with the germ of over-confidence, the coaches will make a mistake. It is squarely up to the Billikens to show their mettle. Let's find out what the team's possibilities really are:

A new battle front has been arranged for the Creighton game. This will be Capt. Emil Flug's first appearance as a halfback and the railbirds expect him to show some real speed. He has all the earmarks of a great running half, being possessed of that rare knack of running hard and low and straight ahead. Too many of the speedy backs, notably Pemberton of Washington, waste their energy running towards the side lines.

Manning, who will be Flug's running mate, is another Harry Kane, once he gets past the line of scrimmage. He has speed and the ability to keep his feet. Besides, he's a kicker of rare promise. Wynn will show at fullback with Doran at quarter.

This is the first time this season that the Billiken backfield has been presented in anything like an efficient unit. The men are properly placed, and if they have the goods it's high time that they deliver.

Graves will start the game at end, with Bill Gallagher, a glutton for punishment, on the other wing. These men are rangy, hefty geeks who should smash interference so as to ruin a play for the rest of its natural life. It will be interesting to watch how far they have mastered the "smashing" game.

The lineup:

St. Louis U.	Positions.	Creighton.
Graves	Left end	Pullins
Joerg	Left tackle	McCarty
Meinhardt	Left guard	Payne
Cuthbertson	Center	Wetsel
Muenzer	Right guard	O'Connor
O'Donnell	Right tackle	Stapleton
Gallagher	Right end	Hull
Doran	Quarterback	Long
Flug (Capt.)	Left halfback	Capt. Platz
Manning	Right halfback	Hale
Wynn	Fullback	Flanagan

PENNY ANTE: Waiting for a Slow Guy — By Jean Knott

PIKERS WILL HAVE TO FACE YOST'S REGULARS

Michigan Coach Announces He Will Start Team That Beat Syracuse Last Week.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Nov. 4.—Coach Fielding Yost of the Michigan eleven stated this morning that he expected to start the same lineup against Washington U. of St. Louis today as he had in the field last week when Syracuse was vanquished, 14 to 13. This means that the crew of Bill Edmunds will have to face the Wolverine regulars, at least for part of the contest.

Bill Edmunds, a former star of the Wolverines, will have a team that will be outweighed all around, and anything under a 40—0 defeat will be counted as a victory by the Mound City followers. During the past week Edmunds made several changes in his lineup and will start his heaviest team.

Michigan will be minus the services of its star quarterback, Sparks, who was injured in the Syracuse game. In his place, though, Yost will have Zeiger, the man who scored the two touchdowns that beat the big Orange eleven last week.

The lineup:

Washington.	Positions.	Michigan.
Pemberton	Left end	Timms
Hachman	Left tackle	Weiman
Grossman	Left guard	Gracey
Wylie	Center	Neimann
Kurrus	Right guard	Rohn
Busiek	Right tackle	Weske
Riley	Right end	Peach
Reichard	Quarterback	Zeiger
Shanley	Left halfback	Maulbetsch
Dawson	Right halfback	Raymond
Yoachi	Fullback	Smith

Today's Football Form Sheet

MINOR football games will cause most of the trouble today. Many of the larger schools are playing easy opponents and figure to win almost without investigation.

In the South and in the Big Nine, however, are several close contests which almost defy the form student to unravel.

Following is an attempt to tabulate the outlook of the various important elevens that go into action today. The teams indicated by an asterisk seem to have the best chances of victory:

OPPONENTS.	1915 SCORE.	REMARKS.
EAST.		
Albright vs. *Susquehanna		Albright is a weakling.
*Brown vs. Vermont	46—0	It's a romp for Brown.
*Colby vs. Bates		A hairline decision.
*Cornell vs. Carnegie Tech		A good workout for Cornell.
*Dartmouth vs. Syracuse		Dartmouth figures better.
*Delaware vs. Delaware		Should be closer than a miser.
George Washington vs. *Ursinus		It's no place for Geo. W.
*Harvard vs. Virginia	9—0	Harvard subs could win.
*Haverford vs. F. & M.		This is a tight fit.
Johns Hopkins vs. *Swarthmore		Swarthmore defeated Penn U.
*Lebanon Val. vs. St. Josephs		St. Joe appears weak.
*Lehigh vs. Muhlenberg	20—0	Lehigh has the coaching.
Marietta vs. *W. Va. Wes.	14—44	W. Va. best on scores.
Kenyon vs. *Mt. Union	6—0	Kenyon weak as watered milk.
*Penn State vs. Geneva		It's a practice workout.
*Princeton vs. Bucknell		Another of the same.
Rhode Island State vs. *Boston Coll.		This figures very close.
*Rutgers vs. Holy Cross		Rutgers' coach should win it.
*Springfield vs. Worcester Tech.		Springfield has class.
*Tufts vs. Massachusetts Aggies		Tufts stands out on scores.
*Notre Dame vs. Army	7—0	Oliphant will die hard.
*Navy vs. W. & L.		Navy figures better.
Lafayette vs. *Penn	17—0	Lafayette too weak.
*Pittsburg vs. Allegheny	42—7	A practice game.
Colgate vs. *Yale	15—0	Yale seeks revenge.
*W. Va. vs. Gettysburg		W. Va. has fine team.
SOUTH.		
Va. Mil. Inst. vs. *Catholic U.		Catholics' record good.
*Baylor vs. Southwestern		Baylor shocked Texas U.
*Davidson vs. Furman		Davidson on the bit.
*Georgia Tech. vs. Tulane		Tech has the call.
*Henry Kendall vs. Ok. Aggies	0—0	Fine for Kendall.
Louisiana State vs. *Arkansas	13—7	Arkansas beat Rolla 60—0.
*Miss. Coll. vs. Southern U.	70—0	Mississippi Col. is there.
*Alabama vs. U. of South	25—10	Champ Pickens says Alabama.
*Florida vs. Mercer	34—7	Exercise for Florida.
*Alabama Poly. vs. Georgia	12—0	Should prove a real battle.
*Tennessee vs. Chattanooga		Just a good workout.
*Vanderbilt vs. Rose Poly		Merely practice.
*Virginia Poly. vs. N. Carolina		Hard to figure this one.
MIDDLE WEST.		
*Missouri vs. Texas		Texas will die hard.
*De Pauw vs. Butler	39—0	Another easy one for De P.
Friends U. vs. *Haskell		Redmen fairly strong.
Grinnell vs. *Drake	58—0	Drake is rounding to.
Indiana vs. *Northwestern	14—6	Northwestern dopes better.
*Michigan Aggies vs. S. Dakota		Mich. A. M. has the class.
*Wisconsin vs. Ohio State	21—0	It's largely guesswork.
Ohio Wes. vs. *Case		Case is improving.
*Chicago vs. Purdue	7—0	One Chicago should win.
*Washington U. vs. Illinois		Get an adding machine.
*Minnesota vs. Iowa		By 15 points or more.
*N. Dakota vs. N. Dakota Aggies	20—0	It seems close.
*Wabash vs. Earlham	85—0	Not a hard test.
*Carleton vs. Beloit	34—0	Carleton beat Chicago.
*Oklahoma vs. Kansas		Close.
MISSOURI VALLEY.		
*Nebraska vs. Iowa State		Nebraska need not worry.
WEST AND SOUTHWEST.		
*Occidental vs. Redlands		Occidental beat Mahan.
*Oregon Aggies vs. Whitman	34—7	Should be easy.
*Colo. Aggies vs. Denver	34—0	Aggies have strong team.
*Montana vs. Montana Aggies		Montana has the call.
*Washington vs. Oregon		Coach Dobie is unbeaten.
Wyoming vs. *Colo. Coll.		Easy for Colorado.
*Washington State vs. Idaho	61—0	It's an exercise.
LOCAL.		
*St. Louis U. vs. Creighton		No good line on this pair.
*C. B. C. vs. Cape Girardeau		C. B. C. is rounding to form.
*McKinley vs. Soldan		Figures favor McKinley handily.
*Yeatman vs. Principia		Yeatman will have to fight.
*Central vs. Smith-Mann		Looks easy for Central.
Kirkwood vs. *Webster		Webster best on paper.

*Indicates team which figures best.

WRAY'S COLUMN

Lull Before the Storm.

THIS is one of the quietest football days of the season, in the big Eastern football camps. Battle-scarred war dogs wounded in previous contests, will have time to rest and lick their wounds into shape.

For the following Saturday will be one of the fiercest on the calendar.

Today only three of the major elevens of the East seem forced to call into action their big guns. Two of these, Syracuse and Dartmouth, will have their annual battle royal, while Army will engage with its likely Western foe, Notre Dame.

As Illinois last week could only defeat Purdue by a touchdown, the prospect of the Gophers being defeated is as small as the pupil of a microbe's right eye.

The issue in both cases will assuredly be close, if the important cogs of all the machines involved are in smooth working order.

• • •

Dartmouth's "Dope" Best.

DARTMOUTH appears to have the call, on the season's form, over Syracuse. Both have bombarded the enemy's goal line heavily, in their games this year, Syracuse having scored 208 points in five games, and Dartmouth 177 points in six contests.

Both have suffered reverses in their last two contests, Georgetown and Princeton both being fortunate to defeat the Green, while Syracuse was crushed by Pittsburg and had miserable fortune against Michigan.

Dartmouth smashed harder teams in its first four games than any Syracuse had met on equal dates. In fact, the green has a tight little team that has not yet been decisively eliminated from all title hopes.

• • •

Syracuse Has Beef-Trust Lne.

CONTRARY to custom, Dartmouth this year will face the Syracuse mastodons with a comparatively light line. The battle will, therefore, be a test of the value of line weight, under the present playing rules. It has been said that no lineman over 190 pounds can be used to advantage under the present playing conditions. Syracuse has more than one dreadnaught of greater tonnage.

Dartmouth's grand backfield should lay over anything Syracuse will offer. In short, the dope indicates Dartmouth is two touchdowns, or close to it, better than its rivals.

Dartmouth's weak point is generalship. In handling the team when in sight of a score, Cannell has not satisfied all requirements, his Eastern critics assert.

• • •

BUT then there's many a leader at a loss how to drive a halfback past an impassable line. When the secondary defense is up, gains are grinding work and confined to inches.

If plunges fails the critics say the signal caller should have forward passed across the line; if he forward passes and fails, they declare he ought to have used a plunging attack.

So what's the poor boy to do, between the deep sea and the Old Boy?

• • •

Army Defense Tightening.

AT the start of the season Army appeared to have a weak eleven. Its opening game was a 3—0 count against Lebanon Valley, a machine that was utterly crushed by Dartmouth the following week, score 47—0.

Since that time both attack and defense of the cadet eleven have come forward. Washington and Lee was beaten by one touchdown, score 14—7; Holy Cross was a 17—0 victim, Trinity, 63—0 and Villanova, 69—7.

The team's progress is shown in that victory over Villanova which held Lebanon Valley to 13-3, whereas Army scored 69 points—a clear gain of 56 points from its first game with Lebanon.

• • •

Cofall a Great Star.

NOTRE DAME itself has SOME eleven. With a team of substitutes in the field it whipped the Little Giants, 60 to 0—a rip-roaring scoring performance.

And Cofall is very little inferior to Oliphant as a scoring machine.

Altogether, it's a tight little ruction that is ribbed up for both parties. The result will shed a little light on the quality of Western football, as well as on the niche destined for the Army this year.

• • •

Guessing the "Big 9" Games.

MINNESOTA stands out as the one seemingly SURE winner, in the Big Nine conference struggles of this afternoon. This powerful scoring factor gave a tremendous drubbing to Iowa, 67 points to be exact. And Iowa, only the previous week, had slammed Cleo O'Donnell's Purdue jitney, 34 to 6.

In the Far Northwest.

ONE of the interesting battles of the day will take place in the Far Northwest, when the University of Washington and University of Oregon teams hook up.

University of Washington, coached by Dobie, has been unbeaten for eight years. This season Dobie has sent forth the hard-luck wail about a weak team. But it was noticed that he walloped the doughty little Whitman eleven some thirty points or more. That's about the same margin by which Oregon defeated the weak California U. outfit a week or so ago.

Eddie Mahan's opposition, on that occasion, was nothing to make Harvard proud of the coaches it graduates.

Dobie, until he has been outgeneraled, will have to be given the edge.

Friday's Football Scores.

Kirksville Normals 25, Westminster 0.

Illinois College 26, Wesleyan 0.

Emporia State Normal 23, Washburn College 7.

Morningside 17, Nebraska Wesleyan 0.

William Jewell 103, Maryville Normal 0.

Southwestern College 20, Baker U. 10.

Ottawa 18, College of Emporia 7.

Arkansas College 0, Henderson-Brown 0.

Haskell Institute 10, Friends U. 3.

Hendrix College 20, Southwestern U. 6.

Jacksonville High 16, Peoria Manual 6.

Kemper M. A. 28, Chillicothe Business College 6.

Stockton High 76, Poplar Bluff High 7.

Purdue and Chicago Play.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Confidence held sway in both camps prior to the clash between the football teams of Purdue and the University of Chicago here this afternoon. Neither coach, however, would make any predictions. It was said that the locals were in excellent shape.

M'KINLEY AND SOLDAN IN TITLE GAME TODAY

Cripples of Both School Teams Are Scheduled to Start in Battle.

Only one championship game is to be played today in the Interscholastic League. This battle is between McKinley and Soldan High Schools, at High School Field at 3 p. m. The two other games, although not championship games, will afford the league teams an excellent chance to get some real scrimmage and get toughened up a bit before their games next Saturday. Central met Smith-Manual at 10 a. m., and Yeatman takes on Principia at 1 p. m. Both games will be played on the High School Field.

Soldan and McKinley will meet this afternoon on as equal a footing as can be expected in the prep circles. Both teams have at least one man who is supposed to be on the hospital list and two or three more who have applications in. These men are not going to be content to remain out of the game today, as this is THE big game of the season for the two schools. Lou Davis of Soldan is determined to start the game against McKinley, and Coach Kelly has consented, while at McKinley Capt. Deeds and Art Ronat, who have been visiting a member of the medical profession this past week, are scheduled to answer roll call when the game starts.

Cripples to Start Game.

The dope has it that McKinley is to defeat Soldan by two touchdowns; but with men on both teams who are ailing, Old Man Dope resigns his job officially and makes only a private prediction that Soldan goes down to defeat to the tune of 14—0; played slowly.

The Principia grid team, under the guidance of Coach Martin, will try to hold Yeatman down to a low score if possible, but judging by their past performances they are going to have a hard time, and as for them getting across the goal line—it's all wrong. Yeatman should not be satisfied with less than eight touchdowns.

While all this excitement is going on at High School Field, Webster and Kirkwood High Schools will be staging a battle royal at Francis Field. The winner of this game will not be county champion, but will have a good chance to play in the final round of play when the time does come to settle the championship. Webster should win this game by one touchdown with their recently strengthened team.

Every Member of Eleven From Northwestern U. Is Working for His Education

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Practically every member of the Northwestern University eleven which surprised "Big Nine" football followers by recently defeating the University of Chicago for the first time within 15 years, is working his way through school.

The players are making big sacrifices for the sucess of the team. Mulder, right guard, is obliged to rise at 3 a. m. to start in on his outdoor duties. And he's busy until 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, when he reports for football practice. Capt. Driscoll, who many critics believe will be chosen a member of the All-Western eleven, is particularly busy doing a full line of odd jobs to earn his way.

Patterson Beats Cooper.

Leo Paterson was awarded the decision over Edgar Cooper, the Rattlesnake Kid, after 12 rounds in the feature bout of the negro show at the Future City last night. Kid Yellow knocked out Battling Johnny in the first round of the semi-windup and then outpointed Kid Peebles in four. Saginaw Kid stopped George Walker in the third round of the preliminary. Alligator Kid was the winner of the battle royal.

McCormick Meets Jolly.

Jim McCormick and Arb Jolly, a pair of lightweights, are scheduled to box 12 rounds in the feature bout of the Aurora A. C. show tonight. The eight-round semi-windup brings together Nick Kuba and Young Leach Cross, at 122 pounds, while K. O. Jones and J. Sieloff furnish the four-round preliminary, at 145 pounds. Charles Paramini and J. Klingen will meet in the wrestling bout. Freddie Coyne will referee.

Football Scores

	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	T
Central	2	7	13	7	29
Smith-Man.	0	0	0	0	0
Yeatman	0	12			
Principia	0	0			

COLGATE WELL COACHED FOR CLASH WITH YALE

Hamilton Aggregation Should Make a Good Showing Against Old Eli Today.

By George Daley.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 4.—Yale men are likely to get an answer to an oft-asked football question when Colgate lines up in the bowl here this afternoon to repeat, if possible, the victory of a year ago.

Five games have been won this season in a way to promise gridiron regeneration. Out of the depths of 1915 has been growing a team fundamentally sound, to all appearances, and potentially powerful. Just how sound, just how powerful remains to be seen.

This is not meant to imply that the Yale eleven has reached the crest of a growing wave. Tad Jones and his assistants are aiming at Princeton and Harvard and are taking the game seriously, for the lessons it will teach, but not as seriously as to check the natural development of the team or to break a carefully planned campaign.

Colgate Is Well Coached.

Colgate, however, has a well-coached eleven. Ample evidence of this was furnished at Hamilton last week. Preparedness of this kind is not always dependable, as Cornell proved against Harvard. Structural weakness does not always crop out in practice, but this time it seems safe to assume that Colgate is quite strong enough to point out clearly to the Yale coaches the flaws and soft spots in the blue eleven—both offensively and defensively.

Colgate is aiming at bigger things than a victory over Yale from a Colgate point of view. Syracuse is that mark. No short cut has been taken to the game today. Colgate wants to beat Yale obviously but not at the expense of losing to Syracuse, so that the point of view of both teams will be much the same, which in all probability will mean a better game.

Tad Jones is unsettled between Galt and Graham for right guard, but otherwise Yale will take the field as follows:

Ends, Gates and Comerford; tackles, Taft and Baldridge; left guard, Capt. Black; center, Vorys; quarterback, Smith; halfbacks, Neville and Legore; fullback, Hutchinson.

Hutchinson is the subject for much experimenting. He was going well at center but it is felt by the coaches that he is more needed in the back field because Braden fell short of meeting expectations. He is big and powerful, but learns slowly and consequently is not dependable.

Hutchinson Is Dependable.

Hutchinson is not brilliant but he is cool headed and distinctly dependable whether in the line or in the back field. Too much shifting about, however, may impair his usefulness.

Vorys will play his first regular game at center, and for that reason his work will be carefully watched. It may mean much in the final development of the Yale eleven.

He has been on the varsity squad for two years, but has been handicapped by minor injuries to a point that has retarded his preferment if not his advancement. The coaches express great confidence in his ability and he looked well in the signal drill.

Neville is being used as backfield to share the burden of punting with Legore. Burden is the word, Yale's outstanding weakness this season lies in the punting, and this weakness may be the rock on which the football ship may eventually be wrecked. Legore can mix up 50-yard punts with 25-yard punts in a most bewildering way—to his own coaches and his own team. There is no consistency in his foot.

Neville More Consistent.

Neville is not a Felton or a Charley Barrett or even a Boynton, that freshman at Williams, but if anything he is more consistent than Legore. He is a mid-offensive back, too, and well grounded in defensive play.

Graham may be tried at right guard because he has been working in that place all week, but Galt now is recovered from an attack of indigestion and consequently may be used. The former is hardly up to Galt's standard.

If reports from Hamilton are true the team will be weakened by the absence of Hubbell, the aggressive plunging back, and Spencer, by all odds the best defensive back on the team. One or both may play part of the game. Beck is sure to fill one of the places acceptably. He is light but built on the style of Rafter, the wonderful Syracuse back, and is sure to give a good account of himself.

The Colgate team will be outweighed 10 or 12 net pounds to the man, but this handicap may be overcome to some extent by speed and aggressiveness. Larry Bankard has the faculty for inspiring his men with rare fighting instinct.

2 GAMES IN MUNICIPAL SOCCER LEAGUE TODAY

Two games are scheduled for this afternoon in the Saturday division of the Municipal Soccer Association. Both contests will be decided at Fairground and the battles mark the opening of the season. Although the Municipal Association is enjoying its fifth season this is the first time a Saturday group has been in the field.

The Keen Kutters play the Arcade Tailors in one of the contests at Fairground No. 1, while the Columbulls and Eden Seminary are scheduled to fight it out in the other at Fairground No. 2. The games are booked to start at 3 o'clock.

Leos Tackle Innisfails.

The St. Leos and Innisfails play tomorrow in the first and what should prove the feature of the St. Louis Soccer League twin bill at Robison Field tomorrow afternoon. At present the two elevens are tied for first place. The second battle brings together the Ben Millers and Naval Reserves. All the teams with the exception of the Innisfails will use the same lineups they had in the field last week.

SPORT SALAD

Old Reliable.

WHEN you've coin to spend
You will find a friend
Wherever you chance to go;
They are strong for you
And they'll stick like glue
As long as you have the dough.

When the weather's fair
They are always there
To clap you upon the back;
They'll laugh and choke
When you spring a joke
And say it's a "cracker-jack."

But your friends of old
Will desert you cold
As soon as you start to slip;
And day by day
They will fade away
Like rats from a sinking ship.

You're a good old scout
Till you're down and out
And you haven't a cent to spend;
And it's then you'll find
When the world's unkind
Your dog is your only friend.

He'll stick to you
When you're feeling blue
And life is a gloomy fog;
Though your coat's a rag
And your trousers bag
A man's best friend is his dog.

• • •

In Virginia.

'Twas on an Autumn evening
The voter's work was done;
His vote was in the ballot box,
His candidate had won.
"I'll drink a glass of "pop," said he
"To celebrate the victory.

• • •

In Kansas.

'Twas on an autumn evening,
The voter's work was done;
His vote was in the ballot box
His candidate had won.
To celebrate the glorious news
He bought himself a pair of shoes.

• • •

In Kentucky.

'Twas on an Autumn evening,
The voter's work was done;
His vote was in the ballot box
His candidate had won.
Said he, "I knew we'd put him through;
Then took a drink of "mountain dew."

• • •

In Georgia.

'Twas on an Autumn evening,
The voter's work was done;
His vote was in the ballot box,
His candidate had won.
"I guess I'll get a bun," said he,
And headed for the bak-er-ie.

• • •

In Illinois.

'Twas on an Autumn evening,
The voter's work was done;
HER vote was in the ballot box,
HER candidate had won.
"We did that little thing," said she,
And started in to swilling tea.

• • •

So it seems that the voters, this year, are going to celebrate according to their lights, opportunities and resources.

• • •

No Hope.

After having heard the records of the various candidates cussed and discussed by both sides, we sit in our room and ruminate. Then we marvel. Then we light our pipe and say to ourself sotto voce, as it were: How refreshing it would be should we ever get a chance to vote for at least one man without a criminal record.

• • •

Our candidate for chairman of the National Commission is John McGraw. Johnny knows the game from Alfred to Omaha, and he would be strictly neutral; "Mac" wouldn't care which club killed the umpire.

• • •

Our second choice would be Ted Roosevelt. Ted's chief qualification would be his ability to keep the Germans in line. Heinie Zim would have to behave himself.

• • •

Branch Rickey is thinking of practicing at the bar. Very simple, Branch. All you have to do is to learn to say "What'll ya have?" and "Gimme th' same."

Harvard Will Use Subs.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 4.—Coach Haughton felt so little fear of the University of Virginia eleven which came to the stadium today that he planned to send in an entire substitute backfield for Harvard. Several second-string men were also expected to start in the Harvard line. Virginia's best chance for scoring was thought to lie in the expert punting of Thuesman, the big right guard. His kicks in last year's game were the longest encountered by the Crimson during the season.

EIGHT TEAMS FROM POST-DISPATCH TO OPEN MIDDLE WEST

Entre Tenpin League Will Compete for Special Prizes on November 17.

OTHER FEATURES PLANNED

Banquet for State, City and Bowling Officials to Be Held Before Opening.

The opening night of the Middle West Bowling Tournament will be known as "Post-Dispatch night," it was announced this morning by D. J. Sweeney, secretary of the local tournament company. Sweeney yesterday received the entries of the entire Post-Dispatch League of eight teams. This will be the first time in the history of bowling that a newspaper has had a full squad entered and has had the opening night set aside for them.

The quintets are scheduled to roll on the Washington alleys at 8:30 o'clock immediately following a banquet at which the Governor-elect, Mayor Kiel, Middle West officials, tournament officials and sport writers will be present. The above officials are expected to make short talks before the opening of the tourney, which will be the biggest ever staged by the association.

Sweeney also announced that he had received permission from the Middle West officials to put up a special prize fund of $100, which will be divided among the Post-Dispatch teams rolling on the first night. They also will be eligible to compete for the regular prizes.

The quintets that will roll will be the Weather Bird, Newlywed, Comic, Want Ad, Rotogravure, Society, Penny Ante and Magazine teams.

Donie Bush Will Be Here.

Although St. Louis will have a team entered in the Middle West tournament composed of entirely major league ball tossers, they will not be the only ballplayers to attend the event. The Capitol Alley Five of Indianapolis will bring along Owen Bush, the Detroit shortstop, as its mascot. Secretary Sweeney yesterday received a letter from Capt. Cottom of the team to this effect.

The lineup of the Hoosier quintet will be as follows: Jesse Pritchett, J. Goodwin, C. C. Cray, Fred McCullough, W. H. Cottom and Edward Meyer. The entry of the five has not yet arrived here, but Sweeney expects it in the next few days. The men probably also will roll in the two-man and individual events.

Windy City Women Busy.

Although the women's national championship tournament is scheduled to be held at the Washington alleys immediately after the conclusion of the Middle West, the feminine pin-toppiers of Chicago are going ahead with arrangements for the entry which has Nov. 17 as the opening date. This is just prior to the tourney that will be staged here, and will give the Windy City women who expect to compete here a lot of practice for the event.

Mrs. Gertrude Dornbaser, one of the leading feminine pin-toppiers in the country, is at the head of the move to stage the tourney. The entry lists close Nov. 10, and not an entry will be received a week earlier. They will be stamped then and not opened until the lists close. This will make the teams bowl just as they are and allow for the playing of no favorites. In other words, the women will have to bowl when scheduled, and cannot ask for a special date.

This is something entirely new, and has never been tried out by the men pin-toppiers for their tournaments. It might be given a try, though.

• • •

Titles go with the Reilly family of Chicago. Jack Reilly 12 years ago won the all-events at the American Bowling Congress, with a total of 1791. Then in 1909 Mrs. Jack Reilly won the women's championship at Rochester. They are still at it. Recently Mrs. Reilly won the head-pin event for the city championship, while Jack Reilly heads the Greater Chicago individual event with five points. Two years ago Reilly won the Northern Illinois title, while he also has a record of 748 pins in a special three-game match.

Collins Expected to Play for Missouri in Battle With Texas Team Today

COLUMBIA, Mo., Nov. 4.—Difficulties over the eligibility of certain players on the University of Texas football team and the elimination of Missouri players through last minute injuries, left the clash today between the two schools "up in the air," so far as an accurate line on the outcome is concerned.

The eligibility question centers around the playing of Dittmar and Carleton, who, it is alleged, are playing their fourth year of collegiate football. It was said, however, that it was believed the question has been straightened out through correspondence between athletic directors of the two schools.

Missouri will be without the service of Muir, the drop kicker, and Haines, the punter. However, the appearance in a suit a few days ago of Halfback Collins and the announcement that he probably would be in the lineup today cheered the Tiger followers.

VANDERBILT TEAM PLAYS ROSE POLYTECHNIC TODAY

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 4.—With the starting today of the November drive for Gridfield championship of the South, two elevens are expected to result in cutting down the list of contenders for the 1916 title, were down for decision. Georgia met Auburn at Columbus, Ga., while Alabama and Sewanee clashed at Birmingham. Those four elevens up to today had not met defeat.

Georgia Tech, Vanderbilt and Tennessee, the other leading teams and opponents which have no bearing on the Southern title, Tech was to meet Tulane here; Vanderbilt and Rose Polytechnic play at Nashville and Tennessee and Chattanooga come together at Chattanooga.

1916 Baseball Campaign Brought Out Many Noteworthy Happenings

The season of 1916, not only in the majors but also in the minor circuits, brought out a good many noteworthy feats. Probably the greatest of all was the dethroning of Ty Cobb as champion batter of the American League after 10 years, by Tris Speaker. Then never before, at least in the last few seasons, have so many pitchers tried their hand at twirling double headers. No less than five of them turned the trick in the campaign just closed.

Some of the noteworthy occurrences last year were as follows:

Four no-hit no-runs games in the big leagues. Three in the American and one in the National. Three of the hurlers, who performed the feats were with Boston clubs, Leonard and Foster of the Red Sox and Hughes of the Braves. The other flinger to chalk his name up in the hall of fame was Joe Bush, hurling for the lowly Athletics.

Four No-Hit Games Hurled.

Grover Cleveland Alexander of the Phillies set up a new shutout record for the other flingers to shoot at when he blanked his opponents 16 times. The former mark was 13, held by Christy Mathewson, now manager of the Reds.

Zack Wheat of the Superbas made one or more hits in 29 consecutive games. In all the contests he poled 46 bingles.

The New York Giants won 26 straight games, and in doing it shattered the long standing major league record of 20, made by Providence in 1884.

In losing 20 straight games the Athletics tied the American League record for consecutive defeats. The Mackmen also hung up a new mark for defeats in one season with 117 games against 112 registered by Washington in 1904, the previous mark.

The "iron man" stunt of pitching and winning two games on one day was performed by the following hurlers: Dauss, Sport of the Browns, Perritt of the Giants, Alexander of the Phillies and Demaree of the Phillies. Besides this huge Demaree of the Gants twirled two contests on the same day, winning one and losing another to the Superbas.

Mensor Makes Great Mark.

Outfielder Eddie Mensor, a former Pirate, with the Spokane club of the Northwestern League, took part in 154 games and handled 320 chances without an error.

Kessie Kirkman, outfielder of the St. Joseph club of the Western League, made 219 hits in 39 times at bat. Ty Cobb in 1915 set a record of 240 singles in 99 attempts.

The Braves won 34 games in a row, the best performance made in the American League during the campaign.

Every club in the American League with the exception of the Athletics lost in the league for at least one day. Cleveland, New York, Boston and Washington were up most of the time, while the others enjoyed the privilege for short periods, including that.

After leading the American League batters for 10 years in succession Ty Cobb lost the sweetest scrapping to Tris Speaker of the Cleveland Indians.

Mixed to measure and aged in the wood
Club Cocktails
taste even better than your own when you happen to strike it right.

MARKETS AND FINANCE--SALES AND LATEST QUOTATIONS

STOCK MARKET IRREGULAR IN LATE SESSION

U. S. Steel and Other Industrials Are Slightly Lower; Trading Is Fair.

By Leased Wire From the New York Bureau of the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The Evening Post, in its copyrighted financial review today, says:

"The week closed on the Stock Exchange with much irregularity. A few stocks declined sharply, no doubt on 'week-end realizing,' but there were changes in the opposite direction and as a whole the day's movement both of industrial and railway shares, was uncertain. Wall street, it is safe to say, was far more interested in the market for what might be described as 'Hughes preferred' and 'Wilson common.'

"In years gone by the course of the 'eve-of-election odds' has foreshadowed electoral results as surely and as accurately as the stock market itself indicates the financial future. Possibly the exceptional interest displayed in this week's odds is partly due to doubts often visible on such occasions, as to whether the introduction of bull and bear maneuvers into the betting market may not have had the effect which they sometimes have on stock quotations. But the more probable reason for the public interest lies in the conflict of the export estimates, and the certainty that, three days from now, everyone will know the truth.

"Addition of $20,700,000 cash to reserve money in the bank's own vaults ($17,600,000 of that increase being gold) caused a further substantial increase in surplus reserves. This surplus is now at the highest level since last March, and is actually $55,000,000 greater than it was, only three weeks ago. It is still, however, $65,000,000 below the surplus of a year ago this week, and the gold holdings of the New York banks have been reduced by an almost exactly equal amount. It has become almost impossible to forecast the future movement of this reserve, even with gold imports continuing.

New York Stock Quotations

Reported daily for the Post-Dispatch by G. H. Walker & Co., 307 North Fourth street.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.

STOCKS.	Open	High	Low	Close
Alaska Gold	12¼	12¼	12	12¼
Am. Steel Fdy.	65	65	63½	64
Am. Beet Sugar	103¼	103¾	102¾	103⅝
Am. Can. com.	65⅞	64	63¼	63⅞
Am. Can pfd.	113½			113½
Alls Chal. com.	28¼	28¼	27¼	27¼
Allis Chal. pfd.	85			85
Am. Car & Fdy. com.	70¾	70¼	69¼	69½
Am. Car & Fdy. pfd.	118⅝			118⅝
Am. Zinc com.	53½	54	55	53¼
Am. Zinc pfd.	83½	84	83	83
A. H. & L. com.	15¼	15¼	15	15
A. H. & L. pfd.	68			68
Am. Loco. com.	92	92	90¾	90¾
Am. Loco. com.	112⅜	112⅜	111¾	111¾
Anglo French 5s	94⅜	95⅜	94⅜	94⅜
Am. Sugar	121	121	120	120
Am. Telephone	133¼			133¼
Am. Lin. Oil com	26	26¼	25¾	25¾
Am. Lin. Oil pfd.	67	69¼	67	68¼
Am. Ice	20¼	20¾	20	20¼
Anaconda Copper	97⅞	97⅞	96⅝	96⅝
Atchison com.	106½	106⅝	106¼	106¼
Atlantic Coast Line	121½			121¼
Baltimore & Ohio	88	88¼	88	88
Baldwin Loco.	86¼	87¼	85⅝	87⅛
B. R. T.	84½	84½	84	84
Butte & Superior	68¾	68¾	68	68
Cal. Petro.	23			23
Canadian Pacific	172⅜	173⅜	172⅜	173⅜
Can. L. com.	96¼	96¾	96¼	96¾
C. & O.	68⅝	68⅝	68¼	68¼
Cuban Cane S.	71⅜	71⅜	70¾	70¾
Chi. G. W. pfd.	46¼	46⅝	46¼	46¼
Chi. M. & St. P. com.	93			93
Chi. N. W.	128¼			128¼
Chino Copper	64	64	63½	63⅝
C. F. I.	54¼	54¼	54	54
Colo. F. & I.	55⅛	55⅞	55	55⅛
Colo. Sou. com.	36	36		36
Con. Gas	139			139
Crucible Steel	92¼	92⅝	91¾	92¼
Corn P. Ref. com.	19½	19¾	19¼	19¼
D. & R. G. pfd.	48	48	47¼	47¼
Distillers	46¼	46¼	45¾	45¾
Erie com	38¾	38¾	38¼	38¼
Erie 1st pfd	53⅝	53⅞	53⅝	53⅝
General Electric	182	182½	182	182
General Motor com.	510			510
G. Northern Ore	42⅞	43¼	42⅞	43
G. Northern pfd.	119¼	119¼	119	119
Goodrich	71⅛	71¼	71⅛	71⅜
Illinois Central	106	106¼	106	106
Int. Paper com.	62	62	60¾	60⅞
Int. Paper pfd.	104⅜	104⅜	103½	103⅝
Int. Harvester	119¾	119¾	119¼	119¼
Int. Copper	68	68	66⅝	67⅛
Kennecott Copper	54⅝	54⅝	54	54
K./C. Sou. com.	27⅝			27⅝
K./C. Sou. pfd.	61			61
Laclede Gas	109⅞	110	109⅞	110
Lehigh Valley Ry.	83⅞	83⅞	83⅝	83⅝
Lack. Steel	80	80	80	80
Mex. Petrol. Stores	70⅝	70¾	69⅞	69⅝
Mexican Petro.	111	111⅜	110¼	111
Miami Copper	30½	30⅝	30¼	30½
Maxwell M. com.	84¼	84½	84¼	84⅜
Maxwell M. 1st pfd.	85			85
M., K. & T. com.	8¾	8¾	8	8¼
Mo. Pac.	10⅝			10⅝
Nat. Enam. com.	30⅜	32⅜	30½	32⅛
Nat. Lead com.	68⅝			68⅝
Nevada Cons.	25	25	24½	25
N. Y. Cen.	108¼	108¼	108	108⅜
N. Y., N. H. & H.	61¾	61¾	60⅜	60⅝
N. & W.	144⅝	144⅞	143¾	144
Northern Pacific	113¾	113¾	112	112¾
Pacific Mail	26½			26½
Pennsylvania	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼
People's Gas	111			111
P. S. Car com.	74¼	74½	73⅝	74
Pullman Co.	168			168
Ry. Steel Springs	54⅜	54½	53¾	54¼
Ray Consolidated	29⅜	30¼	28¾	29
Reading com	109¾	109¾	109	109¾
Rep. I. and S. com.	78¼	78¼	77⅛	77⅝
Rep. I. and S. pfd.	114⅝			114⅝
Studebaker com	128¼	128¼	127⅝	128¼
Southern Pacific	100⅝	101	100¼	101
Sou. Ry. com.	25¼	25½	25	25⅛
Tenn. Copper	22⅝	22⅝	22⅜	22⅞
Texas Oil Co.	225	225	224½	224½
Texas Pac.	18¼	18⅛	17¾	17¾
Third Av.	54½			54½
Union Bag & P. com.	18⅞	18⅞	18⅜	18⅜
U. P. com.	150⅜	150⅜	150⅛	150⅛
U. P. pfd.	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
United Fruit	134	134	133	133¾
U. S. Rubber	61⅜	61⅜	60⅝	61⅜
U. S. Steel com.	120⅜	120½	119⅝	120¼
U. S. Steel pfd.	122⅜	122⅝	122⅛	122⅜
U. S. Ind. Alco.	142¼	142¾	141¼	142¼
Utah Copper	113⅝	113⅝	111¾	112¾
Virginia-C. C. C.	46	46	45¼	45¼
Wabash, W. I.	15⅝	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜
Wabash, P.	57¾	57¾	56¾	56⅞
Wabash, pfd. B.	31			31
Western Md.	28¼	28⅝	28	28⅜
W. U.	105			105
Westinghouse	65¾	66¼	65¾	65¾
Willys-Ov. com.	42⅜	42⅝	42¼	42⅜
Willys-Ov. pfd.	105⅞			105⅞
Wis. M. com.	41¼	41½	40¾	40⅝
Int. M. M. pfd.	118¼	118¼	117¾	117⅞

Total shares (326,600 shares, against 626,700 last Saturday, 873,100 previous week, 486,800 three weeks ago and 704,700 month ago. Since Jan. 1 to date 178,648,100, against 147,000,000 year ago.

BOSTON STOCKS CLOSE.

Reported by G. H. Walker & Co., 307 North Fourth street.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Zinc com.	53¼	54
do pfd	83	84½
Butte & Superior	68¾	68¾
Calumet & Hecla	583	590
Copper Range	72	73½
East Butte	28¼	28¾
Greene Cananea	52	53¼
Nipissing	8¼	8¼
North Butte	29¼	29¾
United Shoe Machinery	57	57½

New York Money.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Mercantile paper, 5@6 sterling, 60 day bills, 4.71½; commercial bills on demand, 4.75½; cables, 4.76. Francs, demand, 5.42½; cables, 5.41½. Marks, demand, 71; cables, 71½. Kronen, demand, 13.81; cables, 13.86. Guilders, demand, 41; cables, 41¼. Liras, demand, 6.71; cables, 6.70½. Rubles, demand, 30.70; cables, 30.85. Bar silver, 68¾. Mexican dollars, 50c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm.

Elgin Butter.

ELGIN, Ill., Nov. 4.—Butter, 35 tubs bid at 39½c; no sales.

HAMILTON-BROWN STOCK IS HIGHER; SALES AT $140

Issue Jumps 10 Points on Active Demand—Other Shares Irregular.

ST. LOUIS CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENT.

	Clearings.	Balances.
Today	$19,104,397	$1,910,397
Last week	18,178,400	1,948,150
Last month	16,204,746	2,004,037
This week	122,736,285	14,024,907
Last week	126,772,143	16,518,000
Last year	97,680,177	10,568,634

Hamilton-Brown shoe stock sold $10 per share higher on the local Stock Exchange today, on transfers at $133 to $140. The stock closed in demand with $139 bid, $140 asked. Other miscellaneous issues quoted and sold showed a rather irregular price range.

United Railways stocks and bonds were quiet and prices mentioned showed no wide changes from yesterday's sale. The bank and trust list of stocks was also quiet and steady. Bonds reflected a fair investment demand at steady values.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Nat. Bank of Commerce	107	107½
Third National Bank	250	
Mercantile Trust	340	343
St. Louis Union Trust	....	370
United Railways com.	....	4¼
do pfd	15⅝	15¾
do 4s	61½	61⅝
St. L. & Sub. gen. 5s	....	75
Union Depot 6s	103	103½
A., G. & St. L. 5s	75	
Laclede Gas pfd.	90½	
Kinloch Telephone 5s	100	
do L.-D. Tel. stock	....	140½
K. C. L.-D. Tel. 5s	90	91
Toledo Home Tel. 5s	94½	
Union Sand and Material	81¼	82
International Shoe com.	106	109
do pfd.	110	
C. Cement com.	75	
do pfd.	90	
do 5s	95	
Hamilton-Brown	139	140
St. Louis Screw	190	200
Independent Brew. 1st pfd.	28½	30½
do 5s	62½	
National Candy com.	20½	21
Chicago Ry. Equipment	113	
Wagner Electric	361½	370

SALES BETWEEN SESSIONS.

10 Hamilton-Brown at 138.

REGULAR SESSION.

10 Ind. Brewing first preferred at 29½.
20 Ind. Brewing first preferred at 29.
20 Ind. Brewing first preferred at 28.
10 Ind. Brewing first preferred at 30.
8 Ind. Brewing first preferred at 28½.
10 Wagner Electric at 360.
10 Hamilton-Brown at 138.
10 Hamilton-Brown at 138½.
10 Hamilton-Brown at 135.
10 Hamilton-Brown at 135½.
2 Hamilton-Brown at 138.
10 Hamilton-Brown at 140.
40 Hamilton-Brown at 140.
8 Hamilton-Brown at 140.
10 Hamilton-Brown at 140.
10 Hamilton-Brown at 140.
8 Hamilton-Brown at 140.
50 United Railways preferred at 15¾.
50 United Railways preferred at 15¾.
50 United Railways preferred at 15¾.
$100 Ind. Brewing 6s at 62½.
$1000 Ind. Brewing 6s at 62½.
$1000 Alton Granite 5s at 74½.
1 Laclede Gas preferred at 90.
11 Int. Shoe common at 110.
10 Union Sand and Material at 82.
10 Union Sand and Material at 82.
1 Union Sand and Material at 82.
10 Union Sand and Material at 82.
10 Union Sand and Material at 82.

NEW YORK CURB CLOSE

Reported daily by the Stifel, Nicolaus, Parsons Inv. Co., 207 N. Broadway.

Mining and Industrials—Butte Copper & Zinc 15¼@15½. Butte & N. Y. 1¼@2. Beat 42¼@45¼. Cramps 80@85. Canada Copper 1¼@2. Coeden Co. 17¾@18. Chevrelet Motor 156@190. Emerson Motor 3@4. Houston Oil com. 19¼@20¼. do pfd. 60@65. Howe Sound 5¼@6. Jumbo 32@35. Kathodon 9¼@10¼. Kerr Lake 4¼@4¾. Midvale Steel 68¾@68¾. Midwest Refg. 74@76. Grant Motor 8@10. Nipissing 8¾@8¾. Profit Sharing 1@1 1-16. Riker 54@56. Sapulpa Refg. 1¾@2. St. Joe Lead 19¼@19¾. Standard Motors 7¼@8¼. Triangle Film 1¼@2¼. Torpedo 11@11¼. U. S. Light & Heat 2¼@2¾. do pfd. 4@5. Ventura Oil 10¼@11. Yukon Gold 2@2¼. Curtis Aero 20@25. Musgrave Refg. 5½@6. United Verde Ext. 39@39½. Coeden Oil & Gas 14¼@15. do pfd. 4¾@5. Green Monster 8¾@9¼. Big Ledge 7¼@7¾. Fisher Body com. 88@90. do pfd. 102½@103. Maxwell Motor 47¼@47¾. do pfd. 103½@103¾. Sinclair Oil 54¼@55. Aetna Explo. 10¾@11. United Motor 64¼@65.

Oil—Alaska 15¼@16. Atlantic 850@890. Borne 390@410. Buckeye 100@102. Chesebro 460@480. Colonial 50@75. Continental 540@560. Crescent 406@45. Cumberland 110@150. Eureka 230@235. Galena com. 172@175. Galena pfd. 140@145. Illinois Pipe 220@225. Indiana Pipe 101@200. Natl. Trans. 18¼@19¼. New Trans. 210@215. Northern Pipe 105@110. Ohio Oil 267@270. Penn Mex. 80@90. Pierce Oil 14¼@17. Prairie Oil 495@500. Prairie Pipe 260@265. Solar Refg. 375@385. Southern Pipe 218@225. South Penn Oil 456@465. Southwest Penn Pipe 110@115. S. O. Cal. 382@387. S. O. Ind. 606@610. S. O. Kan. 545@550. S. O. Ky. 610@630. S. O. Neb. 535@545. S. O. N. Y. 600@605. S. O. N. J. 238@241. S. O. Ohio 420@450. Swan & F. 110@120. Union Tank 94@95. Vacuum 600@610. Washn. Oil 40@45.

CHICAGO STOCKS CLOSE.

Reported by G. H. Walker & Co., 307 North Fourth street.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can com.	62¼	63⅜
do pfd	112½	113½
American Shipbuilding	68	70
do pfd.	93¼	94¼
Diamond Match	125½	126½
Comw. Edison	142	144
National Biscuit	124½	125
do pfd.	127	128
National Carbon	126	128
do pfd.	120	120½
Quaker Oats	330	335
do pfd.	112	114
Sears Roebuck	129	130
do pfd.	120	122
Swift & Co.	126	127
Stewart Warner	156	157
Title and Trust	109¾	110
Tool common	215	220
Union Carbide	72	72¾
	166	167

Banks Show a Gain in Reserves.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they now hold $1,251,040 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $15,835,310 over last week.

Bank Statement.

BERLIN, via London, Nov. 4.—The statement of the Imperial bank of Germany, issued Oct. 31, shows the following changes:

Total coin and bullion, increase $3,180,000 marks. Gold increased 3,674,000 marks. Treasury notes decreased 187,884,000 marks. Notes of other banks, decreased 10,221,000 marks.

Bills discount increased 261,726,000 marks. Advances increased 2,297,000 marks. Investments decreased 2,762,000 marks. Other securities increased 723,000 marks. Notes in circulation increased 258,412,000 marks.

Deposits decreased 127,786,000 marks. Other liabilities increased 21,268,000 marks. Total gold holdings 2,504,076,000 marks.

Loans, discounts, etc., $2,387,047,000, increase, $26,484,000.

Reserve in own vaults $475,675,000 (of which $404,452,000 is specie); increase, $20,771,000.

Reserve in Federal Reserve Bank, $176,087,000, increase $1,642,000.

Reserve in other depositories, $53,210,000; decrease, $312,000.

Net demand deposits, $2,859,726,000; increase $28,671,000.

Net time deposits, $186,886,000; decrease $31,000.

Circulation, $51,577,000; increase, $5000.

Aggregate reserve, $729,972,000.

Excess reserve, $124,207,040; increase $15,-238,210.

Loans, discounts, etc., $794,302,300; increase, $254,300.

Specie, $60,686,000; increase, $175,800; legal tenders, $9,725,000; decrease, $50,800.

Total deposits, $804,729,100; increase, $16,-276,400.

Banks—Cash reserve in vault, $13,604,000. Trust companies—Cash reserve in vault, $67,811,900.

SELLERS DEPRESS WHEAT ON ARGENTINE CROP NEWS

Futures Average Nearly Two Cents Lower in the Local Market—Corn and Oats Also Reflect Some Selling Pressure.

SATURDAY'S COMPARATIVE FUTURE QUOTATIONS.

Reported by St. Louis Merchants' Exchange. ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.

DECEMBER WHEAT.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Close Friday.	Close Last Year.
St. Louis	181	181⅛b	180¼	180⅝a	182¼a	103⅝b
Chicago	183⅝@183⅞	184⅛	182⅝	182⅝@⅞	183⅛@183	104⅛@⅜
Kansas City	179¾@⅞	179⅞	178¾	178¾a	180⅜@⅝	99⅝
Minneapolis	191¼@190¾	190	190¼	190¼	192¾	96⅛b
Toledo	184⅛@186¾a	186	185	185⅝	187½	111¾

MAY WHEAT.

St. Louis	183⅛@184⅛	183⅛	181	181¼b	183⅛b	104⅝b
Chicago	184⅛@185⅝	185⅝	183¼	184¼@184	185⅝@⅞	105⅛a
Kansas City	180¼@180⅝	180⅝	179	179¼@⅝	181¼a	100¼@⅜
Minneapolis	190¼	190	189	189¾	191½	101⅛
Toledo	189½b	190	189	189¾	191¼	113

JULY WHEAT.

St. Louis				146½n	146⅝n	
Chicago	148¼@147½	149½	147¾	149¾@149	149⅝b	
Kansas City	144	144⅝	143⅝	144¼b	145¼b	
Minneapolis	178¼	178	177	177¼b	180⅝b	

DECEMBER CORN.

St. Louis	85⅝	85⅞@86b	85⅛	85½	85⅝@⅞a	87⅛b
Chicago	86¼@86	86⅝	85⅝	85½	86½b	60½b
Kansas City	83⅝	84	83⅛	83⅛@⅜a	84¼a	55⅞a

MAY CORN.

St. Louis	87⅝	87⅞b	87	87⅜	88@88¼a	60¼@⅜b
Chicago	88@87⅝	88	87⅛	87½b	88¼@⅜a	62⅛@⅜b
Kansas City	85¼	85⅞	85⅛	85⅜@¼a	86¼@¼a	58¼@⅜b

JULY CORN.

St. Louis	87⅛	87⅜	87⅛a	87½b		
Chicago	88⅝	88⅝	87⅝	87⅞	88½	
Kansas City	85⅞	86⅛	85⅝	86⅛	86¼@¾	

DECEMBER OATS.

St. Louis	65¾@⅝			64⅛	53¾	38⅜
Chicago					53¾	38⅜b

MAY OATS.

St. Louis	67¼@⅜			67⅛	57½	38⅜
Chicago					57½	38⅜b

A break of 7c in wheat prices in the Argentine market, suggesting that recent rains had materially benefited the wheat crop, caused a drop of nearly 2c in local futures during the early speculation today. Bearish sentiment also was engendered by less active export buying and indifferent Liverpool cables. The market closed easy, but slightly above the low point of the day.

Corn futures averaged slightly lower despite cables 1½d to 3d up. Oats were quiet.

The Liverpool wheat market was dull and inclined lower, with a quiet millers' demand and lower Argentine cables. Spot market was steady, unchanged; cargo market dull. Winters unchanged and Manitobas not offered. Millers' demand quiet, due to recent good spot purchases. Corn market strong with a good demand for spot and dearness of export offers. Plates strongly held and a good inquiry for new American corn and firmness of Atlantic freights. Spot market strong, 1½d to 3d higher than yesterday, and parcel market 3d to 6d higher. Argentine news unfavorable and holders there are firm.

World's shipments will be moderate.

Broomhall cabled: "Argentine weather continues cloudy in the south and central part. Buenos Aires closed weak, about 7c decline for the day; corn 2½c to 3½c lower."

Northwest cars:

	Today.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Minneapolis	446	471	301
Duluth	46	94	528
Winnipeg	794	651	1613
Total	1285	1216	2942

Minneapolis stocks of wheat increased 70,000 bu for 1 day. Total stocks of wheat, 8,185,000 bu; last year, 2,229,000 bu.

Clearances of wheat were 365,000 bu; corn, none; oats, 450,000 bu; flour, 14,000 bbls; wheat and flour, 428,000 bu.

Kansas City cash wheat was 2c to 3c lower today; corn, 1c lower; oats, ¼c to ½c lower.

Chicago cash corn closed 1c to 4c lower, and oats steady.

St. Louis Cash Grain.

Cash wheat was dull and lower to sell.

Cash corn 2c to 3c lower and in fair demand.

Cash oats unchanged to ¼c lower; demand fair.

Quote No. 2 red wheat, $1.80@1.85; No. 3 red, $1.78@1.82; No. 4 red, $1.65@1.75; No. 2 hard, $1.83½@1.82; No. 3 hard, $1.75@1.85; No. 4 hard, $1.67@1.72.

Quote No. 2 corn, $1.04 b; No. 3 corn, new, 86c@$1; No. 4 corn, new, 85@95c; No. 5 corn, $1.09 n; No. 2 yellow corn, $1.04; No. 4 yellow corn, new, 95c; No. 2 white corn, $1.04 n; No. 4 white corn, new, 95c b.

Quote standard oats, 53¾c; No. 3 white oats, 53¾c; No. 4 white oats, 51¼@52c; No. 2 oats, 52c; No. 3 oats, 51½c n; No. 2 rye, $1.39 n; No. 3 rye, $1.37@1.38 n.

Cash Grain Elsewhere.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Wheat, No. 2 red nominal; No. 3 red $1.80, No. 2 hard nominal, No. 3 hard nominal.

Corn—No. 2 yellow $1.04@1.05. No. 4 yellow, new, 91c; No. 4 white nominal.

Oats—No. 2 white 53¾@53¼c, standard 53¼@53½c; rye, No. 2 nominal; barley 80c@$1.25; timothy $3.20@5.25; clover $11@15. Pork $28.50; lard $16.60; ribs $13.50@14.25.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 4.—Wheat: Cash $1.83½; December $1.83¾; May $1.89¾. Clover seed, prime cash $11.15; December $11.25; January $11.35; February $11.45.

Alsike—Prime cash $10.55; December $10.65; March $10.85. Timothy—Prime cash $2.42; December $2.45; March $2.57.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 4.—Cash wheat 1c to 4c lower; No. 2 hard $1.79@1.86; No. 3 $1.78@1.85; No. 2 red $1.78@1.83; No. 3 $1.75@1.83.

Corn 1c to 2c lower; No. 2 mixed 97c; No. 3 96@97c, No. 2 white 99c; No. 3 98c; No. 2 yellow 98c; No. 3 97@98c.

Oats ¼@½c lower; No. 2 white 53¼@54c; No. 3 mixed 54@57c.

Rye $1.54@1.55. Hay unchanged. Receipts wheat 272 cars.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 4.—Flour unchanged. Barley 75c@$1.03. Rye, $1.59@1.60. Bran, $26@27. Wheat, Dec. $1.90¼; May $1.89¾; cash, No. 1 hard, $1.94@1.96¾; No. 1 northern, $1.90¼@1.98¾; No. 2 northern $1.84¼@1.91¾. Corn, No. 3 yellow 97@98c. Oats, No. 3 white, 50¾@50¾c. Flax, $2.61¾@2.66¾.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 4.—Wheat: No. 1 northern, $1.86@1.88; No. 2 northern, $1.81@1.86; No. 2 hard winter, $1.85@1.87; Dec., $1.82¾; May, $1.84¾. Corn—No. 3 yellow, $1.06@1.06; No. 3 white, $1.04@1.05; No. 3, $1.04@1.05; Dec. 85¼c; May, 87¼c. Oats—Standard, 62¼@63c; No. 3 white, 51¼@52½c. Rye, No. 1, $1.46¾. Barley malting, $1@1.20.

PEORIA, Ill., Nov. 4.—Corn: Old, 3c to 4c lower; new, 2c to 4c lower; No. 2 white new, 97c; No. 5 white new, $2@93c; No. 2 yellow, $1.06; No. 3 yellow, $1.02; new, 96@98c; No. 4 yellow, new 92@93c; No. 3 mixed, $1.02½@1.03; No. 4 mixed, $1.02; new, 94¼@97c; No. 4 mixed, new, 84@90c. Oats, 1c to 2c lower; standard, 52c; No. 3 white 52@53c.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 4.—Closing: Linseed, $2.67¾; Nov., $2.69¾ asked; Dec., $2.69 asked; May, $2.68 bid. Wheat: No. 1 hard, $1.91¾; No. 1 northern, $1.89¾@1.90¾; No. 2 northern, $1.76@1.85¾; No. 3 northern, $1.69@1.81; No. 4, $1.65@1.75; durum No. 1, $1.87¾@2.01¾; No. 2, $1.85¾@1.87¾; No. 3, $1.82 nominal; Dec., $1.89 asked; May, $1.84¾ asked. Oats, low grade. Rye, $1.39@1.40. Barley, 76c@$1.12.

Sugar Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The market for sugar futures was very quiet today and price changes were irregular. Near months were steady on covering, while later positions were lower on fine weather. Refiners generally are inclined to wait for developments in the spot market. Closings were 3 lower to 3 points higher, December 3.18, January 4.88, March 4.85, May 4.83. Raw sugar firm; molasses 3.89, centrifugal 4.63, refined steady, fine granulated 7.05@7.60.

St. Louis Lead Market.

Lead was firm at $6.80@7 in St. Louis market today. Spelter steady at $10.30@10.50.

VALUES QUOTABLY UNCHANGED ALONG THE COMMISSION ROW

Potato Market Continues Quiet and Easy—Poultry Movement Good and Values Firm.

Trading was very quiet on the local produce market today and price changes were few. Trading generally was deferred until Monday. The potato market continues quiet and easy. Supply in receivers' hands light, but consumptive requirements also narrow at present. Sweet potatoes are steady. Fancy hard apples, suitable for storing, are fairly steady and in good demand, but soft and poor fruit draggy and weak. Grapes are easier. Dairy products remain firm.

EGGS—Fresh firsts, 31c per dozen; returned cases, ½c less; held, stale, shrunken, etc., less, according to quality.

BUTTER—Creamery—extra, 34c; firsts, 32c; seconds, 30c; ladle, 29c; packing stock, 26½c.

OLEOMARGARINE—Table goods (in print), No. 1, 22c per lb.; No. 2, 21c; No. 3, 19c; bakers' special in tube, 18½c; pastry, 15½c.

DRESSED POULTRY—Fowls, 14@16½c; cocks, 13c; turkeys, 22@24c; No. 2s, 16c; ducks, 13@15c; spring chickens, 17½c; geese, 11@14c.

LIVE POULTRY—Fowls, 4 lbs. and over 14½c; small, 12½c; spring chickens, 15c; broilers, 16c; cocks, 11½c; turkeys, 21@22c; ducks, 13c; geese, 12c; spring guineas, 1½ lbs. and over, $8; spring guineas, small, $6.50; guineas, old, per dozen, $4.50.

VEALS—Choice, 110 to 150 pounds, 16c per pound; do 185 to 200 pounds at 9c; limbs at 17@20c per pound, according to size and condition; sheep, choice, 6@7c; bucks, 4½@5c.

PIGEONS AND SQUABS—Live, $1 per dozen; squabs, fancy homers (9@10 lbs. to the dozen), $5 per dozen; small, $1; common live squabs, 75c.

Vegetables.

POTATOES—Northern, $1.43 to $1.55 for ordinary to choice and $1.60@1.80 for fancy; $1.38 to $1.58@1.60 for ordinary to choice to fancy mixed Ohio; Western stock, $1.58 to $1.63 for rural and $1.63 to $1.68@1.70 for russet burbank.

ONIONS—Choice to fancy sacked red, $3 to $3.25 per 100 pounds delivered; sacked white, $3.75@4 per 100 pounds delivered.

SPANISH ONIONS—$1.25@1.75 per crate delivered.

BEETS—Home-grown, 12½@15c per dozen bunches; bushel boxes loose, 35c.

BUTTER BEANS—Home-grown, trays, $2; full peck baskets, $1.75.

CABBAGE—$17 to $42 per ton.

CARROTS—New York, sacked, $1.75@2 per 100 pounds delivered. Home-grown 20c per dozen bunches, 60@75c per box.

FOR SMALL INVESTORS
An opportunity seldom equaled in local
AUTOMOBILE CORPORATION
Offering limited amount of
STOCK AT PAR
For a short period.
Box O-71, Post-Dispatch.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL SCHOOL BOND ELECTION

To the Qualified Voters of the City of St. Louis:

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Board of Education of the City of St. Louis, at an adjourned meeting of the Board held on Monday, the 17th day of July, 1916, a special election was ordered to be held and will be held in the School District which is constituted by the City of St. Louis, on Saturday, the 11th day of November, 1916, which election shall be held under the General Election Laws governing such City, in each Precinct thereof, at the regularly designated voting places therein, and at which special election there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said School District, a proposition authorizing the Board of Education of the City of St. Louis, to borrow the sum of Three Million Dollars ($3,000,000), for the purpose of purchasing school house sites, erecting school houses and furnishing the same within said School District and for the payment thereof to issue bonds in said sum of Three Million Dollars ($3,000,000).

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE CITY OF ST. LOUIS

By BEN P. STROMBERG, President.

Attest:
CHAS. P. MASON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BOARD OF ELECTION COMMISSIONERS FOR THE CITY OF ST. LOUIS.

JOHN W. DRABELLE, Chairman.

SIDNEY S. MAY, Member.

OSCAR E. BUDER, Member.

Attest:
JOSEPH A. WRIGHT,
Secretary.

COTTON IS IRREGULAR IN EASTERN MARKET

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Cotton futures showed quick changes at the opening of the market today. Trading was influenced by Wall street and Liverpool buying.

Trading was quiet during the entire session. Prices eased off after the early rally, but firmed up again in the late trading, all renewed covering by brokers, with actual Street connections. January advanced to 19.00c and March to 19.12c or about 18 to 14 points net higher, and the other futures closed steady at a net gain of six to 12 points.

Cotton Futures.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Cotton—Futures opened barely steady: Dec., 19.07c; Jan., 18.85c; March, 18.95c; May, 19.06c; July, 19.06c. Spot cotton quiet; middling upland, 19.85c. No sales. Cotton futures closed steady: Dec., 18.98c; Jan., 18.97c; March, 19.06c; May, 19.31c; July 19.25c.

Cotton Mill Industry Is Prosperous.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Nov. 4.—The fourth quarter of the fiscal year of the cotton mill industry here was almost as prosperous as the previous period, according to the dividend statement issued today. A total of $760,410 distributed among stockholders fell only $1050 short of the figure for the third quarter. The average rate of dividend was 3.83 per cent, figured on an aggregate capitalization of $30,000,000. Of the 37 corporations reporting, only three failed to pay dividends.

CHICAGO PROVISIONS.

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REVIEWS OF NEW BOOKS

NEW BOOKS OF THE WEEK AT THE PUBLIC LIBRARY

SONGS OF THE EVERYDAY WORLD—By Berton Braley. A collection of forceful verses written with a swinging rhythm. "Bohemia" and "The Worker" are especially good.

UNCLE SAM, DETECTIVE—By William A. Du Puy. All the incidents in these stories are founded on cases which have been handled by the Department of Justice.

HIGH COST OF LIVING—By G. H. Gerber. Unreasonable demands of labor and erroneous legislation are blamed for abnormal economic conditions.

INTER ARMA—By Edmund Grosse. Serious essays which represent the direction of English thought under the excitement and anxiety of the war.

WITH AMERICANS OF OTHER DAYS—By J. J. Jusserand. After 13 years of service in Washington, the French Ambassador here publishes seven of his delightful addresses, one of which is devoted to Lincoln.

WAR, PEACE AND THE FUTURE—By Ellen Key. Considers the probable effects of the war upon the position of women in Europe.

THE PLANNING OF THE MODERN CITY—By N. P. Lewis. The author believes that the fundamental problems of city planning are engineering problems. The illustrations are taken largely from American cities.

HINDUISM; THE WORLD IDEAL—By Harendranth Maitra. An able statement of India's viewpoint, with a brilliant introduction by G. K. Chesterton.

THE ROAD TOGETHER—By George Middleton. One of the many new plays which attempts to show phases of married life today.

THE MELANCHOLY TALE OF ME—By E. H. Sothern. Contains picturesque touches of Mr. Sothern's youth, but too little about his later career.

VICTORY IN DEFEAT—By Stanley Washburn. The agony of Warsaw and the Russian retreat vividly described by the correspondent of the London Times.

MAINTENANCE OF WAY AND STRUCTURES—By William C. Willard. A very able and well illustrated book setting forth the best accepted practice of the day in this branch of railway engineering.

AFRICAN ADVENTURE STORIES—By J. A. Loring. Fourteen exciting and entertaining real adventures and seven stories merely "based on fact" related by the field naturalist to the Roosevelt African expedition. Interesting to children.

A GREAT BOOK ON ROME.

THE word "monumental" is not too lofty or too stately to apply to "Roma," the remarkable book by the Rev. Albert Kuhn, D. D., of the Order of St. Benedict, which has just appeared as a complete volume.

Like the city which it commemorates, "Roma" was not made in a day. It has been appearing in serial form for more than three years past, and the last 13 sections were sent to serial subscribers but a few days ago. As a completed work it is a large quarto with 617 pages of text, 744 illustrations in the text, 48 full-page illustrations and three color maps of Rome.

This work, by a Catholic author and from the press of a Catholic publishing house, will naturally make a strong appeal to Catholic readers. But its interest for the general student is in no way impaired by its ecclesiastical origin. The book deals fully with every phase of historic and artistic Rome, ancient and modern; and the space given to the churches of Rome is no greater than is demanded by their historical and architectural value.

The three divisions of the work are Ancient, Subterranean and Modern Rome. The term "modern" is liberally interpreted, extending from the early days of Christianity to the present, and the description and picturing of "Modern Rome" takes up one-half the book.

The book begins with a review of the salient facts of Roman history from the earliest traditions until the so-called fall of the Western Roman Empire in 476 A. D. As soon as these familiar facts of history are told, the author's scholarship, his personal research and his love for the subject begin to appear. He tells of Ancient Rome in her ruins, and in art collections, and correlates the scattered columns and arches of the present with the great structures of the past. He then opens to the reader Subterranean Rome, the Catacombs, which he most fully describes, explains and pictures. Under "Modern Rome" he writes of the churches and shrines of Rome, its art collections and its palaces, institutions and piazzas, or public squares. Historical reference tables and maps appear at the close.

As Rome contains countless themes for the illustrator, a careful selection is required, even when the number of pictures to be used is approximately 800. The illustrations of this work give evidence of the most careful selection, and almost without exception they are such as bear vitally upon the text. By their number and their worth, they help to make the book a most valuable preparation for one who is to visit Rome, and a subject for many happy evenings of retrospect with those who have seen the Eternal City. Few, indeed, have seen Rome so thoroughly that they will not find in this book many things which have escaped their attention and which are worthy of note on a future visit. (Bansiger Bros., New York and Cincinnati.)

INTERESTING PLAYS.

"THE Woman Who Wouldn't," a four-act play by Rose Pastor Stokes, shows the unusual way in which a daughter of poverty met a desperate situation in her life. Her final triumph is a spiritual, rather than a material one. (Century.)

Eight short one-act plays of Lilian P. Wilson appear under the title of the first of them, "The Fruit of Toil." All are of a tense nature. "A Voice on the Stair" is highly melodramatic, and might be either fascinating or absurd, according to the skill of the players presenting it. "The Empty Shrine," which combines the pathos of blindness and bereavement, is an affective piece of writing. "This Is Law," is unreal and puerile. (Stokes-Merrill.)

THE GIRL PHILIPPA.

IT is evident that Robert W. Chambers, prodigious producer of popular fiction, after writing his forty-fourth novel, took a course of training at the movies before beginning "The Girl Philippa." This novel, his forty-fifth, is a movie thriller in umpteen episodes, of the impossible and indefensible sort for which some newspapers stand sponsor.

The girl Philippa, reputed foundling, is cashier of a cabaret in Northern France when the story begins. There is no particular reason for naming the story after her, except that she meanders through the episodes that follow and is the heroine of several thrilling rescues in which one can almost hear the popping of the automatics and see their smoke. Not that they do much harm. The emissaries of the German Government who contribute most of the thrills, are astonishly poor shots, if Mr. Chambers is to be credited. They waste a prodigious lot of ammunition trying to get two young English officers who have stolen the papers from two German officers. They get plenty of good chances, but the bullets bounce off of the scenery and nobody gets hurt. The reason is, of course, that if Mr. Chambers permitted the Germans to shoot straight, two of his heroes would be killed off too early.

War is just about to begin when the story starts and it has just begun when the story ends. Mr. Chambers fills more than 500 pages without getting anywhere in particular, but he provides as much excitement as the most hysterical movie fanatic could ask for. Mr. Chambers is going nicely, under a full head of steam, when the end comes. If he could have gone on for, say, another 500 pages, he could have told about a great many exciting things that might have happened in the next few days, concerning which the reader must fall back on an imagination torn to tatters by the rush of events in the story.

There is an American artist who has to be wooed by the girl Philippa, a gray daughter of St. Vincent de Paul, who falls in love with one of the young Englishmen, a Countess, a spy whose double-dealing provides part of the excitement, and some very wicked apaches from the streets of Paris who do the rough stuff. And there is a Russian officer who is exposed and denounced as a spy in a dramatic situation which would have been more dramatic if the author had conformed to the usual story-telling method by giving him a more essential part in the development of the story. (Appletons).

GOOD POETRY FOR CHILDREN.

THE Cambridge Book of Poetry for Children, edited by Kenneth Grahame, with decorations by Maud Fuller, is one of the most beautiful of the season's books. The book is intended, a preliminary note explains, to be one of genuine poetry, not of verse, and the selections are graded from the "very smallest" through "those a little older" to "those still older." The compiler has omitted juvenile obituary verse, prefering to offer the child readers something of the joy of life. The poetic standard does not exclude "Twinkle, Twinkle," and "I like little Pussy, her coat is so warm." Later in the volume, not only Longfellow, Scott, Field and Jean Ingelow, but Macaulay, Tennyson, Browning, Byron and Shelley are represented by some of their best known works. (Putnam's.)

IF YE FULFILL THE ROYAL LAW.

THE summed-up argument of "A. H. W." in his book entitled "If Ye Fulfill the Royal Law," is that a universal royal law presupposes a universal sovereign, and that the authority which gives vitality to this law is vested in Christ. He thinks that if we could unite in aim and purpose to destroy all that which now destroys us, we should be fulfilling the law of Christ, the royal law.

The author employs the conventional sermonic terminology and style. There is an introduction of 42 pages.

WELLS SEES LIGHT.

AS a good Englishman, H. G. Wells has lent his talent to his country during this crisis, even to the extent of forgetting his ideals of brotherhood and universal peace, at times. In his latest, however, Wells is a prophet again to the extent of seeing the point of view of the other side. He sees that what to the Britisher is British may be to the Teuton, German. If the highest ideals and noblest aspirations mean to Wells British culture, the highest ideals and noble aspirations he comes to realize may mean to the Teuton German "kultur," even though the word has been misunderstood by those who do not know German well enough to understand its real significance.

In "Mr. Britling Sees It Through" Wells can hardly be said to tell a story. There is hardly any plot to the thing and the little of plot it contains is really left unfinished. But those interested in Mr. Wells' opinion about phases of the war and the psychology of the English in the days preceding and in the beginning of the European conflagration, will find the book interesting.

There is some criticism of America and her attitude toward the war. The criticism is as ill-advised as it is uncalled for. It only mars the book. It seems that people at war cannot bear to see anyone stay out of it. That, however, need not keep Americans from reading and thinking over the latest output of the brilliant English author. Here are some gems from the book:

"War is a curtain of dense black fabric across all the hopes and kindliness of mankind."

"It is you and I who must stop these wars, these massacres of boys."

"You are as little responsible for that Germany as I am for—Sir Edward Grey. But this happened over you; you did not do your utmost to prevent it—even as England has happened and I have let it happen over me"—

"Let us make ourselves the watchers and guardians of the order of the world—

"If only for love of our dead—

"Let us pledge ourselves to service. Let us set ourselves with all our minds and all our hearts to the perfecting and working out of the methods of democracy and the ending forever of the Kings and Emperors and priestcrafts and the bands of adventurers, the traders and the owners and forestallers who have betrayed mankind into this morass of hate and blood—in which our sons are lost—in which we flounder still"—

These gems are taken from a letter which Britling, who has lost a son in the war, writes to a German father who also lost a son in the war. (Macmillan).

THE GOLDEN APPLE.

LADY GREGORY seems to have taken a great deal of delight in the creation of "The Golden Apple" which she calls a play "for kiltartan children." It is a quaint play, interesting not alone to children, but also grown persons. It is written in that simple, quaint style of the Irish theater band of writers and idealists. The illustrations by Margaret Gregory are also worthy of note because they are rather unusual and therefore quite appropriate. (Putnams).

DEATHS

Death notices, first 8 lines or less, $1; each extra line 15c; memoriams, etc., 30c per line.

BECKMANN—Entered into rest on Thursday, Nov. 2, at 9 a. m., Carrie Beckmann (nee Kasten) of 1916 Wright street, widow of John Beckmann, mother of Harry and Edna Beckmann and our dear sister, sister-in-law, daughter-in-law and aunt, at the age of 49 years and 15 days.

Funeral Sunday, Nov. 5, at 2:30 p. m., from Beiderwieden & Dunkman chapel, 1934 St. Louis avenue, to New Picker Cemetery, Motor. Deceased was a member of the World's Fair Ladies' Society No. 1. (c6)

BRISCOE—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, at her residence, 4048 Russell avenue, Ida C. Briscoe (nee Conway), beloved wife of Phillip E. Briscoe and dear mother of Conway and Laura Briscoe, in her fortieth year of age.

Funeral from the Shaw Avenue M. E. Church, Shaw and Tower Grove avenues, Sunday, Nov. 5, at 2:30 p. m. Interment at Valhalla. Motor. (c7)

GANSNER—Entered into rest, suddenly, on Thursday, Nov. 2, 1916, at 7:45 p. m., at the age of 64 years, Flora Gansner, beloved husband of Mrs. Tresta Gansner (nee Fowler), beloved father of Mrs. Carrie Campbell (nee Gansner), Mrs. Pearl Whalen (nee Gansner), Marie, Esther, William and Edward Gansner, and brother of Mrs. Mary Lester (nee Gansner), Ben Gansner, and our dear uncle, grandfather and father-in-law.

Funeral from family residence, 219 West Robert avenue, Sunday, Nov. 5, at 2:30 p. m., thence to Mount Hope Cemetery. Friends and relatives cordially invited to attend.

California papers please copy. (c7)

GARLOCK—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, at 5:30 a. m., Dr. William T. Garlock, son of Dr. S. E. Garlock and the late Fannie Garlock (nee McElroy), brother of Edward and Fannie Belle Garlock, aged 47 years.

Funeral from residence, 4465 St. Louis avenue, Sunday, at 2:30 p. m., to Bellefontaine Cemetery. Motor.

Canajoharie and Fort Plain (N. Y.) papers please copy. (c6)

HEDENKAMP—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, at 9:30 a. m., Dietrich Hedenkamp, beloved husband of Johanna Hedenkamp (nee Hanaberg), deceased, and dear father of Johanna Ruppert (nee Hedenkamp), Dora Rananberg (nee Hedenkamp), Augusta Jost (nee Hedenkamp), and Dietrich Hedenkamp and our dear father-in-law and grandfather, in his seventy-fourth year.

Funeral from the residence of his son, Dietrich Hedenkamp, 4347 Taft avenue, Monday, Nov. 6, at 2 p. m., to Picker Cemetery. Carriages. (c7)

HOFFMAN—Entered into rest on Thursday, Nov. 2, 1916, at 9:45 a. m., after a lingering illness, Frances Hoffman (nee Simpson), beloved wife of W. F. Hoffman, dear mother of Dorothy and Melvin Hoffman, daughter of George W. and Susanah Simpson, and sister of Edward, William and George Simpson, and our dear daughter-in-law, sister-in-law and aunt, at the age of 34 years 8 months and 1 day.

Funeral on Sunday, Nov. 5, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 2344 South Eighteenth street, to St. Matthew's cemetery. Relatives and friends invited to attend. (c)

HUNT—Entered into rest on Saturday, Nov. 4, 1916, at 5:25 a. m., Joseph M. Hunt, beloved husband of Jennie Hunt (nee King), dear father of Joseph, Helen and Earl Hunt and dear brother of John Hunt.

Due notice of funeral from family residence, 1307 South Newstead avenue, will be given. Deceased was a member of Core Makers' Union, Local No. 428, and Knights of Maccabees Union, Tent No. 90. (c)

"LAWS AFFECTING WOMEN AND CHILDREN."

PROBABLY few women in any State really know what kind of laws they are living under; and rarely does a woman inquire, when moving from one State into another, whether she is making a change for the worse or for the better in regard to the laws which affect herself, her property and her children. It is not an easy task for anyone not a lawyer to unravel the mysteries of the statute books, and consequently there has been considerable excuse for the prevailing ignorance. The appearance of a little volume by Annie G. Porritt, entitled "Laws Affecting Women and Children," published by the National Women Suffrage Publishing Co., removes this difficulty and with little trouble women can now inform themselves as to the comparative legal advantages offered by the different States.

In addition to an explanation of the laws concerning woman labor and minimum wages in the various states, the subjects covered by the author, include mothers' pension laws, the laws concerning the guardianship of children, the age of consent of girls and married women's property. There is a section covering public morality, including the red light injunction and abatement law and the restriction of the liquor trade.

GOOD SHORT PLAYS.

BOOKS of short plays are usually "experimental" affairs. They are likely to be dubious experiments for the reader and hopeless ones for the dramatic producer. Their writers, striving to make them "vital" and "gripping," often succeed only in making them sordid and repellant.

It is therefore pleasant to find a book of short plays well worth reading, and apparently well worth acting. Such a book is Charles Frederic Nirdlinger's "Four Short Plays." The best of the four is "Big Kate," in which Catherine, Empress of Russia, appears in her not unfamiliar character of an amatory tigress. Humor and grim passion are in colorful interplay. "The Real People" is a sort of modernized "Pagliacci," but is more intricate, containing what may be called a play within a play within a play. A vaudeville sketch of circus life is first rehearsed, and then the "real people," who occupy positions just opposite to those in which they have been playing, begin a controversy. "Aren't They Wonders?" is a satire on womankind, though the question is asked as to men. "Look After Louise" is hardly up to the others, but is readable. (Kennerley.)

DEATHS

KRUG—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, at 10:35 a. m., Anna M. Krug (nee Mauer), dearly beloved wife of Henry Krug, dear mother-in-law of Carolina Krumm, Louis Kleeschulte), our dear grandmother, after a lingering illness, aged 85 years.

The funeral will take place on Monday, Nov. 6, at 2 p. m., from Koch & Sons' funeral rooms, 3516 Fourteenth street, to Calvary Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited. Motor.

Springfield (Ill.) papers please copy.

LAWLESS—Entered into rest Saturday, Nov. 4, 1916, at 2:30 a. m., John Lawless, dear father of Officer George J. Lawless, Mrs. H. E. Rice and Mrs. C. G. Doyle.

Due notice of funeral will be given from residence, 3942 St. Louis avenue. (c)

MAHER—On Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, at 11 p. m., Anna Maher (nee Going), beloved wife of William Maher, and dear mother of William Jr. and Joseph Maher.

Funeral Monday, Nov. 6, at 8:30 a. m., from Peetz Bros.' chapel, 2739 Lafayette avenue, to the Immaculate Conception Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. (c7)

MASTERSON—On Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, Mary C. Masterson, aged 70 years 6 months and 24 days.

Funeral services will be held at family residence, 1054 North Newstead avenue, Saturday, Nov. 4, at 8 p. m. Interment at New Haven, Mo., on Sunday, Nov. 5.

MERIWETHER—On Saturday, Nov. 4, 1916, Elizabeth Avery Meriwether, aged 92 years.

Funeral from residence, 5211 Washington boulevard, on Sunday, Nov. 5, at 2:30 p. m. Please omit flowers. Interment private.

Memphis (Tenn.) and New York papers please copy. (c7)

MILLER—Entered into rest, suddenly, on Thursday, Nov. 2, 1916, at 4 a. m., Richard Miller, beloved husband of Sarah Miller (nee Rowden), dear father of Harold E. Miller and our dear brother, in his twenty-ninth year.

Funeral on Sunday, Nov. 5, at 1 p. m., from chapel of the George Kriegshauser Undertaking Co., 4102 Manchester avenue, to Oak Hill Cemetery (Kirkwood). Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Motor. (c6)

MORGAN—Entered into rest on Saturday, Nov. 4, 1916, at 2:45 a. m., Mrs. William Morgan Sr. (nee Taylor), beloved wife of William Morgan Sr. and dear mother of William Jr., Edwin, Walter, Joseph, Alexander and Grace Morgan, and our dear grandmother, and dear sister of Mrs Alexander Young.

Funeral on Monday, Nov. 6, at 2 p. m., from residence, 3247 Morganford road, to New St. Marcus' Cemetery, Carriages. Deceased was a member of Oriental Chapter No. 285, O. E. S., Alstatt Review No. 84, W. B. A., O. T. M. (c7)

NAST—Entered into rest on Saturday, Nov. 4, 1916, at 4 a. m., August Nast, beloved husband of Rosalie Nast (nee Rudolph), and dear father of Louis Nast, Minnie Ellenberger (Mrs. Max Nast), Attilia Mueller (nee Nast) and our dear father-in-law, grandfather, great - grandfather, brother and uncle, at the age of 82 years.

Funeral from family residence, 4545 Minnesota avenue, on Monday, Nov. 6, at 2 p. m., to New St. Marcus' Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Carriages. (c7)

O'BRIEN—On Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, at 7:45 p. m., William Emmet O'Brien, beloved son of the late Edward W. O'Brien and Marguerite O'Brien (nee Fitzgerald), at the age of 3 years and 8 months.

Notice of funeral will be given. (c)

OSBORNE-RUSSELL—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, at 11:15 a. m., Frances Russell Osborne, dearly beloved wife of Montie Osborne, dear mother of Thomas Osborne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Russell, beloved sister of Mrs. Lizzie Schoeneberg and John Russell, and our dear daughter-in-law, sister-in-law and aunt, aged 21 years.

Funeral Monday, Nov. 6, at 2 p. m., from residence, 1119A South Twelfth street, to Union Pentecost Mission, thence to St. Matthew's Cemetery.

East St. Louis (Ill.) Journal please copy. (c7)

QUINN—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, at 3:35 p. m., Margaret Quinn (nee Brown), dear mother-in-law of George Runder, in her sixty-ninth year.

Funeral on Monday, Nov. 6, at 1:30 p. m., from the residence of her son-in-law, 4282A Blair avenue, to Holy Name Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Carriages. (c7)

DEATHS

QUEST—Entered into rest on Thursday, Nov. 2, 1916, at 7:20 a. m., Catherine Quest (nee Boesch), beloved mother of Henry Quest, Mary Vogt (nee Quest), Elisabeth Vogt (nee Quest), William Quest and Henry Luxmeyer, and our dear mother-in-law, grandmother, great-grandmother, aunt and sister, after a short illness, at the age of 80 years 9 months and 23 days.

Funeral Sunday at 1:30 p. m. from family residence, 5325 North Second street, to St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, thence to New Bethlehem Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited to attend. (c7)

RUTHERFORD—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, in Philadelphia, Belle Trevor Rutherford, wife of R. G. Rutherford, sister of Sara and H. R. Trevor, Mrs. H. A. Gautier and Mrs. W. E. Hudson.

Funeral Monday, Nov. 6, at 2 p. m., from Lupton's funeral parlors. Interment private. (c)

SCHRADER—Entered into rest on Wednesday, Nov. 1, 1916, at 11:30 p. m., Catherine Schrader (nee Meier), aged 69 years, beloved wife of the late Henry Schrader, and mother of Joseph, Augusta Pieper (nee Schrader), Louis, Mary, Magdalena, Theodor and Elizabeth Schrader, dear mother-in-law and grandmother.

Funeral from family residence, 1414 North Thirteenth street, on Monday, Nov. 6, at 8:30 a. m., to St. Joseph's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited. Carriages. (c7)

TAYLOR—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, at 11:30 p. m., Augustus R. Taylor, beloved husband of Louise W. Taylor (nee Kampe), and father of Eugene A. Taylor, at the age of 68 years.

Funeral from family residence, 3051 Sheridan avenue, to Bellefontaine Cemetery, Sunday, Nov. 5, at 2 p. m. Friends are invited to attend. Carriages. (c7)

TRUEBLOOD—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, at 9:45 p. m., Pearl Trueblood (nee Randle), beloved wife of Albert Trueblood, and dear sister of Mrs. Harry Fouke, Mrs. Carrie de Voy and Edward Randle.

Funeral Sunday, Nov. 5, at 2 p. m., from residence, 1106 Chouteau avenue, to New St. Marcus' Cemetery. (7)

WELSH—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 3, 1916, at 1:30 a. m., David R. Welsh, beloved husband of Rose A. Welsh (nee Delehanty), and dear father of Joseph J., Alice E. and Margaret H. Welsh and Mrs. Eloise Jackson and Mrs. Sarah Gorton, after a brief illness.

Funeral Monday, Nov. 6, at 8:30 a. m., from family residence, 5078 Ridge avenue, to St. Mark's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Deceased was a member of Ransom Post No. 131, G. A. R.

St. Paul (Minn.) papers please copy. (c7)

LOST and FOUND

Solid agate, 10c line, minimum 20c.

LOST

BAY HORSE—Lost or stolen; 15 hands high, weighs about 1450 lbs.; walks on hind toes; reward. 2631 La Salle.

BULLDOG—Lost, brindle and white; long ears and tail; reward. 6624 Clayton, Benton 4838. (c)

COAT—Lost, lady's coat; reward and no questions asked for return of gray coat lost from auto, Chestnut st., above Broadway. Phone Grand 5116W. 3008 Hartford. (7)

DOG—Lost, poodle; has week-old puppies; reward. Return 1441 N. 14th. Abe Bog.

DOG—Lost, pointer, brown and white; return to 4202 Wyoming st.; reward. (7)

DOG—Lost or strayed; little white poodle; answers to the name Jim; will give reward. 4464 Morgan. Forest 4242. (c)

DOG—Lost, white poodle, black nose; male; answers to name Fedie; liberal reward if returned. 7036 Berlin; no questions asked. Cabany 1826.

DOG—Lost, white bull terrier; black mark over eye; answers to name of "Jim." If brought to 409 S. 2d st., reward will be given. Gibbins & Lohn. (c)

HOG—Lost, weighing about 400 lbs.; notify Emil Sieloff, 4389 Natural Bridge; receive reward. (c6)

HAND BAG—Lost; party who found black leather hand bag containing white chinchilla coat from Grand av. car Thursday evening between 7:30 and 8 o'clock kindly return same to 3450 Chippewa; liberal reward. Sidney 3201. (c6)

KEY RING—Lost, on Delmar car, at 1 a. m., key ring with 7 keys; reward for return to Cicardi's cafe, Delmar and Euclid.

POCKETBOOK—Lost; black; Compton or Olive cars; contains bills, door key, receipt for dentist, with owner's name. Reward, Lindell 2816R.

PURSE—Lost; lady's; on Belt Line car, Wednesday; liberal reward. Box D-52, Post-Dispatch. (6)

PURSE—Lost; on Olive car, between 18th st. and Vandeventer av.; containing $10, trunk check and checkbook. Call at Keister Tailoring College. Phone Lindell 231.

ROLL OF MUSIC—Lost, wrapped in paper, on Market car, about 4 p. m. Thursday; reward. Hunter Music Co., 516 Locust st.

SPECTACLES—Lost, pair; also ear guard; please return to E. J. Hof, 1524 Mallinckrodt st.; reward.

SPECTACLES—Lost, pair of spectacles, Thursday morning, between Doyle and McPherson and Victoria Bldg., or on Maryland car; latch key in case; liberal reward. Lindell 2305.

SUITCASE—Lost, on Fair and Kossuth; reward. F. Weiss, 4751 Kossuth.

VANITY CASE—Lost, Friday, on University car containing money; reward. Phone Forest 1945J. (7)

WATCH—Lost, large open-faced Hamilton watch on Olive University car; engraved on back, R. O. J.; reward. Call St. Clair 1405J. (c7)

PERSONAL

Personal and Special Notices, 20c per line; Adoption, 15c. Coming Events and Legal Notices, 10c—solid agate. Minimum 2 lines.

Full amounts must accompany orders by mail

PERSONAL—Lora Himmer: Please call 3329 Morgan. Father.

PERSONAL—Harold: Come home; mother's very sick for you; don't be afraid. Papa.

PERSONAL—Dellar Bill: Will pay any reasonable price, but cannot name figure until I know exactly what you have to sell. If you are in earnest why don't you call me up or give an address to which I may write you fully. M. E. (7)

COMING EVENTS

"YOUR Name and Number—Their Meaning," Tuesday, 8 p. m., 3830 Olive st.; Sunday, 11 a. m., lecture on "Art of Happiness"; all welcome. Dr. Northington, speaker. (6)

SPECIAL NOTICES

SPECIAL NOTICE—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Minnie Boyd, from and after this date.
BEN F. BOYD.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED

Solid agate, 5c line, business notices, publisher's option, 10c line; minimum 2 lines.

MEN. BOYS

BAKER—Sit. by good secondhand. Phone Sidney 1170.

BAKER—Sit. by first hand, on bread and cakes; country preferred. 906 S. 4th st. Frank Resch.

BAKER—Sit. by first hand bread, cake and pastry baker; city or country. 1025 Ann.

BARTENDER—First-class, at present employed, desires change; best reference. Box K-267, Post-Dispatch.

BOOKKEEPER—Copying and account desires small set of books to keep, and typewriting to do at home evenings. Write K. W. S., 2340 Russell. (7)

BOYS—Sits. by 2 bright Southern boys, aged 14 and 16. Call Bomont 1512W, ask for Beccie.

BUTLER—Sit. by colored; experienced, honest. Call William, Lindell 2829W.

CARPENTER—First-class, wants sit. on new or repair work; best references; will work very reasonable. Box D-74, P.-D. (7)

CHAUFFEUR—Sit. for light delivery truck; references. Box K-271, Post-Dispatch. (6)

CHAUFFEUR—Sit. by white, dependable, careful driver; clean character and habits; good at repairs; excellent mechanic; what can you offer? Edwards, 4139 Delmar. Lindell 2092W.

SITUATIONS—MEN. BOYS

CHEF—Sit.; white; 25 years' experience; sober; $12 per. Box D-28, Post-Dispatch. (7)

DISHWASHER—Sit. by experienced. Fred Heinz, 114½ N. Broadway.

DRAFTSMAN—Of mechanical, electrical and patent experience wants home work. Box D-103, Post-Dispatch.

GROCERY CLERK—Sit.; experienced; best of references. Box D-45, Post-Dis. (6)

HOUSEMAN—Sit. by middle-aged, clean-cut white man, in private house; have best references; care more for good home than pay; will collect answers until Nov. 10. Box R-156, Post-Dispatch. (7)

LAWYER with several years' legal experience desires position with large law firm; is also experienced bookkeeper and stenographer. Box D-92, Post-Dispatch. (7)

MAN—Having Ford car would like position of some kind. Box D-158, Post-Dispatch. (7)

MAN—Wants work evenings; Washington University dental student. Address 3744 Washington bl. (7)

MAN—Sit. by reliable, with good record; 30 years for age in traffic department. Box G-106, Post-Dispatch. (7)

MAN—Steady work; sober man of 40 years, wants 4 or 5 hours in the morning; references if wanted. Box D-15, Post-Dis. (7)

MAN—Sit. in automobile shop; would like to learn the business. Karsten, 3410 Washington.

MAN—Sober and reliable, wishes work in boarding house or as janitor (nice, or work of some kind; references. Box D-122, P.-D.

MAN—Sit.; handy with file; worked one year in jewelry repairing; like to set any kind of watches. Box D-64, Post-Dispatch. (7)

MAN—Intelligent, young, wants good, steady position with future prospects. Box D-105, Post-Dispatch. (7)

MAN—Sit. by reliable, with good record, 30 years of age, in traffic department. Box G-254, Post-Dispatch. (7)

MAN—Sit.; job, in family; experienced; horse, cows, furnace or small hotel. A. M. Mathews, Portland, Hotel. (7)

NURSE—Sit. by Battle Creek nurse; male; graduate; will travel. Telephone Delmar 2407L, Forest 6474.

PAPER HANGER—Sit.; and cleaner. Tyler 1417. 2813 Cass.

PROOF READER—Sit.; news, brief or job work; reference if necessary; union. Box P-100, Post-Dispatch. (7)

SALESMAN—Sit.; experienced on the road; selling groceries; also kindred special lines to hotels, delicatessen and retail trade in the Middle West; references. Box D-75, P.-D. (7)

YOUNG MAN—Sit.; 8 years' experience as machinist; references. Box D-11, Post-Dispatch. (6)

YOUNG MAN—German, speaking several languages, wants outside work, any kind. M. Thiess, 1806 S. Spring. (6)

SITUATIONS—WOMEN, GIRLS

COOK—Experienced, wants work. 2315 S. 3d st. (6)

GIRL—Sit. by colored to do laundry or general housework. Call Bomont 2975W.

GIRL—Sit. by colored, to cook, or maid work. 3105 Lawton.

GIRL—Sit. by colored; light housework and cooking. Bomont 1471R. Beuna Smith.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit.; for general housework; reference. Box D-82, Post-Dis. (7)

LADY—Sit.; young; experience; bookkeeper and cashier; familiar with wholesale business. Box K-273, Post-Dispatch. (6)

LAUNDRESS—Sit. by first-class; wants Monday or bundles. Call Lindell 3687 or Bomont 2528. Call Eva.

LAUNDRESS—Sit. by colored for Monday, Wednesday, Thursday. Florine Carter, Bomont 1350.

STENOGRAPHER—Sit.; 3 years' experience. Cabany 5063.

STENOGRAPHER—Sit. with electrical or consulting engineer; 6 years' electrical experience. Box D-99, Post-Dispatch. (1)

TELEPHONE OPERATOR—Sit., private branch exchange; 7 years' experience; also office work. Box D-18, Post-Dispatch. (7)

WOMAN—Sit.; housework of any kind or laundry. 2029 Walnut. Hattie.

WOMAN—Sit. by young German; do washing, ironing and housework. 1413 Menard.

WOMAN—Sit. to do washing and ironing. 2516 Salisbury.

HELP WANTED

Solid agate, 10c line, except agents, salesmen, canvassers, solicitors, mail orders 15c line, minimum, 2 lines.

MEN. BOYS

ARMY of United States: men wanted; able-bodied, unmarried men, under age of 35, citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write the English language. For information apply to recruiting office, 3d and Olive sts., 1 N. 8th st., 1837 Market st., 517 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo. (c15)

ASSEMBLERS—On motors and motor parts, steady employment; apply Department, Century Electric Co., 1827 Pine. (c)

AUTOMOBILE DRAFTSMAN—Must have practical experience. Box C-202, P.-D.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIR MAN—Experienced. Robinson Motor Car Co., 3750 Sullivan av.; Lindell 5540. (c)

BAKER—Second hand. Apply today, 3122 N. Grand av. (c)

BAKER—Second hand; good on bread and rolls. Room 307, Union Station. (c)

BARBER—At once; first-class. 3406 Olive.

BARBERS—Apply 1615 Market. (c)

BARBER—Good; for Saturday; $3 guaranteed; from 12 to 11. 3620 N. Grand.

BARBER—For shop in small town; state age and reference. Box D-129, P.-D. (7)

BARBER—For Saturday; $4.50 guaranteed. 405 Collinsville av., East St. Louis. (6)

BLACKSMITHS — And blacksmiths' helpers. ST. LOUIS CAR CO., 8000 N. Broadway. (c7)

BLOCKERS AND FINISHERS—On Panama hats. Shelton Panama Hat Co., 1508 Washington. (c7)

BOY—Strong colored; must be willing to work. Apply 113 Vine st. (c)

BOY—Goodenough Printing Co., 815 N. 10th st. (c)

BOYS—Light, easy work. Apply at Interstate Pkg. Co., 3935 Laclede av. (c6)

BOY—16 years of age. Apply 323 Merchants-Laclede Bldg. (7)

BOY—Work in drug store after shool; also one for all day. 300 De Baliviere.

BOY—For factory work; about 16 years old. Apply D. & T. Mfg. Co., 1417 Olive. (c)

BOY—About 17 years old. Apply Holman Paper Box Co., 8th and Chouteau. (c2)

BOYS—16 years of age, to learn in shoe factory. International Shoe Co., 12th and North Market sts. (c9)

BOY—Experienced colored house boy; West End; good place; good pay. Call 412 Olive.

BOY—Strong, to run errands; bring references and permit. Louis Silverman, 810 Lucas. (c)

BOYS—16 years old; bring certificates. Apply Columbia Box Co., 1000 North Market.

BOY—Or man to work on suburban farm; will be treated as one of the family; reference required. Box 6342.

BOYS—16 years or over; steady work. Third floor, Simplex Novelty Mfg. Co., Main and Dock. (c7)

BOYS—2 or 3, from 15 to 17 years old; must have A1 references. Apply Shapleigh Hardware Co. (c)

BOYS—Over 18, to [illegible] down brick in wagons; $1.50 per [illegible]. Hydraulic-Press Brick Co., King's highway and Frisco R. R. (c2)

Brickyard Laborers Wanted

Steady work; weekly pay; 21c per hour. Apply PARKER-RUSSELL M. & [illegible] CO., 3314 Morganford rd. (c8)

BRICKLAYERS—Union; steady employment. Apply to Weber Bros. Aluminum Co., East St. Louis, Ill. (c7)

BRICK MAKERS—And tile molders. Apply at Parker-Russell M. and M. Co., 3314 Morganford rd. (c8)

BRICK WHEELERS LABORERS

Take Delmar or University car and transfer to Kirkwood-Ferguson line; get off at factory, at Gregg Station.

EVENS & HOWARD FIREBRICK CO. (c8)

BUYER—Large diamond house wants a keen buyer; must be experienced in assorting original series of loose diamonds; one who knows values; an exceptional opportunity and permanent position for a man of ability; give (in confidence) experience, age and salary acceptable until ability is shown. Box Q-94, Post-Dispatch. (c7)

CABINETMAKERS—Experienced on saloon, store and office fixtures. Apply at once, 2009 Chouteau av. (c)

CAR AND BOTTOM BUILDERS—Apply St. Louis Car Co., 8000 N. Broadway. (c7)

CABINET MAKER—Weber Cabinet Co., 1913 Benton. (c)

CARPENTERS—Apply at once, St. Louis National Stockyards, National Stockyards, Ill. (c)

CHICKEN PICKERS—At once; 25c lots of work. Max Atlas, Decatur, Ill. (6)

COATERS—Ten; and rough stuff rubbers; accustomed to passenger car work. Apply American Car & Foundry Co., St. Charles and Mich. (c)

COAL MINERS—Union; 7-foot vein, rock top; steady work. International Coal and Mining Co., O'Fallon, Ill. (c)

COLLAR STUFFER—And hand stitcher. Bowes & Sohler Co., Grand Rapids, Mich. (c6)

COOK—Short order; for lunchroom; young man. Room 307, Union Station. (c)

DRUG CLERK—Junior; 2 or 3 years' experience. Lehman's, 2001 Washington av.

ENGINEER—Hoisting; Compton Hill reservoir. Call at office, Louisiana and Geyer.

HELP WANTED—MEN. BOYS

ENGINEER—Bring references. Apply at

BUSINESS FOR SALE

GROCERY AND MEAT MARKET—For sale; cheap. 2900 Colleta av., East St. Louis, Ill. (7)

GROCERY AND MARKET—For sale; well established; West End; trade $70 per day; cash and credit trade; invoice $5000; high-grade stock and fixtures; sacrifice for $3200. Gorges, Forest 3201. (c7)

HARNESS SHOP—Big bargain; owner retiring from business. Box 182, Pocahontas, Ill. (3)

HATS—For sale; small stock of men's; range of sizes and grades; Sunday morning. 3206 Park. Phone Victor 2658R.

ICE AND COAL BUSINESS—Owner leaving town. Inquire 2000 Rutger st. (1)

LUNCH ROOM—Good location; sales average from $40 to $60 a day. Apply 1020 S. 4th st. (c7)

NEWSPAPER ROUTE—Good West End; Post and Star. Call at 4912 Slevin av. (7)

RESTAURANT—Colored location; for right party; other business to attend. See proprietor, Sunday, 2 to 6 p. m., 2622 N. Newstead.

RESTAURANT—For sale; in West End, doing good business; transfer corner; on account of sickness. Apply Box D-148, Post-Dispatch. (7)

SALOON—For sale; in colored location; doing good business. Inquire 2728 S. 9th st. (1)

SALOON—A paying place; investigate for yourself; call after 10 a. m. or 5 p. m.; no agents. Box K-231, Post-Dispatch. (6)

TAILOR STORE—Good location; cheap rent; established 6 years. 4567 Easton av. (1)

TEA ROOM AND BAKERY—For sale; cheap. 5902 Delmar.

FOR SALE—WANTED

Solid agate, 10c line, except animals, automobiles, bicycles, boats, cameras, launches, motor cycles, store and office fixtures, 15c line; minimum, 2 lines.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

DIAMONDS, watches, jewelry, lowest prices, easy credit terms. Loftis Bros. & Co., the National Credit Jewelers, 2d fl., 108 N. 6th st.; open evenings. (c8)

HATS—For sale, fine line ladies' trimmed hats, below cost; milliner leaving city. 2656A Russell av. (7)

RADIATORS—For sale; new; low; hot water or steam; 2½c per lb. J. A. Stern, 17th and Chestnut sts. (c9)

RADIATORS—For sale; all from buildings at 8th and St. Charles. J. A. Stern, 17th and Chestnut. (c8)

RAINCOATS—For sale; seconds, but good, at a sacrifice. Pelican Rubber Co., 805 Lucas. (c7)

MISCELLANEOUS AMUSEMENTS

CLOTHING—$99 suits, overcoats, ship Ok.; pay $4 to $15; ladies' dresses also; will call at once. Delmar 805. Forest 761. Gelpert, 4426 Page; auto service. (c8)

CLOTHING—Cast-off, bought; men's suits, $5 up; ladies' suits and dresses, your own price. Olive 176, Central 5815. R. H. Banks, 1415 Biddle st. (c8)

CLOTHING Wtd.—$5000 castoff men's suits, overcoats, pants, dresses; pay up to $15; quick for Texas shipments. Texas Shipping Co., 3961 Chouteau. Delmar 50R. Grand 3251. (c8)

COIL OIL BURNER Wtd.—For heater, any coil oil stove. Phone Marshall 4247. (7)

FILING CABINET Wtd.—Library bureau, 4-drawer style preferred. Call Bridge 1074. (c6)

RESTAURANT FIXTURES Wtd.—And cash register. Moore, 815 N. 20th st. Central 8096L, Olive 604. (c10)

IF YOU have anything to sell, give lowest cash price. Box P-211, Post-Dispatch. (7)

HOUSEHOLD GOODS WANTED

CARPETS Wtd.—Furniture, contents flats, dwellings, large or small lots; highest cash price. Schober, 4455 Page; Delmar 2985 or Forest 3455.

CARPETS—Furniture, contents of dwellings, large or small lots; get our bids before selling. Call Forest 5028 or Delmar 3384. Dernehl Bros.

FEATHERS—20,000 pounds of old feathers; pay 30c-45c old ones and 60c-85c new ones. Montaner Co., 2 Cedar, 805. Phone Main 747, 4426 Page bl.; auto service. (c8)

FEATHER BEDS Wtd.—AA1, 1000; we pay highest prices for old and new feathers; delivery matches your order immediately. Sanitary Mfg. Co., 1204-06 High st.; Central 5614L, Olive 4161. (c8)

FURNITURE Wtd.—And feathers; large or small lots. Call 815 N. 20th st. Olive 8090L, Olive 694. (c10)

FURNITURE Wtd.—Badly; spot cash; contents flats, dwellings; get our bids before selling. Circuit Storage Co., 4729 Easton av. Forest 2048, Delmar 694. (6)

FURNITURE Wtd.—I pay highest prices for furniture of all kinds; stoves, ranges and heaters. W. A. Shields, 2609 Lawton; Bomont 1328. (c8)

HEATER Wtd.—Wilson or some other good heater. Call Cabany 4070, 5076 Easton. (c8)

BEST cash prices, contents of flats, residences, large small lots. 2618 Franklin. Bomont Central 2078. (8)

Before Selling Your Furniture

Get our bid; contents of dwellings or small lots. Call Forest 5023 or Delmar 3804.

DENNIS BROS., 4045 St. Louis av. (c8)

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE

COAL RANGE—For sale, 2516 Salisbury.

DAVENPORT—For sale, leather, in splendid condition; also fumed oak library table and rugs. 2122 Shawmut pl. (7)

FURNITURE—For sale; entire furnishings of new 8-room flat at your own price. Call 1440 Warren st., after 6 p. m. (7)

FURNITURE—$2.75 down, $1 per week buys $35 worth of slightly used furniture; special inducements to cash purchasers. 1202 S. Broadway (c8)

IRON BEDS—For sale, complete. 3031 La Salle.

RUGS—For sale, 3, 9x12; hall tree, sideboard, other furniture; sell cheap. 2943 Easton.

RUGS, carpets, all kinds; selling them out; bargains Chicago Carpet Cleaning Co., 3527 Finney ave. (c8)

$10 CASH IS ALL YOU NEED

To buy our classy 3-room outfit at $98, balance in terms to suit; we give Eagle stamps. 1248 S. Broadway. E. E. LEWIS FURNITURE CO.

For Sale—Cash or Charge

We have 14 carloads of samples; 87 lots taken from storage on slightly used terms, together with a full line of new furniture, which we can sell you for almost one-half of the regular price, which puts us in a position to furnish your home from the kitchen to the garret at a very reasonable cost. It will pay you to call and inspect our goods before going elsewhere.

EDW. A. LANGAN FURN. CO., 2004 Morgan st., Bomont 2600, Central 5053. (c8)

BOOKS AND PERIODICALS

BOOKS—All kinds, bought and sold; call or send address to Mills' Book Store, 908 Chestnut st. (c8)

CLOTHING

CLOTHING—Fall and winter suits and overcoats, very cheap; all sizes. 711 N. 6th, 2d floor. Olive 4049, Green's. (c8)

CLOTHING Wtd.—Pay highest prices. See Nessenfeld, 3314 Olive. Bomont 3021, or call at store. (c8)

CLOTHING—3000 suits, overcoats, ship Oklahoma; pay $4 to $15; ladies' dresses also; will call at once. Delmar 805, Forest 761, Gelber, 4426 Page; auto service. (c8)

CLOTHING Wtd.—Cast-off suits, overcoats, pants bought, sold and exchanged; postal or call at store. Yatkeman, 2309 Market st. Central 6741L. (c8)

OVERCOATS—For sale, two gentlemen's finest beautiful overcoats, $10 and $8; dandy heavies; flat, upstairs. 3836 Olive st. (6)

HIGHEST price paid for men's cast-off clothing. Call at store, 3530 Olive st., or phone Lindell 5042. (8)

CLOTHING WANTED QUICK.

For Texas shipment; 5000 castoff men's suits, overcoats, pants, shoes, dresses; pay up to $18; don't sell until you see us. Texas Shipping Co., 3961 Chouteau; Grand 3251; Delmar 50R. (c8)

GOLD AND SILVER

CASH PAID; old gold, silver, platinum, broken jewelry, dentist teeth. Miller's, 1323 Olive st. (c8)

BEST cash price, old gold, silver, platinum, vitreium, records, musical instruments. H. Miller, 3 N. Broadway. Mail or call or send will come. Central 5278, Olive 5471. (8)

DIAMONDS—For old gold and silver, Loftis Bros. & Co., National Credit Jewelers, 2d floor, 108 N. 6th st. Open evenings. (c8)

PATENTS

F. J. LARSON, patent attorney, advice and booklet free. 618 Wainwright Bldg. (c8)

POULTRY AND BIRDS

WANTED

DOGS Wtd.—Not more than day old, for scrafld; short S dog. Mail, wire or direct Crow farm. Box G-210, Post-Dispatch. (7)

SAFES

SAFES—Secondhand, all sizes, all makes; 1000 now for sampling. John Baumann Safe Co., 419-421 St. Charles st. (c8)

SAFES—For sale, largest stock of new and rebuilt safes; prices lowest; expensive repair department; both phones. Home Safe Co., two stores: 1014 Pine and 409 N. 4th. (c8)

SEWING MACHINES

SEWING MACHINE—For sale, new Singer, on very easy payments; we give Eagle stamps. 1248 S. Broadway. (c7)

AUTOMOBILES

Solid agate, 15c line, minimum 2 lines.

FOR HIRE

AUTOMOBILES—For hire, 2 new Fords, $1 per hour. Forest 7440, Delmar 3320R. (c8)

FOR HIRE—1917 Ford; day or night; $1 hour. Lindell or Central 466. (7)

FOR HIRE—Two 1917 Fords, $1 per hour. Delmar 2172L; Forest 7787. (c)

FOR HIRE—Three 1917 Fords, $1 per hour. Forest 7446, Delmar 3317L. (c8)

FOR HIRE—Two 1917 Fords, $1 per hour. Delmar 2172L; Forest 6762W. (c8)

FOR HIRE—Luxurious 1917 limousine; $2 per hour. Forest 7226. (c6)

FOR HIRE—Limousine; 1917 Dodge; $1.50 per hour. Forest 7226. (c)

FOR HIRE—Handsome limousine; good, careful driver; special rates. Forest 5438, Delmar 626. (c)

FOR HIRE—New 7-passenger Hudson; $2 per hour; careful driver. Lindell 76, Central 5740L. (c)

FOR HIRE—Handsome, roomy 7-passenger touring car; owner; $1.75 hour. Colfax 1205M, Delmar 3672R. (c)

FOR HIRE—Two new Ford touring cars; $1 per hour; careful drivers. Bomont 2098. (c7)

FOR HIRE—7-passenger touring car; Cadillac; $2 per hour. Tyler 704, or Tyler 1245R. (6)

FOR HIRE—Fine limousine; $1.50 per hour; weddings a specialty; union chauffeur. Victor 2208K. (c7)

FOR HIRE—1917 Chalmers limousine touring cars, $1.50, $2; Forest 4070; nights, Forest 6284. (c6)

FOR HIRE—Overland, 1916, driven by owner; $1.50 per hour. Call Cabany 2048M. (c4)

DOLLAR AUTO LIVERY CO.

For hire—Ford limousines, touring cars and trucks, with driver, $1 per hour. Central 439; Bomont 412. (c6)

RIDE IN THE BEST.

For hire, 7-passenger Pierce-Arrow touring or limousine, $2 hour. Main 805 or Grand 3035. (c8)

HAMILTON AUTO SERVICE.

Limousines, touring cars, all occasions, day and night; 5857 Delmar. Reasonable rates, experienced drivers. Cabany 80, Delmar 4220. (7)

POPULAR PRICE AUTO LIVERY CO.—$1.50 PER HOUR.

For hire, new limousine and touring cars. Forest 1822, Delmar 549. (7)

WANTED

AUTO TIRES Wtd.—Pay cash. Auto Wrecking Co., 1906 Chestnut. (c8)

AUTO Wtd.—Old model, for cash. 109 N. 22d. Central 2005L. (c7)

TOURING CAR Wtd.—Ford, O. D. tires; cheap; cash. Box G-255, Post-Dis. (c7)

COUPES

COUPE—For sale; 1915, 4-pass., just like new; original tires; must sell at once; cost $2417; will take $650; call Colfax 78, Central 51, ask for Mr. Mehlburger. (c7)

LIMOUSINES

VELIE—For sale, 1913, limousine, electric lights; just out of paint shop; excellent condition; $400 cash. Box G-182, P.-D. (c7)

ROADSTERS

FORD ROADSTER—For sale; late model; must sell; $225. 3069 Olive st. (c6)

FORD—For sale; roadster body; 1917; brand-new; cheap for quick buyer. 1143 S. Broadway. (c7)

NATIONAL SIX—For sale, roadster, at right price. Call at 717 N. 4th st. (7)

ROADSTER—For sale, 4-cylinder, good tires; guaranteed, $100. 109 N. 22d. Central 2005L.

VELIE—For sale; roadster; good tires, demountable rims, powerful motor, fast, electric lights and generator; must sell at once; $250 cash; big bargain. Delmar 1726, Lindell 1686. (7)

TOURING CARS FOR SALE

BUICK—For sale, 1915 touring car, like new; big bargain: Central 9298. (7)

COLE—1915, 4-cyl., 5-pass.; good paint and tires; one new extra tire, $650. Weber Implement and Auto Co., 1900 Locust st. (c7)

FORD—For sale; panel type delivery truck; 1915; as good as new. 1143 S. Broadway. (c7)

FORD—For sale; 1915; touring car; absolutely perfect condition; owner leaving city; $290. Cabany 2316J. (c)

FORD—For sale, 5-passenger; A1 condition, snap for quick sale. 4100 West Pine bl.

FORD—For sale, roadster, and Champion 5-passenger, at a bargain. 5218 N. Broadway. (6)

FORD—For sale, touring; Atwater-Kent ignition; 1-man top; perfect mechanical order; may be seen until 8 a. m. or 4 p. m. and evenings. 4491 West Pine bl.

OLDSMOBILE—For sale, 8-cylinder, in perfect condition; 7 passenger; 1916 car; must sell this; must sell. 5714 Connecticut. (7)

RAMBLER—For sale; 1913, 5-passenger touring car, in excellent condition; a 1 and a; all good tires; $375 takes it. Box A-245, Post-Dispatch. (c6)

STUDEBAKER—Compelled to sell my brand-new touring car, account of financial reverses; part terms. Box Y-46, Post-Dis. (c8)

STUDEBAKER—For sale; "30;" 5-passenger touring; demountable rims; extra tire, electric lights, bargain; $350; terms; bought 6-cylinder. 108 Pine. (c6)

PACKARD "30" TOURING CAR.

Seven-passenger; first-class condition; two sets of tires, covers, good top; will demonstrate; can be seen at 4919 Delmar bl.; ask for Mr. Reed. Phone Forest 2090. (c8)

TRUCKS FOR SALE

FORD—HERCULES DELIVERY BODIES at saving from $10 to $35; built on quality and style. Salesroom, 1148 S. Broadway. (c8)

FORD TRUCK—For sale, suitable for grocer or butcher; first-class condition. 5087 Delmar. (c7)

FORDS—For sale; used cars, at low prices, to induce the sale of the new "Hercules" business bodies; see us for lines and styles. Lewis Auto Service Co., 5067 Delmar. (c8)

MITCHELL—For sale, model T, stake wagon body; good condition, $250. Bulls Mfg. Co., 1122 S. 12th st. (7)

TRUCK—For sale, 4x7; new open body with cab; fine condition throughout; $250. 156 Olive. Dann. (c7)

TRUCK—For sale, 4-ton delivery, for grocer or butcher use; good condition. 109 Lemay Ferry rd. (c6)

AUTOMOBILES—MISCELLANEOUS

CADILLAC—For sale; my 1914; equipped with e. l. and s.; good tires and in fine mechanical order; $700 for quick buy. Box A-175, Post-Dispatch. (c6)

INTERSTATE—For sale, 1912; fine condition from tires to engine; sure bargain; $175 cash. 4156 Olive. Dann. (c7)

MUSICAL

Solid agate, 10c line, minimum 20c.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION

RAGTIME piano playing taught; anyone, 20 lessons; no money in advance; booklet free. Christensen Schools, Odeon Bldg., branch Meramec and Virginia.

TUNING AND REPAIRING

A. BIRDMAN, 3240 Missouri, Victor 2075R. Pianos and players tuned, repaired; reliable; reasonable.

WANTED

CELLO Wtd.—Half size. Edw. A. Storman, Marquette Hotel Cafe, 6 to 8 p. m. (7)

FOR SALE

PIANO—For sale; mahogany case; slightly used. 717 N. Euclid av. (1)

HENNING PLAYER PIANO, mahogany case, $165, including music rolls, bench and scarf. AEOLIAN HALL, 1004 Olive. (c8)

PLAYER-PIANO—For sale, mahogany, 88-note; rolls and bench; will sacrifice for quick sale. 4012 Palm s. (c6)

STUYVESANT UPRIGHT PIANO, in beautiful walnut case, very good condition; tone and action fine; only $120, for immediate sale. $1 a week. AEOLIAN HALL, 1004 Olive st. (c8)

FRANK STELL, BEST PLACE

To buy players; factory man; save you $50 to $150; no interest; easier players are best; none better. 1414-16-18-20 N. 16th st. (c9)

TALKING MACHINES

VICTOR VICTROLAS, used, but good as new, at big reductions; easy payments. AEOLIAN HALL, 1004 Olive st. (c8)

BUSINESS CARDS

Solid agate, 10c line, minimum 20c.

CARPET CLEAN'G—UPHOLST'G

CHICAGO STEAM CARPET CLEANING AND UPHOLSTERING CO., 3529 Finney. Lindell 2030, Delmar 2451. (c8)

LACE CURTAIN CLEANING

LACE curtains cleaned, 25c a pair; work guaranteed. 2228 Hickory st. (7)

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT and our credit terms are right; then why not own that pair of fine diamond rings, stud, scarf pin, la vallière, bracelet, watch, etc.? Loftis Bros. & Co., The National Credit Jewelers, 2d floor, 108 N. 6th st., open evenings. (c8)

TREE TRIMMING—Have your trees trimmed by expert; now is the time. Write a postal to Mr. Wm. F. Mueller, 3907 Sherman pl. (7)

PRINTING AND ADDRESSING

MULTIGRAPH LETTERS, $1.50 per 1000. International Publ. Co., 1911 N. 12th. Tyler 3123W.

MULTIGRAPH LETTERS, $1.45 per 1000; excellent work guaranteed. Ever Ready Letter Co., Delmar 2802L. (4)

STORAGE AND MOVING

CRAWFORD Moving man, $3.50 load; furniture in exchange; ranges connected. Bomont 2610. 2207 Morgan.

SOUTH SIDE Moving and Storage Co., 1901-03 Sidney st. Phone Sidney 235. Kinloch Victor 607.

BRASCHE'S $25,000 bonded warehouse; careful moving; furniture taken in exchange. Bomont Central 2978. (8)

MOVING, by auto truck, by load or contract; storage; fireproof; furniture in exchange. Get our estimate. 1258A Bayard av. Forest 4875W. (c8)

STOVE REPAIRS

REPAIRS—For any "old stove." Forshaw, 111 N. 12th. Central 3491R, Main 2048. (c8)

WALL PAPER CLEANING, ETC.

INTERIOR decorating, paper hanging; work done reasonable; estimates free. J. C. Brownley, 741 Walton. Forest 7287. (c8)

PROFESSIONAL

Solid agate, 10c line, except attorneys, detectives, 15c; toilet articles, 25c; medical, 25c.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

CENTRAL LAW BUREAU, 806 Chestnut; legal matters, all courts; collections; experienced attorneys; advice free. (c8)

LEGAL matters attended to; charges reasonable; experienced lawyer; advice free. 810 Chestnut st., suite 407 (c8)

DANCING

GRAND DANCING ACADEMY—Dancing every night, Saturday and Sunday afternoon; ladies free. 816-817 Market st. (c)

PRIVATE dancing; latest dances guaranteed; 4 private lessons, $3; Lindell 5026R; 4533 Delmar bl.

PRIVATE dancing lessons; 4415 Washington; latest dances, guaranteed in six lessons. Forest 4809. Mrs. Miller. (c8)

DANCING TAUGHT in 4 private lessons at Arcadia Dance Palace, 3817 Olive. We teach thousands. No failures. Lessons afternoons and evenings. Phone Lindell 4888. (c8)

NATIONAL DACING ACADEMY, 21st and Olive. Dancing Thursday, Saturday and Sunday evenings. Lessons every afternoon and evening. (24)

YOU can dance free, to good music, at the Cave Hall, 29th and Olive. Sunday afternoons and every evening except Monday. Instructions Tuesday and Friday evenings. Checking free. Admission, gents 35c, ladies 15c. Ahern & Albers. (c)

DETECTIVES

DETECTIVE—Expert, does shadowing and investigating; references. 616 Victoria Bldg. Phone Bell Olive 3050. (c8)

DETECTIVE—Does shadowing and investigating; locates missing people; absolute secrecy; consultation free. 3078 Finney av.; phone Bell Lindell 5102, Kinloch Delmar 3744X. (8)

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY

DRESSMAKING—Low prices, plain sewing a specialty; work guaranteed. Call at 2340 Russell. (7)

SEAMSTRESS—Wants any kind of sewing, but not children's clothes. Forest 2047. (7)

THEATRICAL

CHORUS GIRLS Wtd.—Musical stock company wants 20 experienced chorus girls; good amateurs also considered; sister teams; also principals. Call all week. 404 Columbia Theater Bldg.

ROOMS AND BOARD

Solid agate, 10c per line, except rooms for rent, rooms and board, first two lines 15c, extra line, 5c; room agencies, 25c line.

SOUTH—South of Chouteau avenue-Forest Park; NORTH—North of Cass-Easton avenues; CENTRAL—Lives to Grand, Chouteau to Cass-Easton; WEST—Grand to city limits, Chouteau avenue-Forest Park to Cass-Easton.

ROOMS FOR RENT—CITY

MISCELLANEOUS

ROOMS—Attractively furnished, single or en suite; modern conveniences; desirable location; private family; Lindell 3206W. (7)

ROOM—Unfurnished, $5; electricity, heat and bath; refined locality; Olive cars convenient. Lindell 6474. (7)

ROOM—Furnished; steam-heated apartment; every convenience; for gentlemen; block from Page on Hodiamont car. Box G-60, Post-Dispatch. (7)

CENTRAL

BELL, 3405—Front connecting rooms, south exposure; housekeeping; gas range; heat; conveniences; also sleeping room. (6)

BELL, 3028—Large front and connecting third-floor rooms, furnished or unfurnished; gas, bath and water; Christians preferred. (7)

BIDDLE, 1426—Three rooms, $7; or 3 rooms, $5. (c90)

CARR, 1733—Two connecting rooms; all conveniences; other rooms.

CHOUTEAU, 1724—Clean, sleeping or housekeeping rooms; bath, laundry; respectable place; cheap.

EASTON, 3108—2 clean furnished housekeeping room, connecting with cook stove. (1)

EASTON, 3082—Neatly furnished rooms; furnace heat; with or without light housekeeping. (7)

LINDELL, 3526—Warm, sunny rooms, electricity, continuous hot water; owner's home, phone; gents only. (3)

LOCUST, 3127—100 clean, modern rooms, 75c day, $3 week; also rooms with private bath. (6)

MORGAN, 3107—Housekeeping rooms; gas for cooking, heat, phone; $2.50 and $3. (7)

MORGAN, 3214—Housekeeping; one extra large room, $2; connecting, $3; steam heat, gas. (1)

MORGAN, 417A—Nice clean rooms, $1.50 per week up; electric lights, hot bath, phone.

WASHINGTON, 2820A—Three unfurnished rooms, with light and gas; $10 month. (7)

WASHINGTON, 2831—Nice single front room, sleeping or housekeeping, $1.50, $1.75; beautifully furnished, clean. (7)

WASHINGTON, 1813—Neatly furnished south front room; sleeping, light housekeeping; walking distance; reasonable. (6)

WASHINGTON, 3946—Nicely furnished second-floor front for 1 or 2 gentlemen; $5 per week; all conveniences. (6)

WASHINGTON, 3825—Large housekeeping room with kitchenette; first floor; furnace heat, all conveniences. (7)

SOUTH

BOTANICAL, 3909A—Neatly furnished room, reasonable; all conveniences; Park, Compton cars. (7)

BROADWAY, 2218 S.—Two front rooms, furnished for light housekeeping; gas, bath.

COMPTON, 2624A S.—Desirable light corner room well furnished; good heat, electricity; Compton cars. (6)

FLAD, 3853A—Elegant, southern-exposed front room; conveniences; for one or two. Grand 3251.

GEYER, 2237—Nicely furnished rooms; private family; with bath; two car lines. (7)

GRAND, 3150 S.—Furnished front room; all conveniences. Sidney 2129W.

GRATTAN, 1304—Nicely furnished light housekeeping rooms; all conveniences; $2 week. (7)

HENRIETTA, 2814—Nicely furnished room; electric lights; convenient to Fourth and Compton cars. Grand 4628W. (1)

HICKORY, 1906—2d-floor front room, for housekeeping; hot bath, gas, electric lights; heat; private locality; Olive cars convenient. Lindell 6474. (7)

ROOM—Furnished; steam-heated apartment; every convenience; for gentlemen; block from Page on Hodiamont car. Box G-60, Post-Dispatch. (7)

CENTRAL

BELL, 3405—Front connecting rooms, south exposure; housekeeping; gas range; heat; conveniences; also sleeping room. (6)

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MORGAN, 417A—Nice clean rooms, $1.50 per week up; electric lights, hot bath, phone.

WASHINGTON, 2820A—Three unfurnished rooms, with light and gas; $10 month. (7)

WASHINGTON, 2831—Nice single front room, sleeping or housekeeping, $1.50, $1.75; beautifully furnished, clean. (7)

WASHINGTON, 1813—Neatly furnished south front room; sleeping, light housekeeping; walking distance; reasonable. (6)

WASHINGTON, 3946—Nicely furnished second-floor front for 1 or 2 gentlemen; $5 per week; all conveniences. (6)

WASHINGTON, 3825—Large housekeeping room with kitchenette; first floor; furnace heat, all conveniences. (7)

SOUTH

BOTANICAL, 3909A—Neatly furnished room, reasonable; all conveniences; Park, Compton cars. (7)

BROADWAY, 2218 S.—Two front rooms, furnished for light housekeeping; gas, bath.

COMPTON, 2624A S.—Desirable light corner room well furnished; good heat, electricity; Compton cars. (6)

FLAD, 3853A—Elegant, southern-exposed front room; conveniences; for one or two. Grand 3251.

GEYER, 2237—Nicely furnished rooms; private family; with bath; two car lines. (7)

GRAND, 3150 S.—Furnished front room; all conveniences. Sidney 2129W.

GRATTAN, 1304—Nicely furnished light housekeeping rooms; all conveniences; $2 week. (7)

HENRIETTA, 2814—Nicely furnished room; electric lights; convenient to Fourth and Compton cars. Grand 4628W. (1)

HICKORY, 1906—2d-floor front room, for housekeeping; hot bath, gas, electric lights; heat; private locality; Olive cars convenient. Lindell 6474. (7)

JUNIATA, 4337—Unfurnished rooms; gas and water; good neighborhood; reasonable. (7)

KENNETT PL., 1831 (1 door from Lafayette Park, east entrance)—Two large furnished rooms, in private family; no other roomers use of parlor and piano; large private bath, with privilege of using kitchen, gas range, etc.; 7 minutes ride to downtown district; large laundry in basement. (7)

KING'S HIGHWAY, 1060 S.—Beautiful front room, modern conveniences; phone, steam heat, electric lights; suitable for 1 or 2 gentlemen; private residence, opposite Forest Park. (7)

LAFAYETTE, 2747—Furnished room in private family; gentleman; reasonable. (1)

LAFAYETTE, 2846A—Nicely furnished, connecting 2-room front rooms; light housekeeping; hot bath. (6)

MISSOURI, 1411—Two front rooms for housekeeping or sleeping; all conveniences; Grand car. (7)

ROOMS, furnished; South Side; nice neighborhood; hot water furnace. Grand 3055R; $20. (7)

RUSSELL, 2745—Rooms; sleeping or light housekeeping; all conveniences. (7)

RUTGER, 2052—4 nice, large rooms; all modern conveniences; reduced to only $12. (7)

RUTGER, 1111—Front housekeeping room; gas, bath, linen, heat, clean. $8. (6)

WEST

CABANNE, 5209—Nicely furnished rooms, hot bath, gas, electricity, phone; all conveniences. (1)

DELMAR BL., 3700—Large, neatly furnished room; electric lights; all conveniences. (7)

DELMAR BL., 4483—Nicely furnished 2d-floor room; also single room; phone; electricity; reasonable.

DELMAR BL., 4013—Large second-story alcove room for light housekeeping; hot water, electricity, phone.

DELMAR BL.—Rooms in apartment; 1 suitable for 2; reasonable, third floor. Cabany 1029J. (7)

DELMAR BL., 4017—1 room furnished complete for housekeeping; also 1 furnished room; private family. (7)

DELMAR BL., 5256A—Nice front room; steam heat, electric light; two persons employed preferred. (7)

EASTON, 4855—Furnished rooms; housekeeping; gas, bath; clean; laundry; $4 weekly.

EUCLID, 1408A AND 1408—3 and 6 room flats; bath, combination fixtures, shades; no furnace; $10 and $21.

GOODFELLOW, 711—Apartment F; attractive single room for lady employed. Cabany 2011W. (6)

KENSINGTON, 5062—Choice furnished front room; private; Hodiamont, Olive cars; all conveniences; gentleman; reasonable. (8)

LACLEDE, 4111A—Furnished front room; steam heat, hot water; gents or couple; kitchen privileges. (7)

McPHERSON, 5945A—Nicely furnished front room; steam heat, electric light; gentlemen; free phones. (7)

McPHERSON, 4046—Neatly furnished rooms; electric lights, phone, hot water; all conveniences; $2 up. (1)

McPHERSON, 4167—Large, southern-exposed, nicely furnished room, upstairs; modern, quiet home; reasonable. (6)

McPHERSON, 4041A—Nicely furnished room; steam heat, hot water; private family, gentleman; $10 month. (7)

McPHERSON, 5044—Elegantly furnished room; heat and hot water continuous; electricity; phone; very reasonable. (7)

MORGAN, 3938—Two front connecting housekeeping rooms; sink, gas range, furnace heat; private family.

NEWSTEAD, 1414 N.—Nicely furnished front room suitable for 1 or 2 gentlemen; all conveniences.

OLIVE, 3758—2 rooms for light housekeeping; steam heat; all conveniences. (1)

PAGE BL., 4513—Fine, furnished room, for one or two; private family; all conveniences. (6)

RAYMOND, 5014—Furnished front room for gentlemen in private family. Forest 3767W. (1)

ROOM—Neatly furnished modern front room for gentleman. Telephone, Delmar 2947R. (7)

ROOM—One large room, with kitchen privileges; all conveniences; bath, electricity; private family. Forest 4883.

ROOMS—Attractive suite; closets, hot-water heat; refined home; persons employed; references. Forest 3022. (6)

ROOMS—Nice 2-room flats, on southeast corner 7th and Rutger; nicely decorated and clean; only $6 per month. Keys at corner saloon.

VON VERSEN, 5143—Bright, cheerful room, connecting with sleeping porch; modern conveniences. (6)

WASHINGTON BL., 3826—Rooms; steam heat and electric light; bath; phones. (7)

WASHINGTON BL., 3818—Elegantly furnished rooms; all conveniences; free Bell phone; investigate. (7)

WASHINGTON BL., 4128—Neatly furnished front room; 1 housekeeping, with kitchenette; reasonable; phone. (7)

WASHINGTON BL., 4100—Beautiful south front room; homelike; modern; 3 car lines; reasonable. (7)

WASHINGTON BL., 4519—Large front room; separate beds, hot-water heat, continuous hot water. (1)

WASHINGTON BL., 3713—Large front room; hot-water heat, electricity, free telephone, single beds; board. (7)

WASHINGTON BL., 3713—Large rooms for housekeeping; electricity, hot-water heat, phone. (7)

WESTMINSTER PL., 3856—Nicely furnished room; electric light, heat; 3d floor; $2 week. (7)

WESTMINSTER PL., 3942A—2 rooms; steam heat, excellent table board. Bell phone, Lindell 3450. (7)

WEST END, 1508 (4800 Page)—Furnished and unfurnished, warm, front, housekeeping rooms; electricity, hot bath.

ROOMS FOR RENT—WEST

WEST PINE BL., 3837—Large parlor; $4 week; hall room, $1; steam heat. (7)

WEST PINE BL., 4124—Well-furnished room; hot-water heat, good meals; $10 a week for two. (1)

WEST PINE BL., 4101—One small room; housekeeping if desired; also connecting housekeeping rooms; reasonable.

WEST PINE BL., 3805—Southern exposed rooms; completely furnished for housekeeping; 3 sleeping rooms; conveniences. (7)

WEST PINE BL., 3804—Large single room; gentleman; modern apartment; private family; board optional. (7)

WHITTIER, 3601A N.—Unfurnished rooms; steam heat, electric lights, stationary washstand; two toilets.

WINDSOR PL., 3635—Modern, furnished rooms; one block north and high school; 8 car lines. (1)

WINDSOR PL., 3723—Rooms, furnished or unfurnished; light housekeeping; all conveniences. Phone Lindell 4775W.

NORTH

DODIER, 3826—Two front rooms for housekeeping; nicely furnished; conveniences; $4 week. (6)

ELEVENTH, 2614 N.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping or gentlemen; side $1.50; front $2. (6)

EUCLID, 1614 N.—One nicely furnished large front room, use of kitchen. (7)

NEWSTEAD, 2906 N.—Furnished rooms; 50c day; small room, $1.50; light housekeeping rooms; laundry; conveniences. (7)

PALM, 3606—Furnished front room and housekeeping, with kitchenette; heat; gas furnished; $3, $3.50. (91)

RED BUD, 4548—Elegant furnished room; hot-water heat; all conveniences.

ST. LOUIS, 4602—Warm, clean; for light housekeeping if desired. (7)

ST. LOUIS, 4823—Furnished rooms; 50c day; small room, $1.50; light housekeeping rooms; phone. (7)

THEODOSIA, 5634—Two completely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; front. (7)

ROOMS WITH BOARD—CITY

MISCELLANEOUS

CHILDREN TO BOARD Wtd.—Good home, best of care. 4002 St. Louis. (7)

ROOM AND BOARD—Nicely furnished rooms with board; owner's home; modern conveniences; gentlemen preferred; references. Lindell 1539.

CENTRAL

CASS, 2208—Warm room for gents; board optional; or light housekeeping; small room, $1.50; private. (6)

WASHINGTON, 3535—Extra large room, with board, for two or three; also single room. (7)

WASHINGTON, 2333—Large and small furnished rooms; electric lights, phone, hot water; board optional. (6)

SOUTH

DE TONTY, 3908—We want 3 gentlemen to room and have breakfast with us. We are a young couple; have no other boarders; nice new flat, with phone; convenient to Park and Grand cars. (1)

HARTFORD, 3510A—Front room; hot-water heat, electricity, hot bath; meals optional; Tower Grove, Grand and Fourth st. cars; quiet place. (7)

MISSISSIPPI, 1535—Rooms with board; hot-water heat; home cooking; $5 a week; hot bath.

PARK, 3130—Rooms with board, $4.50 per week. (6)

SHENANDOAH, 3954—Nicely furnished room; excellent table; all conveniences; private family. (7)

WYOMING, 4057—Neatest room and furniture on the South Side; good car service; home cooking; terms include washing; will pay to investigate. Grand 4775W.

WEST

CABANNE, 5025-5029—Beautiful, southern exposed rooms, hot water heat, running water, parlor, piano, phone; good table; reasonable. Forest 3022. (6)

CATES, 5157—Furnished rooms with board; twin beds; steam heat. Forest 7664W.

CATES, 5881—Nice, southern exposed front room; all conveniences; with board. Cabany 4343J. (7)

CHAMBERLAIN, 5606—Fine front room; 2d floor; board; $5.50 and $6; hot water. Cabany 1191R. (6)

DELMAR BL., 3940—Room and board $15 per month; 2d floor front and others.

DELMAR BL., 4367—Large enough for 3; all conveniences, good meals, reasonable; also other rooms. (7)

DELMAR BL., 5056A—Nicely furnished room; excellent meals; continuous hot water; private family. Forest 3113J.

DELMAR BL., 5130—Attractive front room for two; excellent meals; hot water; For-est 6973J.

DELMAR BL., 5084A—Single room; all conveniences; for gentleman or lady employed. (7)

LACLEDE, 3733—Beautifully furnished room, electric lights; hot water; first-class table. (7)

McPHERSON, 4246—Nicely furnished, small room, with or without board; private family. (7)

McPHERS

IT'S ALL WRONG, EZRA, IT'S ALL WRONG—BY GOLDBERG.

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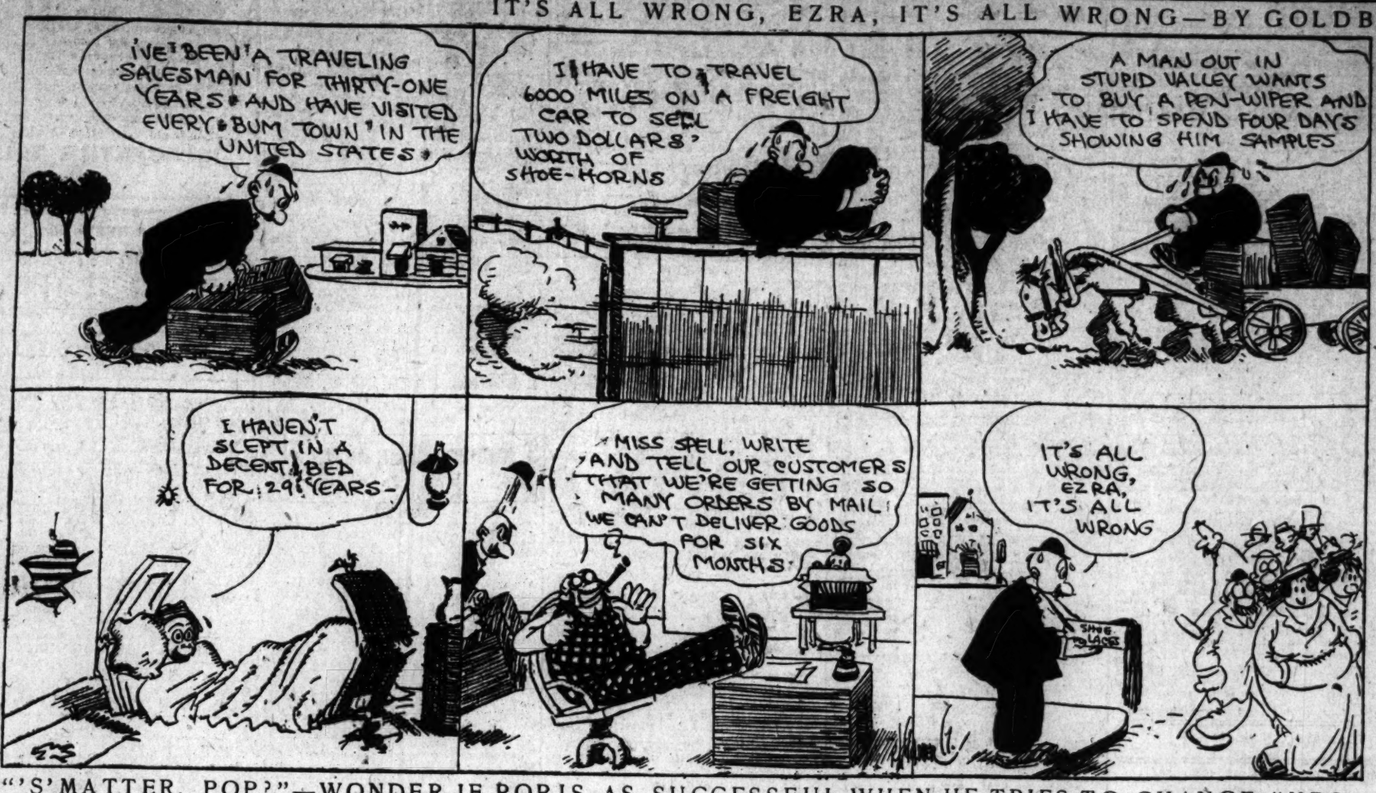
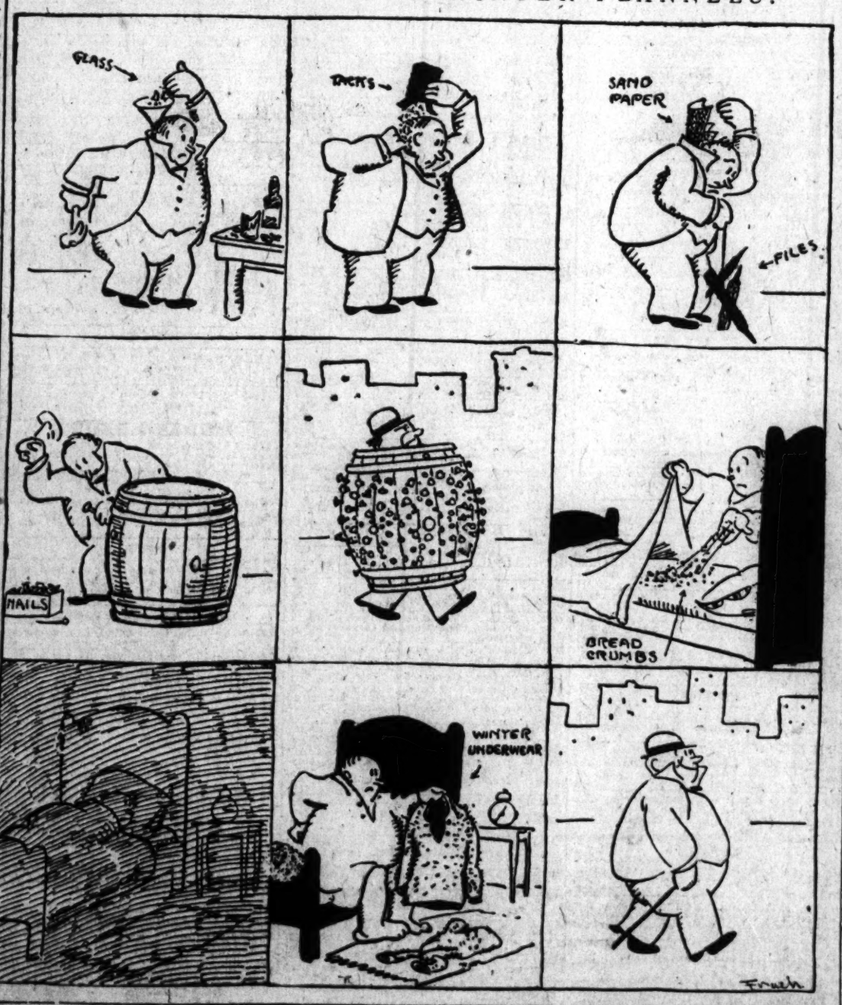


"'S'MATTER, POP?"—WONDER IF POP IS AS SUCCESSFUL WHEN HE TRIES TO CHANGE "MRS. POP'S" MIND FOR HER?—BY C. M. PAYNE

TRAINING TO WEAR WINTER FLANNELS.



The Post-Dispatch Daily Short Story

The Heart of a Burglar

By Jane Dahl.

NOISELESSLY the burglar drew his great bulk through the window, deposited his kit of tools on the floor and lowered the sash behind him. Then he stopped to listen. No sound broke the midnight stillness. Stealthily he flashed his lantern around the room in search of objects of value. His quick ear caught the sound of a door opening and hurried footsteps in the upper hall. Instantly he adjusted a black mask and sprang behind an open door. Pistol in hand, every faculty alert, he waited. He heard the soft thud of bare feet on the padded stairs, then labored breathing near by.

As the electric light was switched on, brilliantly illuminating the room, he gripped his revolver and stepped from behind the door.

"Hands up!" he cried in a hoarse whisper. Then he fell back with a short, raucous laugh. He was pointing the revolver at a frightened little mite of a girl shivering before him in her thin white nightgown. The small, terrified face touched him strangely, and, placing his pistol in his pocket he said, not unkindly:

"There, little girl, don't be so scared—I'm not going to hurt you. Just you be real still so as not to disturb the others until I get through and get away, and you shan't be hurt."

The child looked at him much as she would an obstacle in her path, and attempted to rush past him. He grabbed her and held her tight.

"You little vixen!" he exclaimed. "Didn't I tell you to keep still?"

"But I've got to telephone," gasped the child, struggling to free herself. "Just let me telephone and then you can do what you like with me—but I can't wait—I've got to telephone right away." And she made another effort to reach the telephone on the wall.

Again the burglar laughed. "It's very likely I'll let you telephone for the police. No missy, you can't work that on me. I guess I'll have to tie and gag you, after all."

FRESH terror found its way into the child's face and for the first time the burglar realized that he was not the cause of it. She was not afraid of him. She fought and scratched him like a young tigress, striving to free herself, and when she realized how powerless she was in his strong arms she burst into tears.

"Oh! My brother is dying!" she cried, "and I want to telephone the doctor. He has convulsions and mamma doesn't know what to do—and you won't let me telephone the doctor!"

"Call the doctor, quick," he said, placing the child on the chair in front of the telephone. "What room are they in?"

"End of the hall, upstairs," responded the child, with the receiver already off the hook.

In three bounds the burglar was up the steps. He made for the light which shone through a half-open door down the hall, striving to formulate some explanation to offer the mother for his presence in the house. When he gently pushed open the door he saw that none was needed—the woman before him was oblivious to all the world. Disheveled and distracted, she sat rocking to and fro, clutching to her breast the twitching body of a wee boy. Piteously she begged him not to die—not to leave his poor mummy.

Quietly the burglar came to her side and gently loosened her clasp.

"Give me the baby," he said in a low voice. "He will be better on the bed."

Dumbly, with unseeing eyes, she looked at him, and surrendered the child.

"He is dying," she moaned—"dying—oh, my little, little man!"

"No, he's not," said the burglar. But as he looked at the wide-open, glassy eyes and blue, pinched face of the child he had little faith in his own words.

HE placed the baby upon the bed, and, turning to the mother, said in an authoritative voice:

"You must brace up now and save your child—do you understand? I can save him, but you must help me, and we must be quick—quick, do you understand?"

A glimmer of comprehension seemed to penetrate her palsied brain. "Yes, yes!" she said. "What shall I do?"

"Heat a kettle of water, quick. Bring in his bath tub—and bring some mustard, too. Hurry."

Impatiently the mother was off before the last "hurry" was hurled at her. Now that a ray of hope was offered and something definite to do, she was all action.

Reverently the burglar removed the baby's night robe, and covering the little body with a blanket, he rubbed the legs and arms and back with his huge hands—very, very gently, for fear their roughness would irritate the delicate skin.

In a short time the mother was back with the hot mustard bath. Together they placed the baby in the tub. His little body relaxed—the glassy eyes closed—he breathed regularly—he was asleep.

"Thank God!" breathed the burglar, fervently, though awkwardly, as though such words were strange to his lips.

"He is sleeping!" cried the mother rapturously. "He will live!"

As the mother was drying the little body with soft towels the burglar said brokenly:

"I had a little boy once—about his size—two years old. He died in convulsions, because his mother didn't know what to do and the doctor didn't get there in time."

A sob of ready sympathy came from the heart of the woman.

"And his poor mother?" she asked. "Where is she?"

"She soon followed—she seemed to think the little fellow would need her over there," he replied in a tear-choked voice.

Half ashamed, he ran his sleeve across his eyes to remove the moisture there. The woman's tears splashed on the quietly sleeping infant in her lap.

Both were startled by the clamorous ringing of the doorbell.

"The doctor!" cried the man, suddenly brought to a realization of his position.

The woman looked at him, and for the first time she really saw him; for the first time the strangeness of an unknown man in the house in the middle of the night was apparent to her. From his face her glance wandered to the chair where the burglar had thrown his mask and tools.

"Yes," he said, answering her look, "I'm a burglar. I heard your husband was out of town, and I came to rob you. You can call the police, now."

"No," the woman interrupted. "Go into the next room and wait until the doctor leaves. I want to help you to a better way of living than this, if I can."

After the doctor had departed the woman went into the next room. The burglar was not there. Going downstairs she found the drawers ransacked and all her valuables gone. On the table was a scrap of paper. On it was written:

"Thank you, madame, for your offer, but I'm used to this life now and don't want to change."

The woman thought of the sleeping baby upstairs, and a tender smile came to her lips. That robbery was not reported to the police.

(Copyright, Life Pub. Co.)

Wanted, a Disguise.

I WAS preparing to shave a chap the other afternoon," says a head barber. "I had trimmed his hair, and from such talk as I had had with him, I judged him to be an easy-going, unexcitable sort of fellow. But suddenly his manner changed. Out of the corner of his eye he had seen a man enter whose appearance upset him.

"'Hurry, George!' he muttered to me. 'Lather to the eyes—quick—quick!—here comes my tailor!'"

"I hope you will come out ahead, Bobbie. What are you being examined at this time of the school year for?"

"For adenoids."

The Sandman Story for To-night

BY MRS. D. K. WALKER

The Story of Margaret.

MARGARET'S father was a sailor, and when she was a very little girl, so little, in fact, that she could not remember him, her father went to sea. And when Margaret was old enough her mother used to tell her that her father was on the deep, big, blue sea on a big ship, and that some day he would come home to them and they would go to meet him down by the water.

But the months passed and he did not come, and then a year and no word from him, and then another year, and people said the ship on which Margaret's father sailed away had been lost at sea.

Margaret's mother watched and prayed, but after another year she grew sick and sad with the waiting and died and left little Margaret all alone. Old Granny Moore, who lived near Margaret's little house, said she would give the child a home, and look out for her as long as she lived, but she was an old woman and could not expect to live much longer.

So Margaret went to live with Granny Moore, but each day she went down to the shore and looked out across the water, as her mother had done, to look for the ship that might bring her father home to her.

Margaret was 6 years old when one day old Granny Moore took sick and Margaret heard the neighbors say that she was going to die, and they wondered what would become of Margaret.

So, without saying a word to anyone, and no one was noticing the child, as all attention was given to Granny Moore, Margaret put on her sunbonnet and put some cookies in a little basket.

Then she went down to the shore and got into a boat that was tied to the wharf.

It was easy for Margaret to untie the knot, for she had watched the fishermen many times untie their boats, and by and by the boat began to go out with the tide.

On and on went the boat until Margaret was out of sight of land, but this did not frighten Margaret a bit. She knew she would find her father on the big, deep, blue sea and she was going to him. Why should she be afraid?

Night came on, but the sea was calm, and Margaret grew sleepy, so she ate her cookies and then curled up in the bottom of the boat and went to sleep. She had no thought of being afraid, for she knew it was a long way to the big, deep, blue sea and that it would take a long time to get there.

Early the next morning, before the sun had even peeped over the edge of the earth, a sailor on a big ship saw a tiny speck floating on the water, and when he looked through his spyglass he was surprised to see a boat drifting toward his ship.

All the sailors on the ship watched to see the boat when it came near, and one suddenly exclaimed: "There is a child in that boat. I can see its head and hand, but I am afraid it is dead."

So the sailors took one of their lifeboats and rowed to the boat where Margaret was sleeping.

When the sailors came near their voices woke her up and she sat up and rubbed her eyes, not knowing where she was at first.

But when she saw the boat and the sailors she remembered, and the first thing she asked when they came alongside her boat was: "Where is my papa?"

"Bless the child," said one sailor, "she isn't a bit frightened. Where did you come from, lass?"

"I came from Granny Moore's, but she is sick, and I have no place to go, so I came out here to look for my father. He is on the big, deep, blue sea. Mother said he was."

"Poor baby," said one; "her father is a sailor and she is looking for him. Let us give her some breakfast the first thing. She is cold, and she must be hungry, too."

While she was eating breakfast, one of the sailors, who seemed more interested than the others in Margaret, saw a chain around her neck and drew it out of her dress.

At the sight of the locket on the chain he breathed hard and his fingers trembled as he opened it.

He looked at the picture in the locket and then he did what strong men seldom do—he fainted.

The picture was of Margaret's father when he was a young man, and the sailor who had looked at it was the picture of himself when he had first met Margaret's mother.

And so Margaret found her father on the big, deep, blue sea just as she had expected to do. She was the only one who did not think it strange, for hadn't her mother told her that was where he was?

When they reached home they found old Granny Moore better, and no one had dared to tell her of Margaret's disappearance.

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Bits From Everywhere.

A newspaper writer talks about "paying debts with money." The creditor will never object to that method.

* * *

"So sorry to hear of your motor accident." "Oh, it's nothing, thanks. I expect to live through many more." "Oh, but I hope not!"

* * *

"So you think we were made for each other, do you?" she said. "Yes," he replied. "I'm heavily in debt and you've got all kinds of money."

* * *

"Do you mean to say that your daughter hasn't told you she was engaged to me?" "Yes, I told her not to bother me with those affairs unless she intended to get married."

* * *

Visitor in Courtroom: What is this lawsuit about? Stranger: The creditors of George Bump, bankrupt, are suing his trustee in bankruptcy. Visitor in Courtroom: Are you interested in the case? Stranger: Not in the slightest. I'm George Bump.

Savage Hunger

MARY and Tommy had been to hear a missionary talk at Sunday school.

"Did he tell you about the poor heathen?" father inquired at the dinner table.

"Yes, sir," answered Mary. "He said that they were often hungry, and when they beat on their tumtums it could be heard for miles."

May Use Them Yet.

GADSBY has always wanted to live in a cottage by the sea. That's the dream of his life."

"And I presume fate has doomed him to end his days in a flat?"

"Yes. But Gadsby is an optimistic fellow. He still clings to the marine glasses he bought years ago."

PAT a cake, pat a cake, baker man,
Bake me a loaf as light as you can.
Label it plainly "Twelve Ounces" and then
Sell it to me, though it only weighs ten.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS That Mean the Most

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No Alum—No Phosphate

"CHILDREN" COLLECT THESE CLOTHES HANGERS FOR US
$45 IN PRIZES

WE WILL ALSO PAY 1c EACH FOR EVERY HANGER BROUGHT US.

Every family has a lot of the wooden hangers that come back with clothes from the cleaners.
Go to all the people in your neighborhood and ask them to give you the hangers they have.
Then bring them to us, and we will pay you 1c each for them, and also enter you in our prize contest.
FIRST PRIZE—$25 to the boy or girl bringing us the largest number of hangers by December 30, 1914.
SECOND PRIZE—$15 for the second largest number.
THIRD PRIZE—$5 for the third largest number.
Keep this in mind—
We will accept any clothes hangers that are clean, in good condition, have a bar across like the picture above, and are made of all wood except the hook.

Enter This Contest Now

Bring all clothes hangers to 3407 Olive St., between 4 and 6 o'clock any day except Sunday.

MORGENS BROS. CLEANING & DYEING CO.